



Kansas Department for Aging and Disability Services

Statutes and Regulations for the Licensure and Operation
of
Nursing Facilities for Mental Health

Survey and Certification Commission

Kansas

Statutes

Annotated

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39-923

Chapter 39--MENTALLY ILL, INCAPACITATED AND DEPENDENT PERSONS; SOCIAL WELFARE Article 9.--ADULT CARE HOMES

39-923. Definitions. (a) As used in this act:

(1) "Adult care home" means any nursing facility, nursing facility for mental health, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, assisted living facility, residential health care facility, home plus, boarding care home and adult day care facility, all of which are classifications of adult care homes and are required to be licensed by the secretary of aging.

(2) "Nursing facility" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week, caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairments, need skilled nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations.

(3) "Nursing facility for mental health" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairments, need skilled nursing care and special mental health services to compensate for activities of daily living limitations.

(4) "Intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairments caused by mental retardation or related conditions need services to compensate for activities of daily living limitations.

(5) "Assisted living facility" means any place or facility caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator, operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, by choice or due to functional impairments, may need personal care and may need supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations and in which the place or facility includes apartments for residents and provides or coordinates a range of services including personal care or supervised nursing care available 24 hours a day, seven days a week for the support of resident independence. The provision of skilled nursing procedures to a resident in an assisted living facility is not prohibited by this act. Generally, the skilled services provided in an assisted living facility shall be provided on an intermittent or limited term basis, or if limited in scope, a regular basis.

(6) "Residential health care facility" means any place or facility, or a contiguous portion of a place or facility, caring for six or more individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the administrator, operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, by choice or due to functional impairments, may need personal care and may need supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations and in which the place or facility includes individual living units and provides or coordinates personal care or supervised nursing care available on a 24-hour, seven-days-a-week basis for the support of resident independence. The provision of skilled nursing procedures to a resident in a residential health care facility is not prohibited by this act. Generally, the skilled services provided in a residential health care facility shall be provided on an intermittent or limited term basis, or if limited in scope, a regular basis.

(7) "Home plus" means any residence or facility caring for not more than 12 individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the operator or owner by blood or marriage unless the resident in need of care is approved for placement by the secretary of the department of social and rehabilitation services, and who, due to functional impairment, needs personal care and may need supervised nursing care to compensate for activities of daily living limitations. The level of care provided residents shall be

determined by preparation of the staff and rules and regulations developed by the department on aging. An adult care home may convert a portion of one wing of the facility to a not less than five-bed and not more than twelve-bed home plus facility provided that the home plus facility remains separate from the adult care home, and each facility must remain contiguous. Any home plus that provides care for more than eight individuals after the effective date of this act shall adjust staffing personnel and resources as necessary to meet residents' needs in order to maintain the current level of nursing care standards. Personnel of any home plus who provide services for residents with dementia shall be required to take annual dementia care training.

(8) "Boarding care home" means any place or facility operating 24 hours a day, seven days a week, caring for not more than 10 individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairment, need supervision of activities of daily living but who are ambulatory and essentially capable of managing their own care and affairs.

(9) "Adult day care" means any place or facility operating less than 24 hours a day caring for individuals not related within the third degree of relationship to the operator or owner by blood or marriage and who, due to functional impairment need supervision of or assistance with activities of daily living.

(10) "Place or facility" means a building or any one or more complete floors of a building, or any one or more complete wings of a building, or any one or more complete wings and one or more complete floors of a building, and the term "place or facility" may include multiple buildings.

(11) "Skilled nursing care" means services performed by or under the immediate supervision of a registered professional nurse and additional licensed nursing personnel. Skilled nursing includes administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a licensed physician or dentist; and other nursing functions which require substantial nursing judgment and skill based on the knowledge and application of scientific principles.

(12) "Supervised nursing care" means services provided by or under the guidance of a licensed nurse with initial direction for nursing procedures and periodic inspection of the actual act of accomplishing the procedures; administration of medications and treatments as prescribed by a licensed physician or dentist and assistance of residents with the performance of activities of daily living.

(13) "Resident" means all individuals kept, cared for, treated, boarded or otherwise accommodated in any adult care home.

(14) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association or joint-stock association, and the legal successor thereof.

(15) "Operate an adult care home" means to own, lease, establish, maintain, conduct the affairs of or manage an adult care home, except that for the purposes of this definition the word "own" and the word "lease" shall not include hospital districts, cities and counties which hold title to an adult care home purchased or constructed through the sale of bonds.

(16) "Licensing agency" means the secretary of aging.

(17) "Skilled nursing home" means a nursing facility.

(18) "Intermediate nursing care home" means a nursing facility.

(19) "Apartment" means a private unit which includes, but is not limited to, a toilet room with bathing facilities, a kitchen, sleeping, living and storage area and a lockable door.

(20) "Individual living unit" means a private unit which includes, but is not limited to, a toilet room with bathing facilities, sleeping, living and storage area and a lockable door.

(21) "Operator" means an individual who operates an assisted living facility or residential health care facility with fewer than 61 residents, a home plus or adult day care facility and has completed a course approved by the secretary of health and environment on principles of assisted living and has successfully passed an examination approved by the secretary of health and environment on principles of assisted living and such other requirements as may be established by the secretary of health and environment by rules and regulations.

(22) "Activities of daily living" means those personal, functional activities required by an individual for continued well-being, including but not limited to eating, nutrition, dressing, personal hygiene, mobility, toileting.

(23) "Personal care" means care provided by staff to assist an individual with, or to perform activities of daily living.

(24) "Functional impairment" means an individual has experienced a decline in physical, mental and psychosocial well-being and as a result, is unable to compensate for the effects of the decline.

(25) "Kitchen" means a food preparation area that includes a sink, refrigerator and a microwave oven or stove.

(26) The term "intermediate personal care home" for purposes of those individuals applying for or receiving veterans' benefits means residential health care facility.

(27) "Paid nutrition assistant" means an individual who is paid to feed residents of an adult care home, or who is used under an arrangement with another agency or organization, who is trained by a person meeting nurse aide instructor qualifications as prescribed by 42 C.F.R. 483.152, 42 C.F.R. 483.160 and paragraph (h) of 42 C.F.R. 483.35, and who provides such assistance under the supervision of a registered professional or licensed practical nurse.

(b) The term "adult care home" shall not include institutions operated by federal or state governments, except institutions operated by the Kansas commission on veterans affairs, hospitals or institutions for the treatment and care of psychiatric patients, child care facilities, maternity centers, hotels, offices of physicians or hospices which are certified to participate in the medicare program under 42 code of federal regulations, chapter IV, section 418.1 *et seq.* and amendments thereto and which provide services only to hospice patients.

(c) nursing facilities in existence on the effective date of this act changing licensure categories to become residential health care facilities shall be required to provide private bathing facilities in a minimum of 20% of the individual living units.

(d) facilities licensed under the adult care home licensure act on the day immediately preceding the effective date of this act shall continue to be licensed facilities until the annual renewal date of such license and may renew such license in the appropriate licensure category under the adult care home licensure act subject to the payment of fees and other conditions and limitations of such act.

(e) nursing facilities with less than 60 beds converting a portion of the facility to residential health care shall have the option of licensing for residential health care for less than six individuals but not less than 10% of the total bed count within a contiguous portion of the facility.

(f) the licensing agency may by rule and regulation change the name of the different classes of homes when necessary to avoid confusion in terminology and the agency may further amend, substitute, change and in a manner consistent with the definitions established in this section, further define and identify the specific acts and services which shall fall within the respective categories of facilities so long as the above categories for adult care homes are used as guidelines to define and identify the specific acts.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 1; L. 1967, ch. 246, § 1; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 1; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 39; L. 1978, ch. 161, § 11; L. 1982, ch. 189, § 1; L. 1983, ch. 146, § 1; L. 1992, ch. 322, § 7; L. 1994, ch. 6, § 2; L. 1994, ch. 279, § 2; L. 1995, ch. 143, § 1; L. 1998, ch. 200, § 3; L. 2002, ch. 197, § 7; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 2; L. 2004, ch. 146, § 3; L. 2011, ch. 62, § 1.

39-924. Purpose of act. The purpose of this act is the development, establishment, and enforcement of standards (1) for the care, treatment, health, safety, welfare and comfort of individuals in adult care homes licensed by the secretary of aging and (2) for the construction, general hygiene, maintenance and operation of said adult care homes, which, in the light of advancing knowledge, will promote safe and adequate accommodation, care and treatment of such individuals in adult care homes.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 2; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 2; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 40; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 3; July 1.

39-925. Administration of act; transfer of administration to secretary of aging; appointment of officer to administer the act; contracts. (a) The administration of the adult care home licensure act is hereby transferred from the secretary of health and environment to the secretary of aging, except as otherwise provided by this act. On the effective date of this act, the administration of the adult care home licensure act shall be under authority of the secretary of aging as the licensing agency in conjunction with the state fire marshal, and shall have the assistance of the county, city-county or multicounty health departments, local fire and safety authorities and other agencies of government in this state. The secretary of aging shall appoint an officer to administer the adult care home licensure act and such officer shall be in the unclassified service under the Kansas civil service act.

(b) The secretary of aging shall be a continuation of the secretary of health and environment as to the programs transferred and shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties and functions of the secretary of health and environment for such programs, except as otherwise provided by this act. On and after the effective date of this act, for each of the programs transferred, every act performed in the exercise of such powers, duties and functions by or under the authority of the secretary of aging shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as if performed by the secretary of health and environment in whom such powers were vested prior to the effective date of this act.

(c)(1) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, which pertains to any of the transferred adult care home survey, certification and licensing programs, and reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, which is lawfully commenced, or could have been commenced, by or against the secretary of health and environment in such secretary's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of such secretary's official duties, shall abate by reason of the transfer of such programs. The secretary of aging shall be named or substituted as the defendant in place of the secretary of health and environment in any suit, action or other proceeding involving claims arising from facts or events first occurring either on or before the effective date of this act or thereafter.

(2) no suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, pertaining to the adult care home survey, certification and licensing programs or to the reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents which otherwise would have been dismissed or concluded shall continue to exist by reason of any transfer under this act.

(3) no criminal action commenced or which could have been commenced by the state shall abate by the taking effect of this act.

(4) any final appeal decision of the department of health and environment entered pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq., and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 39-1401 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the Kansas judicial review act, K.S.A. 77-601 et seq., and amendments thereto, currently pertaining to adult care home certification, survey and licensing or reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, transferred pursuant to this act shall be binding upon and applicable to the secretary of aging and the department on aging.

(5) all orders and directives under the adult care home licensure act by the secretary of health and environment in existence immediately prior to the effective date of the transfer of powers, duties and functions by this act, shall continue in force and effect and shall be deemed to be duly issued orders, and directives of the secretary of aging, until reissued, amended or nullified pursuant to law.

(d)(1) All rules and regulations of the department of health and environment adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq., and amendments thereto, and in effect on the effective date of this act, which promote the safe, proper and adequate treatment and care of individuals in adult care homes, except those specified in subsection (d)(2) of this section, shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be rules and regulations of the secretary of aging, until revised, amended, revoked or nullified by the secretary of aging, or otherwise, pursuant to law.

(2) the following rules and regulations of the department of health and environment adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq., and amendments thereto, and in effect on the effective date of this act, shall remain the rules and regulations of the secretary of health and environment: K.A.R. 28-39-164 through 28-39-174.

(e) All contracts shall be made in the name of "secretary of aging" and in that name the secretary of aging may sue and be sued on such contracts. The grant of authority under this subsection shall not be construed to be a waiver of any rights retained by the state under the 11th amendment to the United States constitution and shall be subject to and shall not supersede the provisions of any appropriation act of this state.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 3; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 41; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 10; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 4; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 59; July 1.

39-926. License required to operate home; compliance with regulations. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons acting jointly or severally to operate an adult care home within this state except upon license first had and obtained for that purpose from the secretary of aging as the licensing agency upon application made therefor as provided in this act, and compliance with the requirements, standards, rules and regulations, promulgated under its provisions.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 4; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 3; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 42; L. 1978, ch. 162, § 11; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 5; July 1.

39-926a. Limitation on number of persons licensed to operate adult care home; application of section; section supplemental to adult care home licensure act. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no more than three different persons shall be licensed to operate any one adult care home under the adult care home licensure act, and no license to operate any one adult care home shall be issued under that act to more than three different persons. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any license to operate an adult care home which is in effect on the effective date of this act and which is issued to more than three different persons, or the renewal of any such license, unless subsequent to the effective date of this act three or fewer persons operate the adult care home or the license to operate the adult care home is denied or revoked.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1983, ch. 141, § 1; April 21.

39-927. Application for license; contents; application for license to operate new intermediate nursing care home for the mentally retarded; limitations. An application for a license to operate an adult care home shall be made in writing to the licensing agency upon forms provided by it and shall be in such form and shall contain such information as the licensing agency shall require, which may include affirmative evidence of the applicant's ability to comply with such reasonable standards and rules and regulations as are adopted under the provisions of this act. The application shall be signed by the person or persons seeking to operate an adult care home, as specified by the licensing agency, or by a duly authorized agent of any person so specified. Any nonprofit corporation operating a nursing facility for the mentally retarded which, on the effective date of this act, includes more than one residential building located on one site or on contiguous sites may apply for a license to operate a new nursing facility for the mentally retarded which includes more than one residential building located on one site or on contiguous sites and may apply for one license for each residential building located on the new site, except that total resident population at any such location shall not exceed 75 residents.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 5; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 4; L. 1976, ch. 280, § 21; L. 1982, ch. 189, § 2; L. 1985, ch. 150, § 1; L. 1992, ch. 322, § 9; June 4.

39-928. Issuance of license, when; inspections and investigations; reports; time license effective; nontransferable; display; contents of license. Upon receipt of an application for license, the licensing agency with the approval of the state fire marshal shall issue a license if the applicant is fit and qualified and if the adult care home facilities meet the requirements established under this law. The licensing agency, the state fire marshal, and the county, city-county or multicounty health departments or their designated representatives shall make such inspections and investigations as are necessary to determine the conditions existing in each case and a written report of such inspections and investigations and the

recommendations of the state fire marshal and the county, city-county or multicounty health department or their authorized agents shall be filed with the licensing agency. The licensing agency and the state fire marshal may designate and use county, city-county or multicounty health departments and local fire and safety authorities as their agents in making such inspections and investigations as are deemed necessary or advisable. Such local authorities are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to perform such duties as are designated. A copy of any inspection reports required by this section shall be furnished to the applicant.

A license, unless sooner suspended or revoked, shall remain in effect upon filing by the licensee, and approval by the licensing agency and the state fire marshal or their duly authorized agents, of an annual report upon such uniform dates and containing such information in such form as the licensing agency prescribes and payment of an annual fee. Each license shall be issued only for the premises and persons named in the application and shall not be transferable or assignable. It shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the adult care home. If the annual report is not so filed and annual fee is not paid, such license is automatically canceled. Any license granted under the provisions of this act shall state the type of facility for which license is granted, number of residents for which granted, the person or persons to whom granted, the date and such additional information and special limitations as are deemed advisable by the licensing agency.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 6; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 5; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 11; L. 1989, ch. 126, § 1; July 1.

39-929. Provisional license, approval; terms; extension. A provisional license may be issued to any adult care home, the facilities of which are temporarily unable to conform to all the standards, requirements, rules and regulations established under the provisions of this act: *Provided, however,* that the issuance of such provisional license shall be approved by the state fire marshal. A provisional license may be issued to provide time to make necessary corrections for not more than six (6) months. One additional successive six-month provisional license may be granted at the discretion of the licensing agency. A change of ownership during the provisional licensing period will not extend the time for the requirements to be met that were the basis for the provisional license nor entitle the new owner to an additional provisional license.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 7; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 6; July 1.

39-930. License fee; disposition. (a) The fee for license to operate an adult care home shall be a base amount plus an additional amount for each bed of such home which shall be paid to the secretary of aging before the license is issued. The fee shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the secretary of aging. The amount received for the license fee shall be deposited in the state treasury in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the state licensure fee fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury and which shall be administered by the department on aging.

(b) If the evaluation and inspection was made by a county, city-county or multicounty health department at the direction of the secretary of aging and the papers required are completed and filed with the secretary, then the amount equal to 40% of the fee collected shall be paid to such county, city-county or multicounty health department. If a facility has a change of administrator after the commencement of the licensing period, the fee shall be \$15 and shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state licensure fee fund.

(c) All expenditures from the state licensure fee fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary of aging or by the secretary's designee.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 8; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 7; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 43; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 12; L. 1982, ch. 189, § 3; L. 1983, ch. 286, § 1; L. 1988, ch. 145, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 6; L. 2007, ch. 138, § 1; Apr. 26.

39-931. Denial, suspension or revocation of license; notice; hearing; appeal. Whenever the licensing agency finds a substantial failure to comply with the requirements, standards or rules and regulations established under this act or that a receiver has been appointed under K.S.A. 39-958 and amendments thereto, it shall make an order denying, suspending or revoking the license after notice and a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

Any applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by the order may appeal such order in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas judicial review act.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 9; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 44; L. 1978, ch. 162, § 12; L. 1982, ch. 258, § 1; L. 1983, ch. 147, § 1; L. 1984, ch. 313, § 65; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 60; July 1.

39-931a. Same; grounds; person defined. (a) As used in this section, the term "person" means any person who is an applicant for a license to operate an adult care home or who is the licensee of an adult care home and who has any direct or indirect ownership interest of 25% or more in an adult care home or who is the owner, in whole or in part, of any mortgage, deed of trust, note or other obligation secured, in whole or in part, by such facility or any of the property or assets of such facility, or who, if the facility is organized as a corporation, is an officer or director of the corporation, or who, if the facility is organized as a partnership, is a partner.

(b) Pursuant to K.S.A. 39-931 and amendments thereto, the licensing agency may deny a license to any person and may suspend or revoke the license of any person who:

(1) Has willfully or repeatedly violated any provision of law or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and acts amendatory of the provisions thereof or supplemental thereto;

(2) has been convicted of a felony;

(3) has failed to assure that nutrition, medication and treatment of residents, including the use of restraints, are in accordance with acceptable medical practices; or

(4) has aided, abetted, sanctioned or condoned any violation of law or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated; or

(5) has willfully admitted a person to a nursing facility in violation of K.S.A. 39-968 and amendments thereto.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 9; L. 1992, ch. 322, § 3; L. 1994, ch. 147, § 2; July 1.

39-932. Adoption and enforcement of rules, regulations and standards. The licensing agency shall adopt, amend, promulgate and enforce such rules, regulations and standards as may be deemed practicable, reasonable and necessary with respect to all adult care homes, to be licensed hereunder and as may be designed to further the accomplishment of the purpose of this law in promoting safe, proper and adequate treatment and care of individuals in adult care homes in the interest of public health, safety and welfare. Such rules and regulations may prescribe minimum standards and requirements relating to the location, building, construction, size, equipment and facilities of adult care homes, the number and kind of residents allowed, the types of care offered, the records to be kept, the kind and frequency of reports and inventories to be made, and may generally establish such requirements as may be deemed necessary to protect the health, safety, hygiene, welfare and comfort of the residents.

Adult care homes which are in operation at the time of promulgation of any applicable rules and regulations or minimum standards under this act shall be given a reasonable time, under the particular circumstances not to exceed twelve (12) months from the date of such promulgation, within which to comply with such rules and regulations and minimum standards. The licensing agency may further establish by regulation a system whereby it may, on the basis of the investigations and evaluations herein provided for, uniformly rate adult care homes in terms of the quality and quantity of services and facilities provided.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 10; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 8; July 1.

39-932a. Adult care homes in less than an entire building. The licensing agency shall provide by rules and regulations for the licensing of adult care homes in any one or more complete floors of a building, or any one or more complete wings of a building, or any one or more complete wings and one or more complete floors of a building, in addition to licensing of adult care homes in entire buildings. In the case of adult care homes in less than an entire building, the licensing agency shall prescribe acceptable use and occupancy of the balance of such building, and shall prohibit those uses and occupancies which are deemed to be contrary to the public interest.

History: L. 1967, ch. 246, § 2; April 21.

39-933. Inspections and investigations; regulations for changes in facilities. The licensing agency shall make or cause to be made by the county, city-county or multicounty health departments such inspections and investigations as it deems necessary. The licensing agency may prescribe by regulation that any licensee or applicant desiring to make specified types of alterations or additions to its facilities or to construct new facilities shall submit plans and specifications therefor, before commencing such alterations, additions or new construction, to the licensing agency for preliminary inspection and approval or recommendations with respect to compliance with the regulations and standards herein authorized. Necessary conferences and consultations may be provided.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 11; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 13; July 1.

39-934. Certain information confidential. Information received by the licensing agency through filed reports, inspections, or as otherwise authorized under this law, shall not be disclosed publicly in such manner as to identify individuals.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 12; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 9; L. 1975, ch. 238, § 1; July 1.

39-935. Inspections; reporting; access to premises; exit interviews; unannounced inspections; inspection reports, posting and access; risk management program, when required; admissibility of reports. (a) Inspections shall be made and reported in writing by the authorized agents and representatives of the licensing agency and state fire marshal and of the county, city-county and multicounty health departments as often and in the manner and form prescribed by the rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of this act. Access shall be given to the premises of any adult care home at any time upon presenting adequate identification to carry out the requirements of this section and the provisions and purposes of this act, and failure to provide such access shall constitute grounds for denial or revocation of license. A copy of any inspection reports required by this section shall be furnished to the applicant, except that a copy of the preliminary inspection report signed jointly by a representative of the adult care home and the inspector shall be left with the applicant when an inspection under this section is completed. This preliminary inspection report shall constitute the final record of deficiencies assessed against the adult care home during the inspection, all deficiencies shall be specifically listed and no additional deficiencies based upon the data developed at that time shall be assessed at a later time. An exit interview shall be conducted in conjunction with the joint signing of the preliminary inspection report.

(b) The authorized agents and representatives of the licensing agency shall conduct at least one unannounced inspection of each adult care home within 15 months of any previous inspection for the purpose of determining whether the adult care home is complying with applicable statutes and rules and regulations relating to the health and safety of the residents of the adult care home. The statewide average interval between inspections shall not exceed 12 months.

(c) Every adult care home shall post in a conspicuous place a notice indicating that the most recent inspection report and related documents may be examined in the office of the administrator of the adult care home. Upon request, every adult care home shall provide to any person a copy of the most recent inspection report and related documents, provided the person requesting such report agrees to pay a reasonable charge to cover copying costs.

(d) Each nursing facility that provides skilled nursing care, nursing facility for mental health that provides skilled nursing care or assisted living facility may establish and maintain a risk management program which shall consist of:

(1) A system for investigation and analysis of the frequency and causes of reportable incidents within the facility;

(2) measures to minimize the occurrence of reportable incidents and the resulting injuries within the facility; and

(3) a reporting system based upon the duty of all health care providers staffing the facility and all agents and employees of the facility directly involved in the delivery of health care services to report reportable incidents to the chief of the medical staff, chief administrative officer or risk manager of the facility. Any reports and records reviewed, obtained or prepared by the department on aging in connection with any reportable incidents referred for investigation under such risk management program, including any reports and records reflecting the results of an inspection or survey under this chapter or in accordance with the regulations, guidelines and procedures issued by the United States secretary of health and human services under Titles XVIII and XIX of the "Social Security Act," 49 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended, shall not be admissible in any civil action under the laws of the state of Kansas unless the court determines on the record, following a hearing outside the presence of the jury, that the proffered evidence excerpted from any report, record, inspection or survey is relevant and substantially related to the plaintiff's allegations and otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence set forth in article 4, chapter 60 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto. This subsection shall not be construed to limit or impair a person's or entity's discovery of or access to any such report, record, inspection or survey under state or federal law; limit or impair the authority of the department on aging to investigate complaints or reportable incidents under state or federal law; or diminish or expand the department on aging's discovery of or access to quality assessment and assurance committee records under state or federal law.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 13; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 10; L. 1977, ch. 152, § 1; L. 1978, ch. 162, § 13; L. 1980, ch. 182, § 14; L. 1989, ch. 126, § 2; L. 2005, ch. 127, § 1; Apr. 21.

39-936. Statement on admission; qualified personnel; education and training of unlicensed personnel; examination and fees; state registry established; refresher course required; supplier of medication; limitations on involuntary transfer or discharge of resident; effect of reliance upon spiritual means or prayer for healing by resident. (a) The presence of each resident in an adult care home shall be covered by a statement provided at the time of admission, or prior thereto, setting forth the general responsibilities and services and daily or monthly charges for such responsibilities and services. Each resident shall be provided with a copy of such statement, with a copy going to any individual responsible for payment of such services and the adult care home shall keep a copy of such statement in the resident's file. No such statement shall be construed to relieve any adult care home of any requirement or obligation imposed upon it by law or by any requirement, standard or rule and regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

(b) A qualified person or persons shall be in attendance at all times upon residents receiving accommodation, board, care, training or treatment in adult care homes. The licensing agency may establish necessary standards and rules and regulations prescribing the number, qualifications, training, standards of conduct and integrity for such qualified person or persons attendant upon the residents.

(c)(1) The licensing agency shall require unlicensed employees of an adult care home, except an adult care home licensed for the provision of services to the mentally retarded which has been granted an exception by the secretary of aging upon a finding by the licensing agency that an appropriate training program for unlicensed employees is in place for such adult care home, employed on and after the effective date of this act who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents and who have not completed a course of education and training relating to resident care and treatment approved by the secretary of health and environment or are not participating in such a course on the effective date of this act to complete successfully 40 hours of training in basic

resident care skills. Any unlicensed person who has not completed 40 hours of training relating to resident care and treatment approved by the secretary of health and environment shall not provide direct, individual care to residents. The 40 hours of training shall be supervised by a registered professional nurse and the content and administration thereof shall comply with rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of health and environment. The 40 hours of training may be prepared and administered by an adult care home or by any other qualified person and may be conducted on the premises of the adult care home. The 40 hours of training required in this section shall be a part of any course of education and training required by the secretary of health and environment under subsection (c)(2). Training for paid nutrition assistants shall consist of at least eight hours of instruction, at a minimum, which meets the requirements of 42 C.F.R. 483.160.

(2) the licensing agency may require unlicensed employees of an adult care home, except an adult care home licensed for the provision of services to the mentally retarded which has been granted an exception by the secretary of health and environment upon a finding by the licensing agency that an appropriate training program for unlicensed employees is in place for such adult care home, who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents and who do not meet the definition of paid nutrition assistance under paragraph (a)(27) of K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto after 90 days of employment to successfully complete an approved course of instruction and an examination relating to resident care and treatment as a condition to continued employment by an adult care home. A course of instruction may be prepared and administered by any adult care home or by any other qualified person. A course of instruction prepared and administered by an adult care home may be conducted on the premises of the adult care home which prepared and which will administer the course of instruction. The licensing agency shall not require unlicensed employees of an adult care home who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents to enroll in any particular approved course of instruction as a condition to the taking of an examination, but the secretary of health and environment shall prepare guidelines for the preparation and administration of courses of instruction and shall approve or disapprove courses of instruction. Unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents may enroll in any approved course of instruction and upon completion of the approved course of instruction shall be eligible to take an examination. The examination shall be prescribed by the secretary of health and environment, shall be reasonably related to the duties performed by unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications to residents and shall be the same examination given by the secretary of health and environment to all unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications.

(3) the secretary of health and environment shall fix, charge and collect a fee to cover all or any part of the costs of the licensing agency under this subsection (c). The fee shall be fixed by rules and regulations of the secretary of health and environment. The fee shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.

(4) the secretary of health and environment shall establish a state registry containing information about unlicensed employees of adult care homes who provide direct, individual care to residents and who do not administer medications in compliance with the requirements pursuant to PL 100-203, Subtitle C, as amended November 5, 1990.

(5) no adult care home shall use an individual as an unlicensed employee of the adult care home who provides direct, individual care to residents and who does not administer medications unless the facility has inquired of the state registry as to information contained in the registry concerning the individual.

(6) beginning July 1, 1993, the adult care home must require any unlicensed employee of the adult care home who provides direct, individual care to residents and who does not administer medications and who since passing the examination required under paragraph (2) of this subsection has had a

continuous period of 24 consecutive months during none of which the unlicensed employee provided direct, individual care to residents to complete an approved refresher course. The secretary of health and environment shall prepare guidelines for the preparation and administration of refresher courses and shall approve or disapprove courses.

(d) Any person who has been employed as an unlicensed employee of an adult care home in another state may be so employed in this state without an examination if the secretary of health and environment determines that such other state requires training or examination, or both, for such employees at least equal to that required by this state.

(e) All medical care and treatment shall be given under the direction of a physician authorized to practice under the laws of this state and shall be provided promptly as needed.

(f) No adult care home shall require as a condition of admission to or as a condition to continued residence in the adult care home that a person change from a supplier of medication needs of their choice to a supplier of medication selected by the adult care home. Nothing in this subsection (f) shall be construed to abrogate or affect any agreements entered into prior to the effective date of this act between the adult care home and any person seeking admission to or resident of the adult care home.

(g) Except in emergencies as defined by rules and regulations of the licensing agency and except as otherwise authorized under federal law, no resident may be transferred from or discharged from an adult care home involuntarily unless the resident or legal guardian of the resident has been notified in writing at least 30 days in advance of a transfer or discharge of the resident.

(h) No resident who relies in good faith upon spiritual means or prayer for healing shall, if such resident objects thereto, be required to undergo medical care or treatment.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 14; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 11; L. 1977, ch. 152, § 2; L. 1978, ch. 162, § 14; L. 1979, ch. 131, § 1; L. 1983, ch. 148, § 1; L. 1983, ch. 286, § 10; L. 1989, ch. 126, § 3; L. 1992, ch. 250, § 1; L. 1994, ch. 3, § 1; L. 2001, ch. 5, § 111; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 7; L. 2004, ch. 146, § 4; July 1.

39-937. Compliance with other laws and regulations. All pertinent laws of this state and lawfully adopted ordinances and rules and regulations shall be strictly complied with in the operation of any adult care home in this state.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 15; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 12; July 1.

39-938. Compliance with requirements and rules and regulations; exceptions. Adult care homes shall comply with all the lawfully established requirements and rules and regulations of the secretary of aging and the state fire marshal, and any other agency of government so far as pertinent and applicable to adult care homes, their buildings, operators, staffs, facilities, maintenance, operation, conduct, and the care and treatment of residents. The administrative rules and regulations of the state board of cosmetology and of the Kansas board of barbering shall not apply to adult care homes.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 16; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 13; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 45; L. 1990, ch. 225, § 23; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 8; July 1.

39-939. Unlawful acts. It shall be unlawful in any adult care home to house, care for or permit: (a) Any resident to stay in any unapproved room, area, or detached building.

(b) Abuse, neglect, or cruel treatment of any resident.

(c) The admission to resident status of any person who is known to suffer from any disease or condition for which the home is not authorized to provide care under the provisions of this act or the terms and conditions of its license.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 17; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 14; July 1.

39-940. Forms for application, reports, records and inspections; records open to inspection; unlawful acts. (a) The secretary of aging may prescribe and supply necessary forms for applications,

reports, records and inspections for adult care homes. All prescribed records shall be open to inspection by the designated agents of the agencies administering this act.

(b) It shall be unlawful to:

- (1) Make false entries in such records;
- (2) omit any information required or make any false report concerning any adult care home; or
- (3) file or cause to be filed such false or incomplete records or reports with the department on aging or with any agency administering this act, knowing that such records or reports are false or incomplete.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 18; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 15; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 46; L. 1981, ch. 187, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 9; July 1.

39-941. Adult care homes; license and regulation; certain organizations exempt. Nothing in this act shall be construed to apply to any licensed general hospital or any nursing care facility operated by and in conjunction with a licensed hospital, or to an adult care home operated by a bona fide nonprofit religious order exclusively for the care of members of such order, and no rules, regulations, or standards shall be made or established under this act for any adult care home, conducted in accordance with the practice and principles of the body known as the Church of Christ Scientist, except as to the construction, sanitary and safe conditions of the premises, cleanliness of operation, and its physical equipment. Any organization exempted by this provision may apply for and receive a license, provided it meets the requirements of this act.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 19; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 16; L. 1977, ch. 153, § 1; May 13.

39-942. License in effect on effective date of act continued in effect; exceptions. All licenses, issued under the provisions of chapter 39, article 9, of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, for adult care homes or homes for the aged in force upon the taking effect of this act shall continue in force until the date of expiration unless sooner suspended or revoked as provided in this act: *Provided*, That all persons with such licenses in force upon the effective date of this act shall be permitted no less than four (4) months from their effective date to comply with the rules, regulations and standards promulgated under the authority of this act wherein those rules, regulations and standards differ in any substantial respect from those in force and effect immediately prior to the effective date hereof under the provisions of chapter 39, article 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 20; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 17; July 1.

39-943. Penalties. Any person operating an adult care home in this state without a license under this law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any person who shall violate any other provision of this act or the requirements of any rules and regulations promulgated hereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not more than \$100, or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 21; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 18; L. 1982, ch. 189, § 4; Jan. 1, 1983.

39-944. Injunctions and other process. Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the secretary of aging, as the licensing agency, in the manner provided by the Kansas judicial review act, may maintain an action in the name of the state of Kansas for injunction or other process against any person or agency to restrain or prevent the operation of an adult care home without a license under this act.

History: L. 1961, ch. 231, § 22; L. 1972, ch. 171, § 19; L. 1975, ch. 462, § 47; L. 1982, ch. 189, § 5; L. 1984, ch. 313, § 66; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 10; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 61; July 1.

39-945. Correction orders; issuance; contents. A correction order may be issued by the secretary of aging or the secretary's designee to a person licensed to operate an adult care home whenever the state

fire marshal or the marshal's representative or a duly authorized representative of the secretary of aging inspects or investigates an adult care home and determines that the adult care home is not in compliance with the provisions of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder which individually or jointly affects significantly and adversely the health, safety, nutrition or sanitation of the adult care home residents. The correction order shall be served upon the licensee either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The correction order shall be in writing, shall state the specific deficiency, cite the specific statutory provision or rule and regulation alleged to have been violated, and shall specify the time allowed for correction.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 1; L. 1980, ch. 127, § 1; L. 1988, ch. 146, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 11; July 1.

39-946. Civil penalty; issuance; notice of assessment; factors in determining amount of civil penalty; enforcement. (a) If upon reinspection by the state fire marshal or the marshal's representative or a duly authorized representative of the secretary of aging, which reinspection shall be conducted within 14 days from the day the correction order is served upon the licensee, it is found that the licensee of the adult care home which was issued a correction order has not corrected the deficiency or deficiencies specified in the order, the secretary of aging may assess a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$500 per day per deficiency against the licensee of an adult care home for each day subsequent to the day following the time allowed for correction of the deficiency as specified in the correction order that the adult care home has not corrected the deficiency or deficiencies listed in the correction order, but the maximum assessment shall not exceed \$2,500. A written notice of assessment shall be served upon the licensee of an adult care home either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(b) Before the assessment of a civil penalty, the secretary of aging shall consider the following factors in determining the amount of the civil penalty to be assessed:

- (1) The severity of the violation;
- (2) the good faith effort exercised by the adult care home to correct the violation; and
- (3) the history of compliance of the ownership of the adult care home with the rules and regulations.

If the secretary of aging finds that some or all deficiencies cited in the correction order have also been cited against the adult care home as a result of any inspection or investigation which occurred within 18 months prior to the inspection or investigation which resulted in such correction order, the secretary of aging may double the civil penalty assessed against the licensee of the adult care home, the maximum not to exceed \$5,000.

(c) All civil penalties assessed shall be due and payable within 10 days after written notice of assessment is served on the licensee, unless a longer period of time is granted by the secretary. If a civil penalty is not paid within the applicable time period, the secretary of aging may file a certified copy of the notice of assessment with the clerk of the district court in the county where the adult care home is located. The notice of assessment shall be enforced in the same manner as a judgment of the district court.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 2; L. 1980, ch. 127, § 2; L. 1988, ch. 146, § 2; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 12; July 1.

39-947. Appeals to secretary; hearing; disposition of civil penalties. Any licensee against whom a civil penalty has been assessed under K.S.A. 39-946, and amendments thereto, may appeal such assessment within 10 days after receiving a written notice of assessment by filing with the secretary of aging written notice of appeal specifying why such civil penalty should not be assessed. Such appeal shall not operate to stay the payment of the civil penalty. Upon receipt of the notice of appeal, the secretary of aging shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. If the secretary of aging sustains the appeal, any civil penalties collected shall be refunded forthwith to the appellant licensee with interest at the rate established by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, from the date of payment of the civil penalties to the secretary of aging. If the secretary of aging denies the appeal and no appeal from the secretary is taken to the district court

in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas judicial review act, the secretary of aging shall dispose of any civil penalties collected as provided in K.S.A. 39-949, and amendments thereto.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 3; L. 1980, ch. 127, § 3; L. 1984, ch. 313, § 67; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 13; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 62; July 1.

39-947a. Informal dispute resolution; written request; procedure. (a) Upon receipt of a statement of deficiencies, an adult care home administrator may within 10 calendar days after receipt of a statement make a written request to the secretary of aging for informal dispute resolution by an independent review panel. The administrator may make one request for informal dispute resolution per inspection to dispute any deficiencies with which such administrator disagrees. The informal dispute resolution may be based upon the statement of deficiencies and any other materials submitted; however, the department shall provide the administrator with a face to face informal dispute resolution meeting upon request by the administrator.

(b) A written request for informal dispute resolution shall:

- (1) State the specific deficiencies being disputed;
- (2) provide a detailed explanation of the basis for the dispute; and
- (3) include any supporting documentation, including any information that was not available at the time of the inspection.

(c) Upon receipt of the written request provided for in subsection (a), the secretary of aging shall appoint a panel of three persons to compose the independent review panel. One member shall be an employee from the department on aging adult care home survey unit, provided that the individual did not participate in the survey in dispute. Two members shall be appointed from outside of the survey unit and may be employees of the department on aging, or a health care professional or consumer not employed by the department on aging.

(d) A request for informal dispute resolution shall not delay the timely correction of any deficiency. A facility may not seek a delay of any enforcement action against it on the grounds that the informal dispute resolution has not been completed before the effective date of the enforcement action. Any decision or proposed resolution of the independent review panel shall be advisory to the secretary of aging.

(e) Costs of the panel including traveling expenses and other expenses of the review shall be paid by the department of aging.

(f) The secretary of aging shall by rules and regulations implement the provisions of this section.

(g) This act shall be a part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 2004, ch. 162, § 1; July 1.

39-948. Appeals to district court; disposition of civil penalties. (a) A licensee may appeal to the district court from a decision of the secretary of aging under K.S.A. 39-947, and amendments thereto. The appeal shall be tried in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas judicial review act.

(b) An appeal to the district court or to an appellate court shall not stay the payment of the civil penalty. If the court sustains the appeal, the secretary of aging shall refund forthwith the payment of any civil penalties to the licensee with interest at the rate established by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, from the date of payment of the civil penalties to the secretary. If the court denies the appeal, the secretary of aging shall dispose of any civil penalties collected as provided in K.S.A. 39-949, and amendments thereto.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 4; L. 1980, ch. 127, § 4; L. 1984, ch. 313, § 68; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 14; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 63; July 1.

39-949. Disposition of moneys. All civil penalties collected pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be deposited in the state general fund.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 5; July 1.

39-950. Rules and regulations. The secretary of aging may adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 6; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 15; July 1.

39-951. Authority granted under act additional and not limiting. The authority granted to the secretary of aging under this act is in addition to other statutory authority the secretary of aging has to require the licensing and operation of adult care homes and is not to be construed to limit any of the powers and duties of the secretary of aging under article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 7; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 16; July 1.

39-952. Correction order not issued, when. The secretary of aging or the secretary's designee shall not issue a correction order to a person licensed to operate an adult care home because of a violation of a provision of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or a rule and regulation adopted thereunder which was caused by any person licensed by the state board of healing arts to practice a branch of the healing arts if such person licensed by the state board of healing arts is not an owner, operator or employee of the adult care home and if the person licensed to operate the adult care home shows that such person has exercised reasonable diligence in notifying the person licensed by the state board of healing arts to practice a branch of the healing arts of such person's duty to the residents of the adult care home.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 8; L. 1999, ch. 87, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 17; July 1.

39-953. Citation of act. K.S.A. 39-923 to 39-944, inclusive, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, and K.S.A. 39-931a and 39-945 to 39-952, inclusive, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1978, ch. 161, § 10; July 1.

39-953a. Order prohibiting new admissions to adult care home; when issued; proceedings; remedy not limiting. (a) At any time the secretary of aging initiates any action concerning an adult care home in which it is alleged that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements, standards or rules and regulations established under the adult care home licensure act, that conditions exist in the adult care home which are life threatening or endangering to the residents of the adult care home, that the adult care home is insolvent, or that the adult care home has deficiencies which significantly and adversely affect the health, safety, nutrition or sanitation of the adult care home residents, the secretary of aging may issue an order, pursuant to the emergency proceedings provided for under the Kansas administrative procedure act, prohibiting any new admissions into the adult care home until further determination by the secretary of aging. This remedy granted to the secretary of aging is in addition to any other statutory authority the secretary of aging has relating to the licensure and operation of adult care homes and is not be construed to limit any of the powers and duties of the secretary of aging under the adult care home licensure act.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1988, ch. 146, § 3; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 18; July 1.

39-953b. Annual report of violations resulting in issuance of correction orders and civil penalties.

(a) The secretary shall issue annually to each adult care home a report summarizing by category of licensure, violation and frequency of occurrence those violations which have resulted in the issuance of correction orders and civil penalties within the preceding twelve-month period.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1988, ch. 146, § 4; July 1.

39-954. Application for receiver; order appointing; qualifications of persons designated and method of selection, rules and regulations. (a) The secretary of aging, the owner of an adult care home, or the person licensed to operate an adult care home may file an application with the district court for an order appointing the secretary of aging or the designee of the secretary as receiver to operate an adult care home whenever:

(1) Conditions exist in the adult care home that are life threatening or endangering to the residents of the adult care home;

(2) the adult care home is insolvent; or

(3) the secretary of aging has issued an order revoking the license of the adult care home.

(b) the secretary of aging may adopt rules and regulations setting forth the necessary qualifications of persons to be designated receivers and a method for selecting designees.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 1; L. 1985, ch. 151, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 19; July 1.

39-955. Filing application for receivership; contents. The application for receivership shall be filed in the district court in the county where the adult care home is located. The application shall be verified and set forth the specific reasons therefor.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 2; July 1.

39-956. Service of copies of application for receivership; posting in adult care home. The applicant shall serve those persons set forth in K.S.A. 39-954 with copies of the application. Service of process shall be as provided for under the code of civil procedure. The applicant shall also send five (5) copies of the application for receivership to the adult care home. The adult care home shall post the copies of the application in conspicuous places within the adult care home.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 3; July 1.

39-957. Answer to application for receivership. A party shall file an answer to the application within five (5) days after the service of the application upon such person.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 4; July 1.

39-958. Priority of application for receivership in district court; evidence; appointment of receiver; certain statutes inapplicable to license granted receiver; length of license. (a) The application for receivership shall be given priority by the district court and shall be heard no later than the seventh day following the filing of the application. A continuance of no more than 10 days may be granted by the district court for good cause. The district court shall give all parties who have filed an answer the opportunity to present evidence pertaining to the application. If the district court finds that the facts warrant the granting of the application, the court shall appoint the secretary of aging or the designee of the secretary as receiver to operate the home.

(b) Upon the appointment of a receiver under this section, the receiver shall be granted a license by the licensing agency to operate an adult care home as provided under the provisions of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and acts amending the provisions thereof or acts supplemental thereto. The provisions of article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and acts amending the provisions thereof and acts supplemental thereto, relating to inspection prior to granting a license to operate an adult care home and relating to payment of license fees shall not apply to a license granted to a receiver under this section, and such license shall remain in effect during the existence of the receivership and shall expire on the termination of the receivership. The receiver shall make application for the license on forms provided for this purpose by the licensing agency.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 5; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 20; July 1.

39-959. Powers and duties of receiver. A receiver appointed in accordance with the provisions of this act shall have the following powers and duties: (a) Conduct the day to day business operations of the adult care home;

(b) Reimburse the owner or licensee, as appropriate, a fair monthly rental for the adult care home, taking into account all relevant factors, including the condition of such adult care home and set-offs arising from improvements made by the receiver;

(c) Give fair compensation to the owner or licensee, as appropriate, for all property taken or used during the course of the receivership if such person has not previously received compensation for the property being taken or used;

(d) Correct or eliminate any deficiency in the adult care home that concerns the health, safety, nutrition, or sanitation of the residents of the adult care home and is life threatening or endangering

(e) Enter into contracts as necessary to carry out his or her duties as receiver and incur expenses for individual items of repairs, improvements or supplies without the procurement of competitive bids, if otherwise required by law, where the total amount of such individual item does not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500);

(f) Collect incoming payments from all sources and apply them to the costs incurred in the performance of his or her functions as receiver including the compensation of the receiver, if any;

(g) Honor all existing leases, mortgages, chattel mortgages and security interests;

(h) Operate the adult care home so as to provide safe and adequate health care for the residents of the adult care home;

(i) Provide for the orderly transfer of all residents in the adult care home to other adult care homes or make other provisions for their continued safety and health care, as necessary;

(j) Other powers and duties as authorized or imposed by the district court.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 6; July 1.

39-960. Expenditures from moneys appropriated for purposes of act; when authorized; repayment. The secretary of social and rehabilitation services, upon request of a receiver, may authorize expenditures from moneys appropriated for purposes set forth in this act if incoming payments from the operation of the adult care home are less than the cost incurred by the receiver in the performance of the receiver's functions as receiver or for purposes of initial operating expenses of the receivership. Any payments made by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services pursuant to this section shall be owed by the owner or licensee and repaid to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services when the receivership is terminated pursuant to K.S.A. 39-963 and amendments thereto and until repaid shall constitute a lien against all non-exempt personal and real property of the owner or licensee.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 7; L. 1984, ch. 158, § 1; July 1.

39-961. Department on aging to assist receiver; expenses of department; repayment. (a) The personnel and facilities of the department on aging shall be available to the receiver for the purposes of carrying out the receiver's duties as receiver as authorized by the secretary of aging.

(b) The department on aging shall itemize and keep a ledger showing costs of personnel and other expenses establishing the receivership and assisting the receiver and such amount shall be owed by the owner or licensee to the department on aging. Such department shall submit a bill for such expenses to the receiver for inclusion in the receiver's final accounting. Any amount so billed and until repaid shall constitute a lien against all nonexempt personal and real property of the owner or licensee.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 8; L. 1984, ch. 158, § 2; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 21; July 1.

39-962. Supervision of district court; final accounting; removal. The receiver shall be subject to the supervision of the district court. The receiver shall file a final accounting with the district court upon the termination of the receivership. The receiver shall be subject to removal by the district court for good cause.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 9; July 1.

39-963. Termination of receivership; circumstances; accounting and disposition of money; court orders for recovery of certain expenses and costs. (a) The court shall terminate the receivership only under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) Twenty-four months after the date on which the receivership was ordered;
- (2) a new license, other than the license granted to the receiver under K.S.A. 39-958 and amendments thereto, has been granted to operate the adult care home; or
- (3) at such time as all of the residents in the adult care home have been provided alternative modes of health care, either in another adult care home or otherwise.

(b)(1) At the time of termination of the receivership, the receiver shall render a full and complete accounting to the district court and shall make disposition of surplus money at the direction of the district court.

(2) the court may make such additional orders as are appropriate to recover the expenses and costs to the department on aging and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services incurred pursuant to K.S.A. 39-960 or 39-961 and amendments thereto.

History: L. 1978, ch. 162, § 10; L. 1984, ch. 158, § 3; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 22; July 1.

39-964. Procedures for and review and enforcement of administrative actions. (a) The provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act and the Kansas judicial review act shall govern all administrative proceedings conducted pursuant to K.S.A. 39-945 through 39-963, and amendments thereto, except to the extent that the provisions of the above-named acts would conflict with the procedures set forth in the above-mentioned statutes.

(b) This section shall be a part of and supplemental to article 9 of chapter 39 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated.

History: L. 1984, ch. 313, § 69; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 64; July 1.

39-965. Penalties for violations posing serious physical harm to resident. (a) If the secretary of aging determines that an adult care home is in violation of or has violated any requirements, standards or rules and regulations established under the adult care home licensure act which violation can reasonably be determined to have resulted in, caused or posed serious physical harm to a resident, the secretary of aging in accordance with proceedings under the Kansas administrative procedure act, may assess a civil penalty against the licensee of such adult care home in an amount of not to exceed \$1,000 per day per violation for each day the secretary finds that the adult care home was not in compliance with such requirements, standards or rules and regulations but the maximum assessment shall not exceed \$10,000.

(b) All civil penalties assessed shall be due and payable in accordance with subsection (c) of K.S.A. 39-946 and K.S.A. 39-947 and amendments thereto.

(c) The secretary of aging may adopt rules and regulations which shall include due process procedures for the issuance of civil penalties relating to nursing facilities.

(d) The authority to assess civil penalties granted to the secretary of aging under this section is in addition to any other statutory authority of the secretary relating to the licensure and operation of adult care homes and is not to be construed to limit any of the powers and duties of the secretary of aging under the adult care home licensure act.

(e) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1992, ch. 322, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 23; July 1.

39-967. Skilled nursing home or intermediate nursing care home means nursing facility.

Wherever the terms "skilled nursing home" or "intermediate nursing care home", or words of like effect, are referred to or designated by a statute or rule and regulation, such reference or designation shall be deemed to mean "nursing facility."

History: L. 1992, ch. 322, § 13; June 4.

39-968. Client assessment, referral and evaluation program; definitions; implementation; data entry form; requirements; duties of secretary of aging; long-term care resource information; rules and regulations; voluntary oversight council; annual report. (a) To achieve a quality of life for Kansans with long-term care needs in an environment of choice that maximizes independent living capabilities and recognizes diversity, this act establishes a program which is intended to encourage a wide array of quality, cost-effective and affordable long-term care choices. This program shall be known as client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE). The purposes of CARE is for data collection and individual assessment and referral to community-based services and appropriate placement in long-term care facilities.

(b) As used in this section:

(1) "Assessment services" means evaluation of an individual's health and functional status to determine the need for long-term care services and to identify appropriate service options which meet these needs utilizing the client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) form.

(2) "Health care data governing board" means the board abolished by K.S.A. 65-6803 and amendments thereto.

(3) "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto.

(4) "Nursing facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to such term under K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(5) "Secretary" means the secretary of aging.

(c) There is hereby established the client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) program. The CARE program shall be administered by the secretary of aging and shall be implemented on a phased-in basis in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(d) All rules and regulations adopted by the health care data governing board relating to client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form shall be deemed to be the rules and regulations of the Kansas health policy authority until revised, revoked or nullified pursuant to law. The purpose of this form is for data collection and referral services. Such form shall be concise and questions shall be limited to those necessary to carry out the stated purposes. The client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form shall include, but not be limited to, the preadmission screening and annual resident review (PASARR) questions. Prior to the adoption of the client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form by the health care data governing board, the secretary of aging shall approve the form. The client assessment, referral and evaluation (CARE) data entry form shall be used by all persons providing assessment services.

(e)(1) On and after January 1, 1995, each individual prior to admission to a nursing facility as a resident of the facility shall receive assessment services to be provided by the secretary of aging, with the assistance of area agencies on aging, except (A) Such assessment services shall be provided by a medical care facility to a patient of the medical care facility who is considering becoming a resident of a nursing facility upon discharge from the medical care facility and

(B) as authorized by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of aging pursuant to subsection (i).

(2) The provisions of this subsection (e) shall not apply to any individual exempted from preadmission screening and annual resident review under 42 code of federal regulations 483.106.

(f) The secretary of aging shall cooperate with the area agencies on aging providing assessment services under this section.

(g) The secretary of aging shall assure that each area agency on aging shall compile comprehensive resource information for use by individuals and agencies related to long-term care resources including all area offices of the department of social and rehabilitation services and local health departments. This information shall include, but not be limited to, resources available to assist persons to choose alternatives to institutional care.

(h) Nursing facilities and medical care facilities shall make available information referenced in subsection (g) to each person seeking admission or upon discharge as appropriate. Any person licensed

to practice the healing arts as defined in K.S.A. 65-2802, and amendments thereto, shall make the same resource information available to any person identified as seeking or needing long-term care. Each senior center and each area agency on aging shall make available such information.

(i) The secretary shall adopt rules and regulations to govern such matters as the secretary deems necessary for the administration of this act.

(j)(1) There is hereby established an eleven-member voluntary oversight council which shall meet monthly prior to July 1, 1995, for the purpose of assisting the secretary of aging in restructuring the assessment and referral program in a manner consistent with this act and shall meet quarterly thereafter for the purpose of monitoring and advising the secretary regarding the CARE program. The council shall be advisory only, except that the secretary of aging shall file with the council each six months the secretary's response to council comments or recommendations.

(2) The secretary of aging shall appoint two representatives of hospitals, two representatives of nursing facilities, two consumers and two representatives of providers of home and community-based services. The secretary of health and environment and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or their designee, shall be members of the council in addition to the eight appointed members. The secretary of aging shall serve as chairperson of the council. The appointive members of the council shall serve at the pleasure of their appointing authority. Members of the voluntary oversight council shall not be paid compensation, subsistence allowances, mileage or other expenses as otherwise may be authorized by law for attending meetings, or subcommittee meetings, of the council.

(k) The secretary of aging shall report to the governor and to the legislature on or before December 31, 1995, and each year thereafter on or before such date, an analysis of the information collected under this section. In addition, the secretary of aging shall provide data from the CARE data forms to the Kansas health policy authority. Such data shall be provided in such a manner so as not to identify individuals.

History: L. 1994, ch. 147, § 1; L. 2008, ch. 110, § 3; July 1.

39-969. Criminal history record information. (a) The secretary of health and environment shall upon request receive from the Kansas bureau of investigation, without charge, such criminal history record information relating to criminal convictions as necessary for the purpose of determining initial and continuing qualifications of an operator.

(b) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1995, ch. 143, § 8; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 24; July 1.

39-970. Operation of adult care home precluded, when; access of secretary of health and environment to certain records; background check of employees, civil liability, fee for information request; provision of criminal history record information by secretary; licensed or registered professional service providers, volunteers and certain employees exempt; certain persons in custody of secretary of corrections exempt; report of convictions and adjudications by the Kansas bureau of investigation. (a)(1) No person shall knowingly operate an adult care home if, in the adult care home, there works any person who has been convicted of or has been adjudicated a juvenile offender because of having committed an act which if done by an adult would constitute the commission of capital murder, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3439 and amendments thereto, first degree murder, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3401 and amendments thereto, second degree murder, pursuant to subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3402 and amendments thereto, voluntary manslaughter, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3403 and amendments thereto, assisting suicide pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3406 and amendments thereto, mistreatment of a dependent adult, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3437 and amendments thereto, rape, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3502 and amendments thereto, indecent liberties with a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent liberties with a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3504 and amendments thereto, aggravated criminal sodomy, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3506 and amendments thereto, indecent solicitation of a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3510 and amendments thereto, aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3511 and amendments thereto, sexual exploitation of a child, pursuant to

K.S.A. 21-3516 and amendments thereto, sexual battery, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3517 and amendments thereto, or aggravated sexual battery, pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3518 and amendments thereto, an attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(1), pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3301, and amendments thereto, a conspiracy to commit any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(1), pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3302, and amendments thereto, or criminal solicitation of any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(1), pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3303, and amendments thereto, or similar statutes of other states or the federal government. The provisions of subsection (a)(2)(C) shall not apply to any person who is employed by an adult care home on the effective date of this act and while continuously employed by the same adult care home.

(2) A person operating an adult care home may employ an applicant who has been convicted of any of the following if five or more years have elapsed since the applicant satisfied the sentence imposed or was discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence; or if five or more years have elapsed since the applicant has been finally discharged from the custody of the commissioner of juvenile justice or from probation or has been adjudicated a juvenile offender, whichever time is longer: A felony conviction for a crime which is described in: (A) Article 34 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto, except those crimes listed in subsection (a)(1);

(B) articles 35 or 36 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated and amendments thereto, except those crimes listed in subsection (a)(1) and K.S.A. 21-3605 and amendments thereto;

(C) K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto;

(D) an attempt to commit any of the crimes listed in this subsection (a)(2) pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3301, and amendments thereto;

(E) a conspiracy to commit any of the crimes listed in subsection (a)(2) pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3302, and amendments thereto;

(F) criminal solicitation of any of the crimes listed in subsection (a)(2) pursuant to K.S.A. 21-3303, and amendments thereto; or

(G) similar statutes of other states or the federal government.

(b) No person shall operate an adult care home if such person has been found to be in need of a guardian or conservator, or both as provided in K.S.A. 59-3050 through 59-3095, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a minor found to be in need of a guardian or conservator for reasons other than impairment.

(c) The secretary of health and environment shall have access to any criminal history record information in the possession of the Kansas bureau of investigation regarding any criminal history information, convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, adjudications of a juvenile offender which if committed by an adult would have been a felony conviction, and adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, concerning persons working in an adult care home. The secretary shall have access to these records for the purpose of determining whether or not the adult care home meets the requirements of this section. The Kansas bureau of investigation may charge to the department of health and environment a reasonable fee for providing criminal history record information under this subsection.

(d) For the purpose of complying with this section, the operator of an adult care home shall request from the department of health and environment information regarding any criminal history information, convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, adjudications of a juvenile offender which if committed by an adult would have been a felony conviction, and adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, and which relates to a person who works in the adult care home, or is being considered for employment by the adult care home, for the purpose of determining whether such person is subject to the provision of this section. For the purpose of complying with this section, the operator of an adult care home shall receive from any employment agency which provides employees to work in the adult care home written certification that such employees are not prohibited from working in the adult

care home under this section. For the purpose of complying with this section, information relating to convictions and adjudications by the federal government or to convictions and adjudications in states other than Kansas shall not be required until such time as the secretary of health and environment determines the search for such information could reasonably be performed and the information obtained within a two-week period. For the purpose of complying with this section, a person who operates an adult care home may hire an applicant for employment on a conditional basis pending the results from the department of health and environment of a request for information under this subsection. No adult care home, the operator or employees of an adult care home or an employment agency, or the operator or employees of an employment agency, shall be liable for civil damages resulting from any decision to employ, to refuse to employ or to discharge from employment any person based on such adult care home's compliance with the provisions of this section if such adult care home or employment agency acts in good faith to comply with this section.

(e) The secretary of health and environment shall charge each person requesting information under this section a fee equal to cost, not to exceed \$10, for each name about which an information request has been submitted to the department under this section.

(f)(1) The secretary of health and environment shall provide each operator requesting information under this section with the criminal history record information concerning any criminal history information and convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, in writing and within three working days of receipt of such information from the Kansas bureau of investigation. The criminal history record information shall be provided regardless of whether the information discloses that the subject of the request has been convicted of an offense enumerated in subsection (a).

(2) When an offense enumerated in subsection (a) exists in the criminal history record information, and when further confirmation regarding criminal history record information is required from the appropriate court of jurisdiction or Kansas department of corrections, the secretary shall notify each operator that requests information under this section in writing and within three working days of receipt from the Kansas bureau of investigation that further confirmation is required. The secretary shall provide to the operator requesting information under this section information in writing and within three working days of receipt of such information from the appropriate court of jurisdiction or Kansas department of corrections regarding confirmation regarding the criminal history record information.

(3) Whenever the criminal history record information reveals that the subject of the request has no criminal history on record, the secretary shall provide notice to each operator requesting information under this section, in writing and within three working days after receipt of such information from the Kansas bureau of investigation.

(4) The secretary of health and environment shall not provide each operator requesting information under this section with the juvenile criminal history record information which relates to a person subject to a background check as is provided by K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 38-2326, and amendments thereto, except for adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto. The secretary shall notify the operator that requested the information, in writing and within three working days of receipt of such information from the Kansas bureau of investigation, whether juvenile criminal history record information received pursuant to this section reveals that the operator would or would not be prohibited by this section from employing the subject of the request for information and whether such information contains adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto.

(5) An operator who receives criminal history record information under this subsection (f) shall keep such information confidential, except that the operator may disclose such information to the person who is the subject of the request for information. A violation of this paragraph (5) shall be an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$100.

(g) No person who works for an adult care home and who is currently licensed or registered by an agency of this state to provide professional services in the state and who provides such services as part

of the work which such person performs for the adult care home shall be subject to the provisions of this section.

(h) A person who volunteers in an adult care home shall not be subject to the provisions of this section because of such volunteer activity.

(i) An operator may request from the department of health and environment criminal history information on persons employed under subsections (g) and (h).

(j) No person who has been employed by the same adult care home since July 1, 1992, shall be subject to the provisions of this section while employed by such adult care home.

(k) The operator of an adult care home shall not be required under this section to conduct a background check on an applicant for employment with the adult care home if the applicant has been the subject of a background check under this act within one year prior to the application for employment with the adult care home. The operator of an adult care home where the applicant was the subject of such background check may release a copy of such background check to the operator of an adult care home where the applicant is currently applying.

(l) No person who is in the custody of the secretary of corrections and who provides services, under direct supervision in nonpatient areas, on the grounds or other areas designated by the superintendent of the Kansas soldiers' home or the Kansas veterans' home shall be subject to the provisions of this section while providing such services.

(m) For purposes of this section, the Kansas bureau of investigation shall report any criminal history information, convictions under K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, adjudications of a juvenile offender which if committed by an adult would have been a felony conviction, and adjudications of a juvenile offender for an offense described in K.S.A. 21-3437, 21-3517 and 21-3701, and amendments thereto, to the secretary of health and environment when a background check is requested.

(n) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the adult care home licensure act.

History: L. 1997, ch. 161, § 1; L. 1998, ch. 144, § 1; L. 2001, ch. 197, § 1; L. 2002, ch. 114, § 55; L. 2003, ch. 98, § 1; L. 2006, ch. 169, § 112; L. 2010, ch. 16, § 1; July 1.

39-971. Quality enhancement wage pass-through program; eligible employees; quarterly wage audits; limitations on use of pass-through moneys; "nursing facilities" defined. (a)

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, and within the limits of appropriations therefor, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services and the secretary on aging shall establish a quality enhancement wage pass-through program as part of the state medicaid plan to allow nursing facilities electing to participate in such program a payment option of not to exceed \$4 per resident day designed to increase salaries or benefits, or both, for those employees providing direct care and support services to residents of nursing facilities. The categories of employees eligible to receive the wage pass-through are the following: Nurse aides, medication aides, restorative-rehabilitation aides, licensed mental health technicians, plant operating and maintenance personnel, nonsupervisory dietary personnel, laundry personnel, housekeeping personnel and nonsupervisory activity staff. The program shall establish a pass-through wage payment system designed to reimburse facilities during the reimbursement period in which the pass-through wage payment costs are incurred.

(b) Nursing facilities shall have the option to elect to participate in the quality enhancement wage pass-through program. The wage pass-through moneys are to be paid to nursing facilities outside of cost center limits or occupancy penalties as a pass-through labor cost reimbursement. The pass-through cost shall be included in the cost report base.

(c) The quality enhancement wage pass-through program shall require quarterly wage audits for all nursing facilities participating in the program. The quarterly wage audits will require facilities to submit cost information within 45 days of the end of each quarter reporting on the use of the wage pass-through payment under the quality enhancement wage pass-through program. This quarterly wage audit process shall be used to assure that the wage pass-through payment was used to increase salaries and benefits to

direct care and other support staff as specified in this subsection or to hire additional staff that fall into the eligible personnel categories specified in this subsection.

(d) No wage pass-through moneys shall be expended to increase management compensation or facility profits. A nursing facility participating in the quality enhancement wage pass-through program which fails to file quarterly enhancement audit reports shall be terminated from the program and shall repay all amounts which the nursing facility has received under the quality enhancement wage pass-through program for that reporting period.

(e) All expenditures for the quality enhancement wage pass-through program shall be made only from moneys specifically appropriated therefor.

(f) As used in this section, "nursing facility" means a nursing facility as defined under K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto or an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded as defined under K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

History: L. 1999, ch. 101, § 1; July 1.

39-972. Residents receiving long-term care in medicaid approved institution; personal needs fund; supplemental income. (a) The head of the designated state medicaid agency shall authorize for each resident and each resident spouse of a nursing facility receiving long-term care in a medicaid approved institution to retain a certain amount of money a month in a personal needs fund. Subject to the provisions of this section, such amount shall be prescribed in rules and regulations adopted by the head of the designated state medicaid agency, except that the amount shall not be less than \$50 on and after July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007, and on and after July 1, 2007, not less than \$60.

(b) The head of the designated state medicaid agency shall authorize for persons receiving long-term care in a medicaid approved institution who also receive supplemental security income payments of a certain amount of money per month to supplement such income. Subject to the provisions of this section, such amount shall be prescribed in rules and regulations adopted by the head of the designated state medicaid agency, except that the amount shall not be less than \$30.

(c) On or before July 1, 2007, and each year thereafter, the director of the budget shall certify to the head of the designated state medicaid agency the annual average increase in the chained consumer price index for all urban consumers for the preceding calendar year published by the United States department of labor and the head of the designated state medicaid agency may make adjustments for cost of living increases in the amount of moneys that can be retained in the personal needs funds pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) in an amount not to exceed such increase.

History: L. 2006, ch. 208, § 10; July 1.

**Kansas
Administrative
Regulations
Common to
All Adult Care
Homes**

Article 14.—REPORTING ABUSE, NEGLECT OR EXPLOITATION OF CERTAIN PERSONS

39-1401. Abuse, neglect or exploitation of residents; definitions. As used in this act: (a)

“Resident” means:

- (1) Any resident, as defined by K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto; or
 - (2) any individual kept, cared for, treated, boarded or otherwise accommodated in a medical care facility; or
 - (3) any individual, kept, cared for, treated, boarded or otherwise accommodated in a state psychiatric hospital or state institution for the mentally retarded.
- (b) “Adult care home” has the meaning ascribed thereto in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.
- (c) “In need of protective services” means that a resident is unable to perform or obtain services which are necessary to maintain physical or mental health, or both.
- (d) “Services which are necessary to maintain physical and mental health” include, but are not limited to, the provision of medical care for physical and mental health needs, the relocation of a resident to a facility or institution able to offer such care, assistance in personal hygiene, food, clothing, adequately heated and ventilated shelter, protection from health and safety hazards, protection from maltreatment the result of which includes, but is not limited to, malnutrition, deprivation of necessities or physical punishment and transportation necessary to secure any of the above stated needs, except that this term shall not include taking such person into custody without consent, except as provided in this act.
- (e) “Protective services” means services provided by the state or other governmental agency or any private organizations or individuals which are necessary to prevent abuse, neglect or exploitation. Such protective services shall include, but not be limited to, evaluation of the need for services, assistance in obtaining appropriate social services and assistance in securing medical and legal services.
- (f) “Abuse” means any act or failure to act performed intentionally or recklessly that causes or is likely to cause harm to a resident, including:
- (1) Infliction of physical or mental injury;
 - (2) any sexual act with a resident when the resident does not consent or when the other person knows or should know that the resident is incapable of resisting or declining consent to the sexual act due to mental deficiency or disease or due to fear of retribution or hardship;
 - (3) unreasonable use of a physical restraint, isolation or medication that harms or is likely to harm a resident;
 - (4) unreasonable use of a physical or chemical restraint, medication or isolation as punishment, for convenience, in conflict with a physician's orders or as a substitute for treatment, except where such conduct or physical restraint is in furtherance of the health and safety of the resident or another resident;
 - (5) a threat or menacing conduct directed toward a resident that results or might reasonably be expected to result in fear or emotional or mental distress to a resident;
 - (6) fiduciary abuse; or
 - (7) omission or deprivation by a caretaker or another person of goods or services which are necessary to avoid physical or mental harm or illness.
- (g) “Neglect” means the failure or omission by one's self, caretaker or another person with a duty to provide goods or services which are reasonably necessary to ensure safety and well-being and to avoid physical or mental harm or illness.
- (h) “Caretaker” means a person or institution who has assumed the responsibility, whether legally or not, for the care of the resident voluntarily, by contract or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (i) “Exploitation” means misappropriation of resident property or intentionally taking unfair advantage of an adult's physical or financial resources for another individual's personal or financial

advantage by the use of undue influence, coercion, harassment, duress, deception, false representation or false pretense by a caretaker or another person.

(j) "Medical care facility" means a facility licensed under K.S.A. 65-425 et seq. and amendments thereto but shall not include, for purposes of this act, a state psychiatric hospital or state institution for the mentally retarded, including Larned state hospital, Osawatomie state hospital and Rainbow mental health facility, Kansas neurological institute and Parsons state hospital and training center.

(k) "Fiduciary abuse" means a situation in which any person who is the caretaker of, or who stands in a position of trust to, a resident, takes, secretes, or appropriates the resident's money or property, to any use or purpose not in the due and lawful execution of such person's trust.

(l) "State psychiatric hospital" means Larned state hospital, Osawatomie state hospital and Rainbow mental health facility.

(m) "State institution for the mentally retarded" means Kansas neurological institute and Parsons state hospital and training center.

(n) "Report" means a description or accounting of an incident or incidents of abuse, neglect or exploitation under this act and for the purposes of this act shall not include any written assessment or findings.

(o) "Law enforcement" means the public office which is vested by law with the duty to maintain public order, make arrests for crimes and investigate criminal acts, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes.

(p) "Legal representative" means an agent designated in a durable power of attorney, power of attorney or durable power of attorney for health care decisions or a court appointed guardian, conservator or trustee.

(q) "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company, escrow company, finance company, saving institution or credit union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.

(r) "Governmental assistance provider" means an agency, or employee of such agency, which is funded solely or in part to provide assistance within the Kansas senior care act, K.S.A. 75-5926 et seq., and amendments thereto, including medicaid and medicare.

No person shall be considered to be abused, neglected or exploited or in need of protective services for the sole reason that such person relies upon spiritual means through prayer alone for treatment in accordance with the tenets and practices of a recognized church or religious denomination in lieu of medical treatment.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 1; L. 1983, ch. 149, § 1; L. 1989, ch. 128, § 1; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 1; L. 1998, ch. 200, § 4; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 2; July 1.

39-1402. Abuse, neglect or exploitation of residents; reporting abuse, neglect or exploitation or need of protective services; persons required to report; contents of report; posting notice of requirements of act; penalty for failure to report. (a) Any person who is licensed to practice any branch of the healing arts, a licensed psychologist, a licensed master level psychologist, a licensed clinical psychotherapist, a chief administrative officer of a medical care facility, an adult care home administrator or operator, a licensed social worker, a licensed professional nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a licensed marriage and family therapist, a licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, licensed professional counselor, licensed clinical professional counselor, registered alcohol and drug abuse counselor, a teacher, a bank trust officer and any other officers of financial institutions, a legal representative or a governmental assistance provider who has reasonable cause to believe that a resident is being or has been abused, neglected or exploited, or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation or is in need of protective services, shall report immediately such information or cause a report of such information to be made in any reasonable manner to the department on aging with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 39-1401 and amendments thereto, to the department of health and environment with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, and to the department of social and rehabilitation services and appropriate law enforcement agencies with respect to all other residents. Reports made to one

department which are required by this subsection to be made to the other department shall be referred by the department to which the report is made to the appropriate department for that report, and any such report shall constitute compliance with this subsection. Reports shall be made during the normal working week days and hours of operation of such departments. Reports shall be made to law enforcement agencies during the time the departments are not open for business. Law enforcement agencies shall submit the report and appropriate information to the appropriate department on the first working day that such department is open for business. A report made pursuant to K.S.A. 65-4923 or 65-4924 and amendments thereto shall be deemed a report under this section.

(b) The report made pursuant to subsection (a) shall contain the name and address of the person making the report and of the caretaker caring for the resident, the name and address of the involved resident, information regarding the nature and extent of the abuse, neglect or exploitation, the name of the next of kin of the resident, if known, and any other information which the person making the report believes might be helpful in an investigation of the case and the protection of the resident.

(c) Any other person, not listed in subsection (a), having reasonable cause to suspect or believe that a resident is being or has been abused, neglected or exploited, or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation or is in need of protective services may report such information to the department on aging with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 39-1401 and amendments thereto, to the department of health and environment with respect to residents defined under subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, and to the department of social and rehabilitation services with respect to all other residents. Reports made to one department which are to be made to the other department under this section shall be referred by the department to which the report is made to the appropriate department for that report.

(d) Notice of the requirements of this act and the department to which a report is to be made under this act shall be posted in a conspicuous public place in every adult care home and medical care facility in this state.

(e) Any person required to report information or cause a report of information to be made under subsection (a) who knowingly fails to make such report or cause such report to be made shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 2; L. 1983, ch. 149, § 2; L. 1985, ch. 152, § 1; L. 1986, ch. 299, § 6; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 2; L. 1998, ch. 200, § 5; L. 2001, ch. 154, § 3; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 3; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 26; July 1.

39-1403. Same; immunity from liability of certain persons; employer prohibited from imposing sanctions on employee making report. (a) Anyone participating in the making of any report pursuant to this act, or in any follow-up activity to or investigation of such report or any other report of abuse, neglect or exploitation of an adult or who testifies in any administrative or judicial proceeding arising from such report shall not be subject to any civil liability on account of such report, investigation or testimony, unless such person acted in bad faith or with malicious purpose.

(b) No employer shall terminate the employment of, prevent or impair the practice or occupation of or impose any other sanction on any employee solely for the reason that such employee made or caused to be made a report under this act.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 3; L. 1983, ch. 149, § 3; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 3; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 4; July 1.

39-1404. Same; duties of department of social and rehabilitation services and department of health and environment; personal visit; investigation and evaluation; information provided to certain persons. (a) The department of health and environment or the department of social and rehabilitation services upon receiving a report that a resident is being, or has been, abused, neglected or exploited, or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation or is in need of protective services shall:

- (1) When a criminal act has occurred or has appeared to have occurred, immediately notify, in writing, the appropriate law enforcement agency;
- (2) Make a personal visit with the involved resident: (A) Within 24 hours when the information from the reporter indicates imminent danger to the health or welfare of the involved resident;
- (B) within three working days for all reports of suspected abuse, when the information from the reporter indicates no imminent danger; or
- (C) within five working days for all reports of neglect or exploitation when the information from the reporter indicates no imminent danger.
- (3) Complete, within 30 working days of receiving a report, a thorough investigation and evaluation to determine the situation relative to the condition of the involved resident and what action and services, if any, are required. The investigation shall include, but not be limited to, consultation with those individuals having knowledge of the facts of the particular case; and
- (4) Prepare, upon a completion of the evaluation of each case, a written assessment which shall include an analysis of whether there is or has been abuse, neglect or exploitation; recommended action; a determination of whether protective services are needed; and any follow up.
 - (b) The department which investigates the report shall inform the complainant, upon request of the complainant, that an investigation has been made and, if the allegations of abuse, neglect or exploitation have been substantiated, that corrective measures will be taken if required upon completion of the investigation or sooner if such measures do not jeopardize the investigation.
 - (c) the department on aging may inform the chief administrative officer of a facility as defined by K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto within 30 days of confirmed findings of resident abuse, neglect or exploitation.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 4; L. 1983, ch. 149, § 4; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 4; L. 1997, ch. 161, § 5; L. 1998, ch. 200, § 6; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 5; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 27; July 1.

39-1405. Same; protective services; injunction. (a) The secretary of aging shall forward to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services any finding with respect to residents defined under (a)(1) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, who may be in need of protective services. The secretary of health and environment shall forward to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services any finding with respect to residents defined under (a)(2) of K.S.A. 39-1401, and amendments thereto, who may be in need of protective services. If the secretary of social and rehabilitation services determines that a resident is in need of protective services, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall provide the necessary protective services, if a resident consents, or if the resident lacks capacity to consent, the secretary may obtain consent from such resident's legal representative. If a resident or such resident's legal representative, or both, fails to consent and the secretary of social and rehabilitation services has reason to believe that such a resident lacks capacity to consent, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall determine pursuant to K.S.A. 39-1408 and amendments thereto whether a petition for appointment of a guardian or conservator, or both, should be filed.

(b) If the caretaker or legal representative, or both, of a resident who has consented to the receipt of reasonable and necessary protective services refuses to allow the provision of such services to such resident, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services may seek to obtain an injunction enjoining the caretaker or legal representative, or both, from interfering with the provision of protective services to the resident. The petition in such action shall allege specific facts sufficient to show that the resident is in need of protective services and consents to their provision and that the caretaker or legal representative, or both, refuses to allow the provision of such services. If the judge, by clear and convincing evidence, finds that the resident is in need of protective services and has been prevented by the caretaker or legal representative, or both, from receiving such services, the judge shall issue an order enjoining the caretaker or legal representative, or both, from interfering with the provision of protective services to the resident. The court may appoint a new legal representative if the court deems that it is in the best interest of the resident.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 5; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 5; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 6; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 28; July 1.

39-1406. Same; persons authorized access to relevant records; authority to take actions to assist residents. Any person, department or agency authorized to carry out the duties enumerated in this act, including investigating law enforcement agencies and the long-term care ombudsman shall have access to all relevant records. The authority of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, the secretary of health and environment, and the secretary of aging under this act shall include, but not be limited to, the right to initiate or otherwise take those actions necessary to assure the health, safety and welfare of any resident, subject to any specific requirement for individual consent of the resident.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 6; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 6; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 7; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 29; July 1.

39-1407. Consent of resident to protective services; court authorization. If a resident does not consent to the receipt of reasonable and necessary protective services, or if such person withdraws the consent, such services shall not be provided or continued, except that if the secretary of social and rehabilitation services has reason to believe that such resident lacks capacity to consent, the secretary may seek court authorization to provide necessary services, as provided in K.S.A. 39-1408, and amendments thereto.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 7; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 8; July 1.

39-1408. Same; petition for appointment of guardian or conservator; appointment of attorney to represent resident, when. (a) If the secretary of social and rehabilitation services finds that a resident is being or has been abused, neglected or exploited or is in a condition which is the result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation and lacks capacity to consent to reasonable and necessary protective services, the secretary may petition the district court for appointment of a guardian or conservator, or both, for the resident pursuant to the provisions of the act for obtaining a guardian or conservator, or both, in order to obtain such consent.

(b) In any proceeding in district court pursuant to provisions of this act, the district court shall appoint an attorney to represent the resident if the resident is without other legal representation.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 8; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 7; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 9; July 1.

39-1409. Same; assistance of appropriate public or private agencies, groups or individuals. In performing the duties set forth in this act, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, the secretary of health and environment, the secretary of aging or an appropriate law enforcement agency may request the assistance of the staffs and resources of all appropriate state departments, agencies and commissions and local health departments and may utilize any other public or private agency, group or individual who is appropriate and who may be available to assist such department or agency in the investigation and determination of whether a resident is being, or has been, abused, neglected or exploited or is in a condition which is a result of such abuse, neglect or exploitation, except that any internal investigation conducted by any caretaker under investigation shall be limited to the least serious category of report as specified by the secretary of health and environment, the secretary of aging or the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, as applicable.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 9; L. 1990, ch. 153, § 8; L. 1998, ch. 200, § 7; L. 2003, ch. 91, § 10; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 30; July 1.

39-1410. Review subsequent to authorization of protective services; continuation of protective services; reevaluations. Subsequent to the authorization for the provision of necessary protective services, the secretary of social and rehabilitation services shall initiate a review of each case within forty-five (45) days, to determine whether continuation of, or modification in, the services provided is warranted. A decision to continue the provision of such services should be made in concert with

appropriate personnel from other involved state and local groups, agencies and departments, and shall comply with the consent provisions of this act. Reevaluations of such case shall be made not less than every six months thereafter.

History: L. 1980, ch. 124, § 10; July 1.

39-1411. Register of reports; findings forwarded to certain state regulatory authorities; consideration of findings; certain information confidential and not subject to open records act; disclosure of certain individuals prohibited. (a) The secretary of aging shall maintain a register of the reports received and investigated by the department on aging under K.S.A. 39-1402 and 39-1403, and amendments to such sections, and the findings, evaluations and actions recommended by the department on aging with respect to such reports. The secretary of health and environment shall maintain a register of the reports received and investigated by the department of health and environment under K.S.A. 39-1402 and 39-1403, and amendments thereto, and the findings, evaluations and actions recommended by the department of health and environment with respect to such reports. The findings, evaluations and actions shall be subject to the Kansas administrative procedure act and any requirements of state or federal law relating thereto except that the secretary shall not be required to conduct a hearing in cases forwarded to the appropriate state authority under subsection (b). The register shall be available for inspection by personnel of the department of health and environment or the department on aging as specified by the secretary of health and environment or the secretary of aging and to such other persons as may be required by federal law and designated by the secretary of health and environment or the secretary of aging by rules and regulations. Information from the register shall be provided as specified in K.S.A. 65-6205 and amendments thereto.

(b) The secretary of aging shall forward any finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation alleged to be committed by a provider of services licensed, registered or otherwise authorized to provide services in this state to the appropriate state authority which regulates such provider. The secretary of health and environment shall forward any finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation alleged to be committed by a provider of services licensed, registered or otherwise authorized to provide services in this state to the appropriate state authority which regulates such provider. The appropriate state regulatory authority, after notice to the alleged perpetrator and a hearing on such matter if requested by the alleged perpetrator, may consider the finding in any disciplinary action taken with respect to the provider of services under the jurisdiction of such authority. The secretary of aging may consider the finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation in any licensing action taken with respect to any adult care home or medical care facility under the jurisdiction of the secretary of aging. The secretary of health and environment may consider the finding of abuse, neglect or exploitation in any licensing action taken with respect to any medical care facility under the jurisdiction of the secretary of health and environment.

(c) If the investigation of the department of health and environment or the department on aging indicates reason to believe that the resident is in need of protective services, that finding and all information relating to that finding shall be forwarded by the secretary of health and environment or the secretary of aging to the secretary of social and rehabilitation services.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the report received by the department of health and environment or the department on aging and the written findings, evaluations and actions recommended shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the open records act. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the name of the person making the original report to the department of health and environment or the department on aging or any person mentioned in such report shall not be disclosed unless such person specifically requests or agrees in writing to such disclosure or unless a judicial or administrative proceeding results therefrom. In the event that an administrative or judicial action arises, no use of the information shall be made until the judge or presiding officer makes a specific finding, in writing, after a hearing, that under all the circumstances the need for the information outweighs the need for confidentiality. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no information contained in the register shall be made available to the public in such a manner as to identify individuals.

History: L. 1990, ch. 153, § 9; L. 1991, ch.121, § 1; L. 1997, ch. 161, § 6; L. 2000, ch. 146, § 1; L. 2003, ch. 149, § 31; July 1.

39-1412. Transfer of certain powers, duties and functions of secretary of health and environment to secretary of aging; preservation of certain actions. (a) On July 1, 2003, certain powers, duties and functions of the secretary of health and environment under K.S.A. 39-1401 through 39-1411, and amendments thereto, are hereby transferred from the secretary of health and environment to the secretary of aging, as provided by this act.

(b) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, which pertains to any of the transferred reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, which is lawfully commenced, or could have been commenced, by or against the secretary of health and environment in such secretary's official capacity or in relation to the discharge of such secretary's official duties, shall abate by reason of the transfer of such program. The secretary of aging shall be named or substituted as the defendant in place of the secretary of health and environment in any suit, action or other proceeding involving claims arising from facts or events first occurring either on or before the date the pertinent program is transferred or on any date thereafter.

(c) No suit, action or other proceeding, judicial or administrative, pertaining to the reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents which otherwise would have been dismissed or concluded shall continue to exist by reason of any transfer under this act.

(d) Any final appeal decision of the department of health and environment entered pursuant to K.S.A. 39-1401 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the Kansas judicial review act, K.S.A. 77-601 et seq., and amendments thereto, currently pertaining to reporting of abuse, neglect or exploitation of adult care home residents, transferred pursuant to this act shall be binding upon and applicable to the secretary of aging and the department on aging.

History: L. 2003, ch. 149, § 25; L. 2010, ch. 17, § 65; July 1.

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DEFINITIONS

26-39-100. Definitions.

The following terms and definitions shall apply to all of the department's regulations governing adult care homes:

(a) "Activities director" means an individual who meets at least one of the following requirements:

(1) Has a degree in therapeutic recreation;

(2) is licensed in Kansas as an occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant;

(3) has a bachelor's degree in a therapeutic activity field in art therapy, horticultural therapy, music therapy, special education, or a related therapeutic activity field;

(4) is certified as a therapeutic recreation specialist or as an activities professional by a recognized accrediting body;

(5) has two years of experience in a social or recreational program within the last five years, one of which was full-time in an activities program in a health care setting; or

(6) has completed a course approved by the Kansas department of health and environment in resident activities coordination and receives consultation from a therapeutic recreation specialist, an occupational therapist, an occupational therapy assistant, or an individual with a bachelor's degree in art therapy, music therapy, or horticultural therapy.

(b) "Addition" means an increase in the building area, aggregate floor area, or number of stories of an adult care home.

(c) "Administrator" means an individual who is responsible for the general administration of an adult care home, whether or not the individual has an ownership interest in the adult care home. Each administrator of an adult care home shall be licensed in accordance with K.S.A. 65-3501 et seq. and amendments thereto.

(d) "Adult care home" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(e) "Adult day care" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(f) "Advanced registered nurse practitioner" means an individual who is certified by the Kansas board of nursing as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.

(g) "Ambulatory resident" means any resident who is physically and mentally capable of performing the following without the assistance of another person:

- (1) Getting in and out of bed; and
- (2) walking between locations in the living environment.

(h) "Applicant" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company, association, or joint stock association requesting a license to operate an adult care home.

(i) "Assisted living facility" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(j) "Audiologist" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as an audiologist.

(k) "Basement" means the part of a building that is below grade.

(l) "Biologicals" means medicinal preparations made from living organisms and their products, including serums, vaccines, antigens, and antitoxins.

(m) "Boarding care home" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(n) "Case manager" means an individual assigned to a resident to provide assistance in access and coordination of information and services in a program authorized by the Kansas department on aging, the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services, or the Kansas health policy authority.

(o) "Change of ownership" means any transaction that results in a change of control over the capital assets of an adult care home.

(p) "Chemical restraint" means a medication or biological that meets the following conditions:

- (1) Is used to control a resident's behavior or restrict a resident's freedom of movement; and
- (2) is not a standard treatment for a resident's medical or psychiatric condition.

(q) "Clinical record" means the record that includes all the information and entries reflecting each resident's course of stay in an adult care home.

(r) "Contaminated laundry" means any clothes or linens that have been soiled with body substances including blood, stool, urine, vomitus, or other potentially infectious material.

(s) "Controlled substance" means any medication, substance, or immediate precursor included in any of the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105, K.S.A. 65-4107, K.S.A. 65-4109, K.S.A. 65-4111, and K.S.A. 65-4113, and amendments thereto.

(t) "Day shift" means any eight-hour to 12-hour work period that occurs between the hours of 6 a.m. and 9 p.m.

(u) "Department" means the Kansas department on aging.

(v) "Dietetic services supervisor" means an individual who meets one of the following requirements:

(1) Is licensed in Kansas as a dietitian;

(2) has an associate's degree in dietetic technology from a program approved by the American dietetic association;

(3) is a dietary manager who is certified by the board of the dietary managers' association; or

(4) has training and experience in dietetic services supervision and management that are determined by the Kansas department on aging to be equivalent in content to the requirement specified in paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection.

(w) "Dietitian" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as a dietitian.

(x) "Direct care staff" means the individuals employed by or working under contract for an adult care home who assist residents in activities of daily living. These activities may include the following:

(1) Ambulating;

(2) bathing;

- (3) bed mobility;
- (4) dressing;
- (5) eating;
- (6) personal hygiene;
- (7) toileting; and
- (8) transferring.

(y) "Director of nursing" means a position in a nursing facility or a nursing facility for mental health that is held by one or more individuals who meet the following requirements:

- (1) Each individual shall be licensed in Kansas as a registered professional nurse.
- (2) If only one individual serves in this position, the individual shall be employed at least 35 hours each week.
- (3) If more than one individual serves in this position, the individuals shall be employed collectively for a total of at least 40 hours each week.
- (4) Each individual shall have the responsibility, administrative authority, and accountability for the supervision of nursing care provided to residents in the nursing facility or the nursing facility for mental health.

(z) "Full-time" means 35 or more hours each week.

(aa) "Health information management practitioner" means an individual who is certified as a registered health information administrator or a registered health information technician by the American health information management association.

(bb) "Home plus" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(cc) "Interdisciplinary team" means the following group of individuals:

- (1) A registered nurse with responsibility for the care of the residents; and
- (2) other appropriate staff, as identified by resident comprehensive assessments, who are responsible for the development of care plans for residents.

(dd) "Intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(ee) "Legal representative" means an agent acting within the bounds of the agent's legal authority who meets any of the following criteria:

(1) Has been designated by a resident to serve as the resident's trustee, power of attorney, durable power of attorney, or power of attorney for health care decisions;

(2) is a court-appointed guardian or conservator authorized to act on behalf of the resident in accordance with K.S.A. 59-3051 et seq. and amendments thereto; or

(3) if the resident is a minor, is either of the following:

(A) A natural guardian, as defined in K.S.A. 59-3051 and amendments thereto; or

(B) a court-appointed guardian, conservator, trustee, or an individual or agency vested with custody of the minor pursuant to the revised Kansas code for care of children, K.S.A. 38-2201 through 38-2283, and amendments thereto, or the revised Kansas juvenile justice code, K.S.A. 38-2301 through 38-2387, and amendments thereto.

(ff) "Licensed mental health technician" means an individual licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a licensed mental health technician.

(gg) "Licensed nurse" means an individual licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a registered professional nurse or licensed practical nurse.

(hh) "Licensed practical nurse" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a licensed practical nurse and is supervised by a registered professional nurse, in accordance with K.S.A. 65-1113 and amendments thereto.

(ii) "Licensee" means an individual, firm, partnership, association, company, corporation, or joint stock association authorized by a license obtained from the secretary of aging to operate an adult care home.

(jj) "Medical care provider" means any of the following individuals:

(1) A physician licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts to practice medicine and surgery in accordance with K.S.A. 65-28,102 and amendments thereto;

(2) a physician assistant who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts in accordance with K.S.A. 65-28a02 and amendments thereto and who provides health care services under the direction and supervision of a responsible physician;

(3) an advanced registered nurse practitioner who is licensed by the Kansas board of nursing in accordance with K.S.A. 65-1113 and amendments thereto and who provides health care services in accordance with article 11 of the Kansas board of nursing's regulations.

(kk) "Medication" means any "drug" as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments thereto.

(ll) "Medication administration" means an act in which a single dose of a prescribed medication or biological is given by application, injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means to a resident by an authorized person in accordance with all laws and regulations governing the administration of medications and biologicals. Medication administration shall consist of the following:

- (1) Removing a single dose from a labeled container, including a unit-dose container;
- (2) verifying the medication and dose with the medical care provider's orders;
- (3) administering the dose to the proper resident; and
- (4) documenting the dose in the resident's clinical record.

(mm) "Medication aide" means an individual who has a medication aide certificate issued by the Kansas department of health and environment according to K.A.R. 28-39-169b and is supervised by a licensed nurse.

(nn) "Medication dispensing" means the delivery of one or more doses of a medication by a licensed pharmacist or physician. The medication shall be dispensed in a container and labeled in compliance with state and federal laws and regulations.

(oo) "Non-ambulatory resident" means any resident who is not physically or mentally capable of performing the following without the assistance of another person:

- (1) Getting in and out of bed; and
- (2) walking between locations in the living environment.

(pp) "Nurse aide" means an individual who has a nurse aide certificate issued by the Kansas department of health and environment according to K.A.R. 28-39-165 and is supervised by a licensed nurse.

(qq) "Nurse aide trainee" means an individual who is in the process of completing a nurse aide training program as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 or K.A.R. 28-39-167 and has not been issued a nurse aide certificate by the Kansas department of health and environment.

(rr) "Nursing facility" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(ss) "Nursing facility for mental health" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(tt) "Nursing personnel" means all of the following:

- (1) Registered professional nurses;
- (2) licensed practical nurses;
- (3) licensed mental health technicians in nursing facilities for mental health;
- (4) medication aides;
- (5) nurse aides;
- (6) nurse aide trainees; and
- (7) paid nutrition assistants.

(uu) "Nursing unit" means a distinct area of a nursing facility serving not more than 60 residents and including the service areas and rooms described in K.A.R. 26-40-302 and K.A.R. 26-40-303.

(vv) "Occupational therapist" means an individual who is licensed with the Kansas board of healing arts as an occupational therapist.

(ww) "Occupational therapy assistant" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts as an occupational therapy assistant.

(xx) "Operator" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(yy) "Paid nutrition assistant" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto. In addition, each paid nutrition assistant shall meet the following requirements:

(1) Have successfully completed a nutrition assistant course approved by the Kansas department of health and environment;

(2) provide assistance with eating to residents of an adult care home based on an assessment by the supervising licensed nurse, the resident's most recent minimum data set assessment or functional capacity screening, and the resident's current care plan or negotiated service agreement;

(3) provide assistance with eating to residents who do not have complicated eating problems, including difficulty swallowing, recurrent lung aspirations, and tube, parenteral, or intravenous feedings;

(4) be supervised by a licensed nurse on duty in the facility; and

(5) contact the supervising licensed nurse verbally or on the resident call system for help in case of an emergency.

(zz) "Personal care" means assistance provided to a resident to enable the resident to perform activities of daily living, including ambulating, bathing, bed mobility, dressing, eating, personal hygiene, toileting, and transferring.

(aaa) "Pharmacist" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments thereto.

(bbb) "Physical restraint" means any method or any physical device, material, or equipment attached or adjacent to the resident's body and meeting the following criteria:

(1) Cannot be easily removed by the resident; and

(2) restricts freedom of movement or normal access to the resident's body.

(ccc) "Physical therapist" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts as a physical therapist.

(ddd) "Physical therapy assistant" means an individual who is certified by the Kansas board of healing arts as a physical therapy assistant.

(eee) "Physician" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 65-28,102 and amendments thereto.

(fff) "Psychopharmacologic drug" means any medication prescribed with the intent of controlling mood, mental status, or behavior.

(ggg) "Registered professional nurse" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas state board of nursing as a registered professional nurse.

(hhh) "Renovation" means a change to an adult care home that affects the building's structural integrity or life safety system.

(iii) "Resident" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(jjj) "Resident capacity" means the number of an adult care home's beds or adult day care slots, as licensed by the Kansas department on aging.

(kkk) "Residential health care facility" has the meaning specified in K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(lll) "Respite care" means the provision of services to a resident on an intermittent basis for periods of fewer than 30 days at any one time.

(mmm) "Restraint" is the control and limitation of a resident's movement by physical, mechanical, or chemical means.

(nnn) "Sanitization" means effective bactericidal treatment by a process that reduces the bacterial count, including pathogens, to a safe level on utensils and equipment.

(ooo) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department on aging.

(ppp) "Self-administration of medication" means the determination by a resident of when to take a medication or biological and how to apply, inject, inhale, ingest, or take a medication or biological by any other means, without assistance from nursing staff.

(qqq) "Significant change in condition" means a decline or improvement in a resident's mental, psychosocial, or physical functioning that requires a change in the resident's comprehensive plan of care or negotiated service agreement.

(rrr) "Social services designee" means an individual who meets at least one of the following qualifications:

(1) Is licensed by the Kansas behavioral sciences regulatory board as a social worker;

(2) has a bachelor's degree in a human service field, including social work, sociology, special education, rehabilitation counseling, or psychology, and receives supervision from a licensed social worker; or

(3) has completed a course in social services coordination approved by the Kansas department of health and environment and receives supervision from a licensed social worker on a regular basis.

(sss) "Social worker" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas behavioral sciences regulatory board as a social worker.

(ttt) "Speech-language pathologist" means an individual who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as a speech-language pathologist.

(uuu) "Working day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or day designated as a holiday by the United States congress or the Kansas legislature or governor. (Authorized by K.S.A. 39-932; implementing K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 39-923 and K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009; amended January 7, 2011.)

LICENSURE

26-39-101. Licensure of adult care homes.

(a) Initiation of application process.

(1) Each applicant for a license to operate an adult care home shall submit a letter of intent to the department.

(2) The letter of intent shall include all of the following information:

(A) The type of adult care home license being requested;

(B) the name, address, and telephone number of the applicant; and

(C) the street address or legal description of the proposed site.

(b) Initial licensure application.

(1) Each applicant for an initial license shall submit the following to the department:

(A) A completed application on a form prescribed by the department;

(B) a copy of each legal document identifying ownership and control, including applicable deeds, leases, and management agreements;

(C) any required approval of other owners or mortgagors;

(D) curriculum vitae or resumes of all facility and corporate staff responsible for the operation and supervision of the business affairs of the facility;

(E) a complete list of names and addresses of facilities that the applicant operates in states other than Kansas; and

(F) a financial statement projecting the first month's operating income and expenses with a current balance sheet showing at least one month's operating expenses in cash or owner's equity. All financial statements shall be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles and certified by the applicant to be accurate.

(2) A license shall be issued by the department if all of the following requirements are met:

- (A) A licensure application has been completed by the applicant.
 - (B) Construction of the facility or phase is completed.
 - (C) The facility is found to meet all applicable requirements of the law.
 - (D) The applicant is found to qualify for a license under K.S.A. 39-928 and amendments thereto.
- (c) Change of ownership or licensee.
- (1) The current licensee shall notify the department, in writing, of any anticipated change in the information that is recorded on the current license at least 60 days before the proposed effective date of change.
 - (2) Each applicant proposing to purchase, lease, or manage an adult care home shall submit the following information, if applicable, to the department:
 - (A) A completed application form prescribed by the department;
 - (B) a copy of each legal document transferring ownership or control, including sales contracts, leases, deeds, and management agreements;
 - (C) any required approval of other owners or mortgagors;
 - (D) curriculum vitae or resumes of all facility and corporate staff responsible for the operation and supervision of the business affairs of the facility;
 - (E) a complete list of names and addresses of facilities the applicant operates in states other than Kansas; and
 - (F) a financial statement projecting the first month's operating income and expenses with a current balance sheet showing at least one month's operating expenses in cash or owner's equity. All financial statements shall be prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles and certified by the applicant as accurate.
 - (3) A new license shall be issued by the department if a complete application and the required forms have been received and the applicant is found to qualify for a license under K.S.A. 39-928 and amendments thereto.

(d) New construction or conversion of an existing unlicensed building to an adult care home.

(1) Each applicant for a nursing facility, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, assisted living facility or residential health care facility shall request approval of the site at least 30 days before construction begins. The written request for site approval shall include all of the following information:

(A) The name and telephone number of the individual to be contacted by evaluation personnel;

(B) the dimensions and boundaries of the site; and

(C) the name of the public utility or municipality that provides services to the site, including water, sewer, electricity, and natural gas.

(2) Intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded shall not have more than one residential building with 16 beds or less located on one site or on contiguous sites. The residential buildings shall be dispersed geographically to achieve integration and harmony with the community or neighborhoods in which the buildings are located.

(3) The applicant shall submit one copy of the final plans for new construction or conversion of an existing unlicensed building, for the entire project or phase to be completed, which shall be sealed, signed, and certified by a licensed architect to be in compliance with the following regulations:

(A) For a nursing facility, K.A.R. 26-40-301 through K.A.R. 26-40-305;

(B) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 16 beds or less, K.A.R. 28-39-225;

(C) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 17 or more beds, K.A.R. 26-40-301 through K.A.R. 26-40-305 governing the physical environment of nursing facilities; and

(D) for an assisted living facility or a residential health care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-254 through K.A.R. 28-39-256.

(4) The applicant shall provide the department with a 30-day notice of each of the following:

(A) The date on which the architect estimates that 50 percent of the construction will be completed; and

(B) the date on which the architect estimates that all construction will be completed.

(5) The applicant for new construction or conversion of an existing unlicensed building to a home plus, boarding care home, or adult day care facility shall submit a drawing of the proposed facility that includes identification and dimensions of rooms or areas as required in the following regulations:

(A) For a home plus, K.A.R. 28-39-437;

(B) for a boarding care home, K.A.R. 28-39-411; and

(C) for an adult day care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-289 through K.A.R. 28-39-291.

(6) The applicant shall submit to the department any changes from the plans, specifications, or drawings on file at the department.

(e) Additions and renovations.

(1) The licensee shall submit one copy of final plans, which shall be sealed, signed, and certified by a licensed architect to be in compliance with the following regulations:

(A) For a nursing facility, K.A.R. 26-40-301 through K.A.R. 26-40-305;

(B) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 16 beds or less, K.A.R. 28-39-225;

(C) for an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded with 17 or more beds, K.A.R. 26-40-301 through K.A.R. 26-40-305 governing the physical environment of nursing facilities;

(D) for an assisted living facility or a residential health care facility, K.A.R. 28-39-254 through K.A.R. 28-39-256; and

(E) for a nursing facility for mental health, K.A.R. 28-39-227.

(2) The licensee shall submit to the department a 30-day notice for each of the following:

(A) The date on which the architect estimates that 50 percent of the construction will be completed;

(B) the date on which the architect estimates all construction will be completed; and

(C) any changes in the plans or specifications information for the addition or renovation.

(f) Change in use of a required room or area. If an administrator or operator changes resident bedrooms, individual living units, and apartments used for an alternative purpose back to resident bedrooms, individual living units, and apartments, the administrator or operator shall obtain the secretary's approval before the change is made.

(g) Change of resident capacity. Each licensee shall submit a written request for any proposed change in resident capacity to the department. The effective date of a change in resident capacity shall be the first day of the month following department approval.

(h) Change of administrator, director of nursing, or operator. Each licensee of an adult care home shall notify the department within two working days if there is a change in administrator, director of nursing, or operator. When a new administrator or director of nursing is employed, the licensee shall notify the department of the name, address, and Kansas license number of the new administrator or director of nursing. When a new operator is employed, the licensee shall notify the department of the name and address of the new operator and provide evidence that the individual has completed the operator course as specified by the secretary of the Kansas department of health and environment pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 and amendments thereto.

(i) Administrator or operator supervision of multiple homes. An administrator or operator may supervise more than one separately licensed adult care home if the following requirements are met:

(1) Each licensee shall request prior authorization from the department for a licensed administrator or an operator to supervise more than one separately licensed adult care home. The request shall be submitted on the appropriate form and include assurance that the lack of full-time, on-site supervision of the adult care homes will not adversely affect the health and welfare of residents.

(2) All of the adult care homes shall be located within a geographic area that allows for daily on-site supervision of all of the adult care homes by the administrator or operator.

(3) The combined resident capacities of separately licensed nursing facilities, assisted living facilities, residential health care facilities, homes plus, and adult day care facilities shall not exceed 120 for a licensed administrator.

(4) The combined resident capacities of separately licensed assisted living facilities, residential health care facilities, homes plus, and adult day care facilities shall not exceed 60 for an operator.

(5) The combined number of homes plus shall not exceed four homes for a licensed administrator or an operator.

(j) Reports. Each licensee shall file reports with the department on forms and at times prescribed by the department.

(k) Fees. Each initial application for a license and each annual report filed with the department shall be accompanied by a fee of \$30.00 for each resident in the stated resident capacity plus \$100.00. Each requested change in resident capacity shall be accompanied by a fee of \$30.00 for each resident increase or decrease in the stated resident capacity plus \$100.00. No refund of the fee shall be made if a license application is denied. (Authorized by K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 39-930, K.S.A. 39-932, and K.S.A. 39-933; implementing K.S.A. 39-927, K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 39-930, K.S.A. 39-932, and K.S.A. 39-933; effective May 22, 2009; amended January 7, 2011.)

ADMISSION, TRANSFER, DISCHARGE

26-39-102. Admission, transfer, and discharge rights of residents in adult care homes.

(a) Each licensee, administrator, or operator shall develop written admission policies regarding the admission of residents. The admission policy shall meet the following requirements:

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure the admission of only those individuals whose physical, mental, and psychosocial needs can be met within the accommodations and services available in the adult care home.

(A) Each resident in a nursing facility or nursing facility for mental health shall be admitted under the care of a physician licensed to practice in Kansas.

(B) The administrator or operator shall ensure that no children under the age of 16 are admitted to the adult care home.

(C) The administrator or operator shall allow the admission of an individual in need of specialized services for mental illness to the adult care home only if accommodations and treatment that will assist that individual to achieve and maintain the highest practicable level of physical, mental, and psychosocial functioning are available.

(2) Before admission, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall inform the prospective resident or the resident's legal representative in writing of the rates and charges for the adult care home's services and of the resident's obligations regarding payment. This information shall include the refund policy of the adult care home.

(3) At the time of admission, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall execute with the resident or the resident's legal representative a written agreement that describes in detail the services and goods the resident will receive and specifies the obligations that the resident has toward the adult care home.

(4) An admission agreement shall not include a general waiver of liability for the health and safety of residents.

(5) Each admission agreement shall be written in clear and unambiguous language and printed clearly in black type that is 12-point type or larger.

(b) At the time of admission, adult care home staff shall inform the resident or the resident's legal representative, in writing, of the state statutes related to advance medical directives.

(1) If a resident has an advance medical directive currently in effect, the facility shall keep a copy on file in the resident's clinical record.

(2) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall ensure the development and implementation of policies and procedures related to advance medical directives.

(c) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide a copy of resident rights, the adult care home's policies and procedures for advance medical directives, and the adult care home's grievance policy to each resident or the resident's legal representative before the prospective resident signs any admission agreement.

(d) The administrator or operator of each adult care home shall ensure that each resident is permitted to remain in the adult care home and is not transferred or discharged from the adult care home unless one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare, and the resident's needs cannot be met in the current adult care home.

(2) The safety of other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.

(3) The health of other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.

(4) The resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay the rates and charges imposed by the adult care home.

(5) The adult care home ceases to operate.

(e) Before a resident is transferred or discharged involuntarily, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall perform the following:

(1) Notify the resident, the resident's legal representative, and if known, a designated family member of the transfer or discharge and the reasons; and

(2) record the reason for the transfer or discharge under any of the circumstances specified in paragraphs (d) (1) through (4) in the resident's clinical record, which shall be substantiated as follows:

(A) The resident's physician shall document the rationale for transfer or discharge in the resident's clinical record if the transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met by the adult care home;

(B) the resident's physician shall document the rationale for transfer or discharge in the resident's clinical record if the transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so that the resident no longer needs the services provided by the adult care home; and

(C) a physician shall document the rationale for transfer or discharge in the resident's clinical record if the transfer or discharge is necessary because the health or safety of other individuals in the adult care home is endangered.

(f) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide a notice of transfer or discharge in writing to the resident or resident's legal representative at least 30 days before the resident is transferred or discharged involuntarily, unless one of the following conditions is met:

(1) The safety of other individuals in the adult care home would be endangered.

(2) The resident's urgent medical needs require an immediate transfer to another health care facility.

(g) Each written transfer or discharge notice shall include the following:

(1) The reason for the transfer or discharge;

(2) the effective date of the transfer or discharge;

(3) the address and telephone number of the complaint program of the Kansas department on aging where a complaint related to involuntary transfer or discharge can be registered;

(4) the address and telephone number of the state long-term care ombudsman; and

(5) for residents who have developmental disabilities or who are mentally ill, the address and telephone number of the Kansas advocacy and protection organization.

(h) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide sufficient preparation and orientation to each resident before discharge to ensure a safe and orderly transfer and discharge from the adult care home.

(i) The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall ensure the development of a discharge plan, with the involvement of the resident, the resident's legal representative, and designated family when practicable.

(j) If the resident is transferred or discharged to another health care facility, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall ensure that sufficient information accompanies the resident to ensure continuity of care in the new facility.

(k) Before a resident in a nursing facility, nursing facility for mental health, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, assisted living facility, residential health care facility, or home plus is transferred to a hospital or goes on therapeutic leave, the administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide written information to the resident or the resident's legal representative and, if agreed to by the resident or the resident's legal representative, the resident's family, that specifies the following:

(1) The period of time during which the resident is permitted to return and resume residence in the facility;

(2) the cost to the resident, if any, to hold the resident's bedroom, apartment, individual living unit, or adult day care slot until the resident's return; and

(3) a provision that when the resident's hospitalization or therapeutic leave exceeds the period identified in the policy of a nursing facility, the resident will be readmitted to the nursing facility upon the first availability of a comparable room if the resident requires the services provided by the nursing facility.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009.)

RESIDENT RIGHTS

26-39-103. Resident rights in adult care homes.

(a) Protection and promotion of resident rights. Each administrator or operator shall ensure the protection and promotion of the rights of each resident as set forth in this regulation. Each resident shall have a right to a dignified existence, self-determination, and communication with and access to persons and services inside and outside the adult care home.

(b) Exercise of rights.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to exercise the resident's rights as a resident of the adult care home and as a citizen.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to be free from interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal from adult care home staff in exercising the resident's rights.

(3) If a resident is adjudged incompetent under the laws of the state of Kansas, the resident's legal representative shall have the power to exercise rights on behalf of the resident.

(4) In the case of a resident who has executed a durable power of attorney for health care decisions, the agent may exercise the rights of the resident to the extent provided by K.S.A. 58-625 et seq. and amendments thereto.

(c) Notice of rights and services.

(1) Before admission, the administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident or the resident's legal representative is informed, both orally and in writing, of the following in a language the resident or the resident's legal representative understands:

(A) The rights of the resident;

(B) the rules governing resident conduct and responsibility;

(C) the current rate for the level of care and services to be provided; and

(D) if applicable, any additional fees that will be charged for optional services.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident or the resident's legal representative is notified in writing of any changes in charges or services that occur after

admission and at least 30 days before the effective date of the change. The changes shall not take place until notice is given, unless the change is due to a change in level of care.

(d) Inspection of records.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident or resident's legal representative is afforded the right to inspect records pertaining to the resident. The administrator or operator, or the designee, shall provide a photocopy of the resident's record or requested sections of the resident's record to each resident or resident's legal representative within two working days of the request. If a fee is charged for the copy, the fee shall be reasonable and not exceed actual cost, including staff time.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure access to each resident's records for inspection and photocopying by any representative of the department.

(e) Informed of health status. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident and the resident's legal representative are afforded the right to be fully informed of the resident's total health status, including the resident's medical condition.

(f) Free choice. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident, or resident's legal representative on behalf of the resident, is afforded the right to perform the following:

(1) Choose a personal attending physician;

(2) participate in the development of an individual care plan or negotiated service agreement;

(3) refuse treatment;

(4) refuse to participate in experimental research; and

(5) choose the pharmacy where prescribed medications are purchased. If the adult care home uses a unit-dose or similar medication distribution system, the resident shall have the right to choose among pharmacies that offer or are willing to offer the same or a compatible system.

(g) Management of financial affairs. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to manage personal financial affairs and is not required to deposit personal funds with the adult care home.

(h) Notification of changes.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that designated facility staff inform the resident, consult with the resident's physician, and notify the resident's legal representative or designated family member, if known, upon occurrence of any of the following:

(A) An accident involving the resident that results in injury and has the potential for requiring a physician's intervention;

(B) a significant change in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial status;

(C) a need to alter treatment significantly; or

(D) a decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the adult care home.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that a designated staff member informs the resident, the resident's legal representative, or authorized family members whenever the designated staff member learns that the resident will have a change in room or roommate assignment.

(i) Privacy and confidentiality. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to personal privacy and confidentiality of personal and clinical records.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is provided privacy during medical and nursing treatment, written and telephone communications, personal care, visits, and meetings of family and resident groups.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that the personal and clinical records of the resident are maintained in a confidential manner.

(3) The administrator or operator shall ensure that a release signed by the resident or the resident's legal representative is obtained before records are released to anyone outside the adult care home, except in the case of transfer to another health care institution or as required by law.

(j) Grievances. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to the following:

(1) Voice grievances with respect to treatment or care that was or was not furnished;

(2) be free from discrimination or reprisal for voicing the grievances; and

(3) receive prompt efforts by the administrator or operator, or the designee, to resolve any grievances that the resident could have, including any grievance with respect to the behavior of other residents.

(k) Work.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to refuse to perform services for the adult care home.

(2) A resident may perform services for the adult care home, if the resident wishes and if all of the following conditions are met:

A) The administrator or operator, or the designee, has documented the resident's need or desire for work in the plan of care or negotiated service agreement.

(B) The plan of care or negotiated service agreement specifies the nature of the services performed and whether the services are voluntary or paid.

(C) The resident or resident's legal representative has signed a written agreement consenting to the work arrangement described in the plan of care or negotiated service agreement.

(l) Mail. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to privacy in written communications, including the right to the following:

(1) Have unopened mail sent and received promptly; and

(2) have access to stationery, postage, and writing implements at the resident's own expense.

(m) Access and visitation rights.

(1) The administrator or operator shall ensure the provision of immediate access to any resident by the following:

(A) Any representative of the secretary of the Kansas department on aging;

(B) the resident's attending medical care provider;

(C) the state long-term care ombudsman;

(D) any representative of the secretary of the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services;

(E) immediate family or other relatives of the resident; and

(F) others who are visiting with the consent of the resident subject to reasonable restrictions.

(2) The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to deny or withdraw visitation consent for any person at any time.

(n) Telephone. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to reasonable access to a telephone in a place where calls can be made without being overheard.

(o) Personal property. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to retain and use personal possessions, including furnishings and appropriate clothing as space permits, unless doing so would infringe upon the rights or health and safety of other residents.

(p) Married couples. The administrator or operator shall ensure that each resident is afforded the right to share a room with the resident's spouse if married residents live in the same adult care home and both spouses consent.

(q) Self-administration of medication. The administrator shall ensure that each resident in a nursing facility or a nursing facility for mental health is afforded the right to self-administer medications unless the resident's attending physician and the interdisciplinary team have determined that this practice is unsafe. In any assisted living facility, residential health care facility, home plus, or adult day care facility, a resident may self-administer medication if a licensed nurse has determined that the resident can perform this function safely and accurately.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009.)

RECEIVERSHIP

26-39-104. Receivership of adult care homes.

(a) A person may be designated by the secretary to be a receiver if that person meets the following requirements:

- (1) Has operated a Kansas adult care home for at least five consecutive years; and
- (2) has a history of compliance with licensure standards.

(b) A person designated as a receiver shall not use the designation for any commercial purpose.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 39-954; effective May 22, 2009.)

ADOPTIONS BY REFERENCE

26-39-105. Adoptions by reference.

(a) The following material shall apply to all adult care homes except nursing facilities for mental health, intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded, and boarding care homes:

(1) Dietary guidelines. In the “dietary guidelines for Americans,” 2005, published by the U.S. department of health and human services and U.S. department of agriculture, appendixes A-1 and A-2 and “notes for appendix A-2” are hereby adopted by reference.

(2) Infection control. The department’s document titled “tuberculosis (TB) guidelines for adult care homes,” dated July 2008, is hereby adopted by reference.

(b) The document adopted by reference in this subsection shall apply to each applicant for a nursing facility license and to each addition to a nursing facility licensed on or after the effective date of this regulation. The “international building code” (IBC), 2006 edition, published by the international code council, excluding the appendices, is hereby adopted by reference.

(c) The following material shall apply to all nursing facilities:

(1) Life safety code. Chapters one through 11, 18, 19, 40, and 42 of the national fire protection association’s NFPA 101 “life safety code” (LSC), 2000 edition, are hereby adopted by reference.

(2) Americans with disabilities act accessibility guidelines. Chapters one through four and chapter six of the “Americans with disabilities act accessibility guidelines for buildings and facilities” (ADAAG), 28 C.F.R. part 36, appendix A, as in effect on July 1, 1994, are hereby adopted by reference and shall be known as “ADAAG.”

(3) Food code. Chapters one through seven of the “food code,” 2009, published by the U.S. department of health and human services, are hereby adopted by reference. (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932; effective May 22, 2009; amended January 7, 2011.)

INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION REQUESTS

26-39-438. Informal dispute resolution requests.

Any adult care home administrator may request from the department an informal opportunity to dispute cited deficiencies pursuant to L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1 and amendments thereto. The adult care home administrator shall submit five copies of the request and the accompanying documentation required by L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1, and amendments thereto, to the department.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PANEL

26-39-439 Informal dispute resolution panel.

(a) An informal dispute resolution panel, which is also known as an independent review panel, shall be appointed by the secretary. The membership of each informal dispute resolution panel shall consist of the members authorized by L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1 and amendments thereto.

(b) If an adult care home administrator requests a face-to-face meeting, the meeting shall be conducted at the department's administrative offices in Topeka, Kansas.

(c) The panel shall allow a representative of the adult care home to provide information and documentation that refute the disputed deficiency or deficiencies.

(d) The panel shall allow a representative of the department to provide information and documentation that support the cited deficiencies.

(e) The panel shall consider the following information during the informal dispute resolution process:

- (1) The cited deficiency or deficiencies;
- (2) the applicable state or federal regulations;
- (3) the applicable state or federal interpretative guidelines;

(4) any relevant information and documentation related to the statement of deficiencies provided by the adult care home representative; and

(5) any relevant information and documentation related to the statement of deficiencies provided by the department's staff.

(f)(1) Each panel member shall adhere to departmental confidentiality requirements related to the information presented in the informal dispute resolution process, including the provisions of K.S.A. 39-934 and K.S.A. 39-1411, and amendments thereto.

(2) Each person who is not an employee of the department on aging shall sign a confidentiality agreement before serving on an informal dispute resolution panel. The confidentiality agreement shall include a provision that the person has read the statutes specified

in paragraph (f)(1) and will not disclose any confidential information outside the dispute resolution process.

(3) The adult care home representative shall be informed when a member of the panel is not an employee of the department on aging.

(g) Except as specified in paragraph (f)(1), all information that is precluded from disclosure by statute shall remain confidential.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162 sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCESS

26-39-440. Informal dispute resolution process.

(a)(1) Departmental staff members may assist panel members in convening informal dispute resolution meetings within 30 days of the receipt of each request for informal dispute resolution. If the panel can not be convened within 30 days, the adult care home administrator shall be advised of the date of the panel meeting.

(2) More than one informal dispute resolution request may be reviewed during any panel meeting. The panel shall determine the order and method of the presentations by representatives of the adult care home and the department.

(b) Each representative presenting to the panel shall be limited to oral presentations only. Only panel members may ask questions of presenters.

(c) The panel may limit the time allowed for oral presentations.

(d) The panel shall consider all oral and written information presented and shall recommend one of the following to the secretary:

- (1) Upholding the deficiency;
- (2) deleting the deficiency; or
- (3) revising the scope and severity assessment.

(e) The panel shall provide the secretary with written recommendations, which shall be based upon the applicable statutes, regulations, and supporting documentation.

(f) The panel shall not consider any informal dispute resolution request that meets any of the following conditions:

- (1) Challenges any aspect of the survey process other than the disputed deficiency;
- (2) challenges the scope and severity assessment of deficiencies, except when the scope and severity assessment indicates substandard quality of care or immediate jeopardy;
- (3) alleges failure of the survey team to comply with requirements of the survey process;

(4) alleges inconsistency of the survey team in citing deficiencies among adult care homes;

(5) alleges inadequacy of the informal dispute resolution process; or

(6) disputes imposed remedies.

(g) The informal dispute resolution process shall not delay the formal imposition of state or federal enforcement remedies related to the survey in which deficiencies are being disputed.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

NOTIFICATION OF FINAL DECISION

26-39-441. Notification of final decision.

(a) The informal dispute resolution panel shall submit a written recommendation to the secretary upon adjournment of the informal dispute resolution meeting. The panel's recommendation shall be accepted, rejected, or modified by the secretary.

(b) If the deficiencies are upheld, a departmental staff member shall notify the adult care home representative in writing that the informal dispute resolution request was unsuccessful and that the deficiencies will remain on the statement of deficiencies.

(c) If the deficiencies are deleted or the scope and severity assessments are revised, a department staff member shall notify the adult care home representative in writing that the informal dispute resolution was successful. A departmental staff member shall delete the deficiencies or adjust the scope and severity assessment, or both, and shall forward a revised statement of deficiencies to the adult care home administrator.

(Authorized by and implementing L. 2004, ch. 162, sec. 1; effective Aug. 19, 2005.)

**NURSING FACILITIES
FOR MENTAL HEALTH**

KANSAS

ADMINISTRATIVE

REGULATIONS

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GENERAL LICENSURE

28-39-227. General licensure.

The code of federal regulations, 42 CFR 483.1 to 42 CFR 483.75 inclusive, as published in the federal register, Vol. 56, No. 187, Thursday, September 26, 1991, and as amended in Vol. 57, No. 185, Wednesday, September 23, 1992 is adopted by reference.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

PART 483-REQUIREMENTS FOR LONG TERM CARE FACILITIES**Subpart B-Requirements for Long Term Care Facilities**

2-3. In subpart B, § 483.1, 483.5, 483.10, 483.12, 483.13, 483.15, 483.20, and 483.25 are revised as follows:

§ 483.1 Basis and scope.

(a) *Basis in legislation.* (1) Sections of the Act 1819 (a), (b), (c), and (d) provide that -

(i) Skilled nursing facilities participating in Medicare must meet certain specified requirements; and

(ii) The Secretary may impose additional requirements (see section 1819(d)(4)(B)) if they are necessary for the health and safety of individuals to whom services are furnished in the facilities.

(2) Sections 1919 (a), (b), (c), and (d) of the Act provide that nursing facilities participating in Medicaid must meet certain specific requirements.

(b) *Scope.* The provisions of this part contain the requirements that an institution must meet in order to qualify to participate as a SNF in the Medicare program, and as a nursing facility in the Medicaid program. They serve as the basis for survey activities for the purpose of determining whether a facility meets the requirements for participation in Medicare and Medicaid.

§ 483.5 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart--

Facility means, a skilled nursing facility (SNF) or a nursing facility (NF) which meets the requirements of sections 1819 and 1919 (a), (b), (c), and (d) of the Act. "Facility" may include a distinct part of an institution specified in § 440.150© of this chapter. For Medicare and Medicaid purposes (including eligibility, coverage, certification, and payment), the "facility" is always the entity which participates in the program, whether that entity is comprised of all of, or a distinct part of a larger institution. For Medicare, a SNF (see section 1819(a)(1)), and for Medicaid, a NF (see section 1919(a)(1)) may not be an institution for mental diseases as defined in § 435.1009.

§ 483.10 Resident rights.

The resident has a right to a dignified existence, self-determination and communication with and access to persons and services inside and outside the facility. A facility must protect and promote the rights of each resident, including each of the following rights:

(a) *Exercise of rights.*

(1) The resident has the right to exercise his or her rights as a resident of

the facility and as a citizen or resident of the United States.

(2) The resident has the right to be free of interference, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal from the facility in exercising his or her rights.

(3) In the case of a resident adjudged incompetent under the laws of a State by a court of competent jurisdiction, the rights of the resident are exercised by the person appointed under State law to act on the resident's behalf.

(4) In the case of a resident who has not been adjudged incompetent by the State court, any legal-surrogate designated in accordance with State law may exercise the resident's rights to the extent provided by State law.

(a) *Notice of rights and services.*

(1) The facility must inform the resident both orally and in writing in a language that the resident understands of his or her rights and all rules and regulations governing resident conduct and responsibilities during the stay in the facility. The facility must also provide the resident with the notice (if any) of the State developed under section 1919(e)(6) of the Act. Such notification must be made prior to or upon admission and during the resident's stay. Receipt of such information, and any amendments to it, must be acknowledged in writing;

(2) The resident or his or her legal representative has the right-

(i) Upon an oral or written request, to access all records pertaining to himself or herself including clinical records within 24 hours; and

(ii) After receipt of his or her records for inspection, to purchase at a cost not to exceed the community standard photocopies of the records or any portions of them upon request and 2 working days advance notice to the facility.

(3) The resident has the right to be fully informed in language that he or she can understand of his or her total health status, including but not limited to, his or her medical condition;

(4) The resident has the right to refuse treatment, and to refuse to participate in experimental research; and

(5) The facility must -

(i) Inform each resident who is entitled to Medicaid benefits, in writing, at the time of admission to the nursing facility or, when the resident becomes eligible for Medicaid of -

(A) The items and services that are included in nursing facility services under the State plan and for which the resident may not be charged;

(B) Those other items and services that the facility offers and for which the resident may be charged, and the amount of charges for those services; and

(ii) Inform each resident when changes are made to the items and services

specified in paragraphs (5)(i) (A) and (B) of this section.

(6) The facility must inform each resident before, or at the time of admission, and periodically during the resident's stay, of services available in the facility and of charges for those services, including any charges for services not covered under Medicare or by the facility's per diem rate.

(7) The facility must furnish a written description of legal rights which includes-

(i) A description of the manner of protecting personal funds, under paragraph © of this section;

(ii) A description of the requirements and procedures for establishing eligibility for Medicaid, including the right to request an assessment under section 1924© which determines the extent of a couple's non-exempt resources at the time of institutionalization and attributes to the community spouse an equitable share of resources which cannot be considered available for payment toward the cost of the institutionalized spouse's medical care in his or her process of spending down to Medicaid eligibility levels;

(iii) A posting of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all pertinent State client advocacy groups such as the State survey and certification agency, the State licensure office, the State ombudsman program, the protection and advocacy network, and the Medicaid fraud control unit; and

(iv) A statement that the resident may file a complaint with the State survey and certification agency concerning resident abuse, neglect, and misappropriation of resident property in the facility.

(8) The facility must inform each resident of the name, specialty, and way of contacting the physician responsible for his or her care.

(9) The facility must prominently display in the facility written information, and provide to residents and applicants for admission oral and written information about how to apply for and use Medicare and Medicaid benefits, and how to receive refunds for previous payments covered by such benefits.

(10) *Notification of changes.* (i) A facility must immediately inform the resident; consult with the resident's physician; and if known, notify the resident's legal representative or an interested family member when there is -

(A) An accident involving the resident which results in injury and has the potential for requiring physician intervention;

(B) A significant change in the resident's physical, mental, or psychosocial status (i.e., a deterioration in health, mental, or psychosocial status in either life-threatening conditions or

clinical complications);

(C) A need to alter treatment significantly (i.e., a need to discontinue an existing form of treatment due to adverse consequences, or to commence a new form of treatment); or

(D) A decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the facility as specified in § 483.12(a).

(ii) The facility must also promptly notify the resident and, if known, the resident's legal representative or interested family member when there is –

(A) A change in room or roommate assignment as specified in § 483.15(e)(2); or

(B) A change in resident rights under Federal or State law or regulations as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(iii) The facility must record and periodically update the address and phone number of the resident's legal representative or interested family member.

(c) *Protection of Resident Funds.* (1) The resident has the right to manage his or her financial affairs, and the facility may not require residents to deposit their personal funds with the facility.

(2) *Management of personal funds.* Upon written authorization of a resident, the facility must hold, safeguard, manage, and account for the personal funds of the resident deposited with the facility, as specified in paragraphs ©(3)-(8) of this section.

(3) *Deposit of funds.* (i) *Funds in excess of \$50.* The facility must deposit any residents' personal funds in excess of \$50 in an interest bearing account (or accounts) that is separate from any of the facility's operating accounts, and that credits all interest earned on resident's funds to that. *(In pooled accounts, there must be a separate accounting for each resident's share.)

(ii) *Funds less than \$50.* The facility must maintain a resident's personal funds that do not exceed \$50 in a non-interest bearing account, interest-bearing account, or petty cash fund.

(4) *Accounting and records.* The facility must establish and maintain a system that assures a full and complete and separate accounting, according to generally accepted accounting principles, of each resident's personal funds entrusted to the facility on the resident's behalf.

(i) The system must preclude any commingling of resident funds with facility funds or with the funds of any person other than another resident.

(ii) The individual financial record must be available through quarterly statements on request to the resident or his or her legal representative.

(5) *Notice of certain balances.* The

facility must notify each resident that receives Medicaid benefits –

(i) When the amount in the resident's account reaches \$200 less than the SSI resource limit for one person, specified in section 1611(a)(3)(B) of the Act; and

(ii) That, if the amount in the account, in addition to the value of the resident's other nonexempt resources, reaches the SSI resource limit for one person, the resident may lose eligibility for Medicaid or SSI.

(6) *Conveyance upon death.* Upon the death of a resident with a personal fund deposited with the facility, the facility must convey within 30 days the resident's funds, and a final accounting of those funds, to the individual or probate jurisdiction administering the resident's estate.

(7) *Assurance of financial security.* The facility must purchase a surety bond, or otherwise provide assurance satisfactory to the Secretary, to assure the security of all personal funds of residents deposited with the facility.

(8) *Limitation on charges to personal funds.* The facility may not impose a charge against the personal funds of a resident for any item or service for which payment is made under Medicaid or Medicare.

(d) *Free choice.* The resident has the right to –

(1) Choose a personal attending physician;

(2) Be fully informed in advance about care and treatment and of any changes in that care or treatment that may affect the resident's well-being; and

(3) Unless adjudged incompetent or otherwise found to be incapacitated under the laws of the State, participate in planning care and treatment or changes in care and treatment.

(e) *Privacy and confidentiality.* The resident has the right to personal privacy and confidentiality of his or her personal and clinical records.

(1) Personal privacy includes accommodations, medical treatment, written and telephone communications, personal care, visits, and meetings of family and resident groups, but this does not require the facility to provide a private room for each resident;

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (e)(3) of this section, the resident may approve or refuse the release of personal and clinical records to any individual outside the facility;

(3) The resident's right to refuse release of personal and clinical records does not apply when –

(i) The resident is transferred to another health care institution; or

(ii) Record release is required by law.

(f) *Grievances.* A resident has the right to –

(1) Voice grievances without discrimination or reprisal. Such grievances include those with respect to treatment which has been furnished as well as that which has not been furnished; and

(2) Prompt efforts by the facility to resolve grievances the resident may have, including those with respect to the behavior of other residents.

(g) *Examination of survey results.* A resident has the right to –

(1) Examine the results of the most recent survey of the facility conducted by Federal or State surveyors and any plan of correction in effect with respect to the facility. The results must be made available for examination by the facility in a place readily accessible to residents; and

(2) Receive information from agencies acting as client advocates, and be afforded the opportunity to contract these agencies.

(h) *Work.* The resident has the right to –

(1) Refuse to perform services for the facility;

(2) Perform services for the facility, if he or she chooses, when –

(i) The facility has documented the need or desire for work in the plan of care;

(ii) The plan specifies the nature of the services performed and whether the services are voluntary or paid;

(iii) Compensation for paid services is at or above prevailing rates; and

(iv) The resident agrees to the work arrangement described in the plan of care.

(i) *Mail.* The resident has the right to privacy in written communications, including the right to –

(1) Send and promptly receive mail that is unopened; and

(2) Have access to stationery, postage, and writing implements at the resident's own expense.

(j) *Access and visitation rights.* (1) The resident has the right and the facility must provide immediate access to any resident by the following:

(i) Any representative of the Secretary;

(ii) Any representative of the State;

(iii) The resident's individual physician;

(iv) The State long term care ombudsman (established under section 307(a)(12) of the Older Americans Act of 1965);

(v) The agency responsible for the protection and advocacy system for developmentally disabled individuals (established under part C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act);

(vi) The agency responsible for the protection and advocacy system for

mentally ill individuals (established under the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill Individuals Act);

(vii) Subject to the resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at any time, immediate family or other relatives of the resident; and

(viii) Subject to reasonable restrictions and the resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at any time, others who are visiting with the consent of the resident.

(2) The facility must provide reasonable access to any resident by any entity or individual that provides health, social, legal, or other services to the resident, subject to the resident's right to deny or withdraw consent at anytime.

(3) The facility must allow representatives of the State Ombudsman, described in paragraph (j)(1)(iv) of this section, to examine a resident's clinical records with the permission of the resident or the resident's legal representative, and consistent with State law.

(k) *Telephone.* The resident has the right to have reasonable access to the use of a telephone where calls can be made without being overheard.

(1) *Personal property.* The resident has the right to retain and use personal possessions, including some furnishings, and appropriate clothing, as space permits, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights or health and safety of other residents.

(m) *Married couples.* The resident has the right to share a room with his or her spouse when married residents live in the same facility and both spouses consent to the arrangement.

(n) *Self-Administration of Drugs.* An individual resident may self-administer drugs if the interdisciplinary team, as defined by § 483.20(d)(2)(ii), has determined that this practice is safe.

(o) *Refusal of certain transfers* (1) An individual has the right to refuse a transfer to another room within the facility, if the purpose of the transfer is to relocate –

(i) A resident of a SNF from the distinct part of the facility that is a SNF to a part of the facility that is not a SNF or

(ii) If a resident of a NF from the distinct part of the facility that is a NF to a distinct part of the facility that is a SNF.

(2) A resident's exercise of the right to refuse transfer under paragraph (i)(o)(1) of this section does not affect the individual's eligibility or entitlement to Medicaid benefits.

§ 483.12 Admission, transfer and discharge rights.

(a) Transfer and discharge –

(1) *Definition.* Transfer and discharge includes movement of a resident to a bed outside of the certified facility whether that bed is in the same physical plant or not. Transfer and discharge does not refer to movement of a resident to a bed within the same certified facility.

(2) *Transfer and discharge requirements.* The facility must permit each resident to remain in the facility, and not transfer or discharge the resident from the facility unless –

(i) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident's welfare and the resident's needs cannot be met in the facility;

(ii) The transfer or discharge is appropriate because the resident's health has improved sufficiently so the resident no longer needs the services provided by the facility;

(iii) The safety of individuals in the facility is endangered;

(iv) The health of individuals in the facility would otherwise be endangered;

(v) The resident has failed, after reasonable and appropriate notice, to pay for (or to have paid under Medicare or Medicaid) a stay at the facility. For a resident who becomes eligible for Medicaid after admission to a facility, the facility may charge a resident only allowable charges under Medicaid; or

(vi) The facility ceases to operate.

(3) *Documentation.* When the facility transfers or discharges a resident under any of the circumstances specified in paragraphs (a)(2)(i) through (v) of this section, the resident's clinical record must be documented. The documentation must be made by –

(i) The resident's physician when transfer or discharge is necessary under paragraph (a)(2)(i) or paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section; and

(ii) A physician when transfer or discharge is necessary under paragraph (a)(2)(iv) of this section.

(4) *Notice before transfer.* Before a facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must –

(i) Notify the resident and, if known, a family member or legal representative of the resident of the transfer or discharge and the reasons for the move in writing and in a language and manner they understand.

(ii) Record the reasons in the resident's clinical record; and

(iii) Include in the notice the items described in paragraph (a)(6) of this section.

(5) *Timing of the notice.* (i) Except when specified in paragraph (a)(5)(ii) of this section, the notice of transfer or discharge required under paragraph (a)(4) of this section must be made by the facility at least 30 days before the resident is transferred or discharged.

(ii) Notice may be made as soon as practicable before transfer or discharge when –

(A) the safety of individuals in the facility would be endangered under paragraph (a)(2)(iii) of this section;

(B) The health of individuals in the facility would be endangered, under paragraph (a)(2)(iv) of this section;

(C) The resident's health improves sufficiently to allow a more immediate transfer or discharge, under paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section;

(D) An immediate transfer or discharge is required by the resident's urgent medical needs, under paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section; or

(E) A resident has not resided in the facility for 30 days.

(6) *Contents of the notice.* For nursing facilities, the written notice specified in paragraph (a)(4) of this section must include the following:

(i) The reason for transfer or discharge;

(ii) The effective date of transfer or discharge;

(iii) The location to which the resident is transferred or discharged;

(iv) A statement that the resident has the right to appeal the action to the State;

(v) The name, address and telephone number of the State long term care ombudsman;

(vi) For nursing facility residents with developmental disabilities, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of developmentally disabled individuals established under Part C of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act; and

(vii) For nursing facility residents who are mentally ill, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of mentally ill individuals established under the Protection and Advocacy for Mentally Ill Individuals Act.

(7) *Orientation for transfer or discharge.* A facility must provide sufficient preparation and orientation to residents to ensure safe and orderly transfer or discharge from the facility.

(b) *Notice of bed-hold policy and readmission* – (1) *Notice before transfer.* Before a nursing facility transfers a resident to a hospital or allows a resident to go on therapeutic leave, the nursing facility must provide written information to the resident and a family member or legal representative that specifies –

(i) The duration of the bed-hold policy under the State plan, if any, during which the resident is permitted to return and resume residence in the nursing facility; and

(ii) The nursing facility's policies

regarding bed-hold periods, which must be consistent with paragraph (b)(3) of this section, permitting a resident to return.

(2) *Bed-hold notice upon transfer.* At the time of transfer of a resident for hospitalization or therapeutic leave, a nursing facility must provide to the resident and a family member or legal representative written notice which specifies the duration of the bed-hold policy described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

(3) *Permitting resident to return to facility.* A nursing facility must establish and follow a written policy under which a resident, whose hospitalization or therapeutic leave exceeds the bed-hold period under the State plan, is readmitted to the facility immediately upon the first availability of a bed in a semi-private room if the resident –

(i) Requires the services provided by the facility; and

(ii) Is eligible for Medicaid nursing facility services.

(c) *Equal access to quality care.*

(1) A facility must establish and maintain identical policies and practices regarding transfer, discharge, and the provision of services under the State plan for all individuals regardless of source of payment;

(2) The facility may charge any amount for services furnished to non-Medicaid residents consistent with the notice requirement in § 483.10(b)(5)(i) and (b)(6) describing the charges; and

(3) The state is not required to offer additional services on behalf of a resident other than services provided in the State plan.

(d) *Admissions policy.*

(1) The facility must –

(i) Not require residents or potential residents to waive their rights to Medicare or Medicaid; and

(ii) Not require oral or written assurance that residents or potential residents are not eligible for, or will not apply for, Medicare benefits.

(2) The facility must not require a third party guarantee of payment to the facility as a condition of admission or expedited admission, or continued stay in the facility. However, the facility may require an individual who has legal access to a resident's income or resources available to pay for facility care to sign a contract, without incurring personal financial liability, to provide facility payment from the resident's income or resources.

(3) In the case of a person eligible for Medicaid, a nursing facility must not charge, solicit, accept, or receive, in addition to any amount otherwise required to be paid under the State plan, any gift, money, donation, or other

consideration as a precondition of admission, expedited admission or continued stay in the facility. However, –

(i) A nursing facility may charge a resident who is eligible for Medicaid for items and services the resident has requested and received, and that are not specified in the State plan as included in the term “nursing facility services” so long as the facility gives proper notice of the availability and cost of these services to residents and does no condition the resident's admission or continued stay on the request for an receipt of such additional services; and

(ii) A nursing facility may solicit, accept, or receive a charitable, religious, or philanthropic contribution from an organization or from a person unrelated to a Medicaid eligible resident or potential resident, but only to the extent that the contribution is not a condition of admission, expedited admission, or continued stay in the facility for a Medicaid eligible resident.

(4) States or political subdivisions may apply stricter admissions standards under State or local laws than are specified in this section, to prohibit discrimination against individuals entitled to Medicaid.

§ 483.13 Resident behavior and facility practices.

(a) *Restraints.* The resident has the right to be free from any physical or chemical restraints imposed for purposes of discipline or convenience, and not required to treat the resident's medical symptoms.

(b) *Abuse.* the resident has the right to be free from verbal, sexual, physical, and mental abuse, corporal punishment, and involuntary seclusion.

(c) *Staff treatment of residents.* The facility must develop and implement written policies and procedures that prohibit mistreatment, neglect, and abuse of residents and misappropriation of resident property.

(1) The facility must –

(i) Not use verbal, mental, sexual, or physical abuse, corporal punishment, or involuntary seclusion;

(ii) Not employ individuals who have been –

(A) Found guilty of abusing, neglecting, or mistreating individuals by a court of law; or

(B) Have had a finding entered into the State nurse aide registry concerning abuse, neglect, mistreatment of residents or misappropriation of their property; and

(iii) Report any knowledge it has of actions by a court of law against an employee, which would indicate unfitness for service as a nurse aide or other NF staff to the State nurse aide registry or licensing authorities.

(2) The facility must ensure that all ed violations involving mistreatment, neglect, or abuse, including injuries of unknown source, and misappropriation of resident property are reported immediately to the administrator of the facility and to other officials in accordance with State law through established procedures (including to the State survey and certification agency).

(3) The facility must have evidence that all alleged violations are thoroughly investigated, and must prevent further potential abuse while the investigation is in progress.

(4) The results of all investigations must be reported to the administrator or his designated representative and to other officials in accordance with State law (including to the State survey and certification agency) within 5 working days of the incident, and if the alleged violation is verified appropriate corrective action must be taken.

§ 483.15 Quality of life.

A facility must care for its residents in a manner and in an environment that promotes maintenance or enhancement of each resident's quality of life.

(a) *Dignity.* The facility must promote e for residents in a manner and in an environment that maintains or enhances each resident's dignity and respect in full recognition of his or her individuality.

(b) *Self-determination and participation.* The resident has the right to –

(1) Choose activities, schedules, and health care consistent with his or her interests, assessments, and plans of care;

(2) Interact with members of the community both inside and outside the facility; and

(3) Make choices about aspects of his or her life in the facility that are significant to the resident.

(c) *Participation in resident and family groups.*

(1) A resident has the right to organize and participate in resident groups in the facility;

(2) A resident's family has the right to meet in the facility with the families of other residents in the facility;

(3) The facility must provide a resident or family group, if one exists, with private space;

(4) Staff or visitors may attend meetings at the group's invitation;

(5) The facility must provide a designated staff person responsible for providing assistance and responding to written requests that result from group meetings;

(6) When a resident or family group exists, the facility must listen to the views and act upon the grievances and recommendations of residents and

families concerning proposed policy and operational decisions affecting resident care and life in the facility.

(d) *Participation in other activities.* A resident has the right to participate in social, religious, and community activities that do not interfere with the rights of other residents in the facility.

(e) *Accommodation of needs.* A resident has the right to –

(1) Reside and receive services in the facility with reasonable accommodation of individual needs and preferences, except when the health or safety of the individual or other resident would be endangered; and

(2) Receive notice before the resident's room or roommate in the facility is changed.

(f) *Activities.*

(1) The facility must provide for an ongoing program of activities designed to meet, in accordance with the comprehensive assessment, the interests and the physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident.

(2) The activities program must be directed by a qualified professional who –

(i) Is a qualified therapeutic recreation specialist or activities professional who is –

(A) Licensed or registered, if applicable, by the State in which practicing; and

(B) Eligible for certification as a therapeutic recreation specialist or as an activities professional by a recognized accrediting body on October 1, 1990; or
(ii) Has 2 years of experience in a social or recreational program within the last 5 years, 1 of which was full-time in a patient activities program in a health care setting; or

(iii) Is a qualified occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant; or

(iv) Has completed a training course approved by the State.

(g) *Social Services.* (1) – The facility must provide medically-related social services to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident.

(2) A facility with more than 120 beds must employ a qualified social worker on a full-time basis.

(3) *Qualifications of social worker.* A qualified social worker is an individual with –

(i) A bachelor's degree in social work or a bachelor's degree in a human services field including but not limited to sociology, special education, rehabilitation counseling, and psychology; and

(ii) One year of supervised social work experience in a health care setting working directly with individuals.

(f) *Environment.*

The facility must provide –

(1) A safe, clean, comfortable, and homelike environment, allowing the resident to use his or her personal belongings to the extent possible;

(2) Housekeeping and maintenance services necessary to maintain a sanitary, orderly, and comfortable interior;

(3) Clean bed and bath linens that are in good condition;

(4) Private closet space in each resident room, as specified in § 483.70(d)(2)(iv) of this Part;

(5) Adequate and comfortable lighting levels in all areas;

(6) Comfortable and safe temperature levels. Facilities initially certified after October 1, 1990 must maintain a temperature range of 71-81°F; and

(7) For the maintenance of comfortable sound levels.

§ 483.20 Resident assessment.

The facility must conduct initially and periodically a comprehensive, accurate, standardized, reproducible assessment of each resident's functional capacity.

(a) *Admission orders.* At the time each resident is admitted, the facility must have physician orders for the resident's immediate care.

(b) *Comprehensive assessments.*

(1) The facility must make a comprehensive assessment of a resident's needs, which –

(i) Is based on a uniform data set specified by the Secretary and uses an instrument that is specified by the State and approved by the Secretary; and

(ii) Describes the resident's capability to perform daily life functions and significant impairments in functional capacity.

(2) The comprehensive assessment must include at least the following information:

(i) Medically defined conditions and prior medical history;

(ii) Medical status measurement;

(iii) Physical and mental functional status;

(iv) Sensory and physical impairments;

(v) Nutritional status and requirements;

(vi) Special treatments or procedures;

(vii) Mental and psychosocial status;

(viii) Discharge potential;

(ix) Dental condition;

(x) Activities potential;

(xi) Rehabilitation potential;

(xii) Cognitive status; and

(xiii) Drug therapy.

(3) [Reserved]

(4) *Frequency.* Assessments must be conducted –

(i) No later than 14 days after the date of admission;

(ii) For current NF residents not later

than October 1, 1991;

(iii) For current SNF residents not later than January 1, 1991;

(iv) Promptly after a significant change in the resident's physical or mental condition; and

(v) In no case less often than once every 12 months.

(5) *Review of assessments.* The nursing facility must examine each resident no less than once every 3 months, and as appropriate, revise the resident's assessment to assure the continued accuracy of the assessment.

(6) *Use.* The results of the assessment are used to develop, review, and revise the resident's comprehensive plan of care, under paragraph (d) of this section.

(7) *Coordination.* The facility must coordinate assessments with any State-required preadmission screening program to the maximum extent practicable to avoid duplicative testing and effort.

(c) *Accuracy of assessments.* (1) *Coordination.*

(i) Each assessment must be conducted or coordinate with the appropriate participation of health professionals.

(ii) Each assessment must be conducted or coordinated by a registered nurse who signs and certifies the completion of the assessment.

(2) *Certification.* Each individual who completes a portion of the assessment must sign and certify the accuracy of that portion of the assessment.

(3) *Penalty for falsification.* An individual who willfully and knowingly certifies (or causes another individual to certify) a material and false statement in a resident assessment is subject to civil money penalties. The implementing regulations for this statutory authority are located in Part 1003 of this chapter.

(4) *Use of independent assessors.* If a State determines, under a survey or otherwise, that there has been a knowing and willful certification of false statements under paragraph ©(3) of this section, the State may require (for a period specified by the State) that resident assessments under this paragraph be conducted and certified by individuals who are independent of the facility and who are approved by the State.

(d) *Comprehensive care plans.*

(1) The facility must develop a comprehensive care plan for each resident that includes measurable objectives and timetables to meet a resident's medical, nursing, and mental and psychosocial needs that are identified in the comprehensive assessment.

The plan of care must deal with the relationship of items or services ordered to be provided (or withheld) to the facility's responsibility for fulfilling other requirements in these regulations.

(2) A comprehensive care plan must be –

(i) Developed within 7 days after completion of the comprehensive assessment;

(ii) Prepared by an interdisciplinary team, that includes the attending physician, a registered nurse with responsibility for the resident, and other appropriate staff in disciplines as determined by the resident's needs, and, to the extent practicable, the participation of the resident, the resident's family or the resident's legal representative; and

(iii) Periodically reviewed and revised by a team of qualified persons after each assessment.

(3) The services provided or arranged by the facility must –

(i) Meet professional standards of quality; and

(ii) Be provided by qualified persons in accordance with each resident's written plan of care.

(e) *Discharge summary.* When the facility anticipates discharges a resident must have a discharge summary that includes –

(1) A recapitulation of the resident's stay;

(2) A final summary of the resident's status to include items in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, at the time of the discharge that is available for release to authorized persons and agencies, with the consent of the resident or legal representative; and

(3) A post-discharge plan of care that is developed with the participation of the resident and his or her family, which will assist the resident to adjust to his or her new living environment.

(f) *Preadmission screening for mentally ill individuals and individuals with mental retardation.*

(1) A nursing facility must not admit, on or after January 1, 1989, any new resident with –

(i) Mental illness as defined in paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this section, unless the State mental health authority has determined, based on an independent physical and mental evaluation performed by a person or entity other than the State mental health authority, prior to admission.

(A) That, because of the physical and mental condition of the individual, the individual requires the level of services provided by a nursing facility; and

(B) If the individual requires such level of services, whether specialized services the individual requires active treatment for mental illness; or

(ii) Mental retardation, as defined in paragraph (f)(2)(ii) of this section, unless the State mental retardation or developmental disability authority has determined prior to admission –

(A) That, because of the physical and

mental condition of the individual, the individual requires the level of services provided by a nursing facility; and

(B) If the individual requires such level of services, whether the individual requires active treatment for mental retardation.

(2) *Definition.* For purposes of this section –

(i) An individual is considered to have "mental illness" if the individual has a serious mental illness as defined in § 483.102(b)(1).

(ii) An individual is considered to be "mentally retarded" if the individual is mentally retarded as defined in § 483.102(b)(3) or is a person with a related condition as described in 42 CFR 435.1009

§ 483.25 Quality of care.

Each resident must receive and the facility must provide the necessary care and services to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being, in accordance with the comprehensive assessment and plan of care.

(a) *Activities of daily living.* Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility must ensure that –

(1) A resident's abilities in activities of daily living do not diminish unless circumstances of the individual's clinical condition demonstrate that diminution was unavoidable. This includes the resident's ability to –

(i) Bathe, dress, and groom;

(ii) Transfer and ambulate;

(iii) Toilet;

(iv) Eat; and

(v) Use speech, language, or other functional communication systems.

(2) A resident is given the appropriate treatment and services to maintain or improve his or her abilities specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; and

(3) A resident who is unable to carry out activities of daily living receives the necessary services to maintain good nutrition, grooming, and personal and oral hygiene.

(b) *Vision and hearing.* The ensure that residents receive proper treatment and assistive devices to maintain vision and hearing abilities, the facility must, if necessary, assist the resident –

(1) In making appointments, and

(2) By arranging for transportation to and from the office of a practitioner specializing in the treatment of vision or hearing impairment or the office of a professional specializing in the provision of vision or hearing assistive devices.

(c) *Pressure sores.* Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility must ensure that –

(1) A resident who enters the facility without pressure sores does not develop pressure sores unless the individual's

clinical condition demonstrates that they were unavoidable; and

(2) A resident having pressure sores receives necessary treatment and services to promote healing, prevent infection and prevent new sores from developing.

(d) *Urinary Incontinence.* Based on the resident's comprehensive assessment, the facility must ensure that –

(1) A resident who enters the facility without an indwelling catheter is not catheterized unless the resident's medical condition demonstrates that catheterization was necessary; and

(2) A resident who is incontinent of bladder receives appropriate treatment and services to prevent urinary tract infections and to restore as much normal bladder function as possible.

(e) *Range of motion.* Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility must ensure that –

(1) A resident who enters the facility without a limited range of motion does not experience reduction in range of motion unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that a reduction in range of motion is unavoidable; and

(2) A resident with a limited range of motion receives appropriate treatment and services to increase range of motion and/or to prevent further decrease in range of motion.

(f) *Mental and Psychosocial functioning.* Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility must ensure that –

(1) A resident who displays mental or psychosocial adjustment difficulty, receives appropriate treatment and services to correct the assessed problem, and

(2) A resident whose assessment did not reveal a mental or psychosocial adjustment difficulty does not display a pattern of decreased social interaction and/or increased withdrawn, angry, or depressive behaviors, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that such a pattern was unavoidable.

(g) *Naso-gastric tubes.* Based on the comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility must ensure that –

(1) A resident who has been able to eat enough alone or with assistance is not fed by naso-gastric tube unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that use of a naso-gastric tube was unavoidable; and

(2) A resident who is fed by a naso-gastric or gastrostomy tube receives the appropriate treatment and services to prevent aspiration pneumonia, diarrhea, vomiting, dehydration, metabolic abnormalities, and nasals-haryngeal lcers and to restore, if possible, normal feeding function.

(h) *Accidents.* The facility must ensure that –

(1) The resident environment remains

as free of accident hazards as is possible; and

(2) Each resident receives adequate supervision and assistance devices to prevent accidents.

(i) *Nutrition*. Based on a resident's comprehensive assessment, the facility must ensure that a resident –

(1) Maintains acceptable parameters of nutritional status, such as body weight and protein levels, unless the resident's clinical condition demonstrates that this is not possible; and

(2) Receives a therapeutic diet when there is a nutritional problem.

(j) *Hydration*. The facility must provide each resident with sufficient fluid intake to maintain proper hydration and health.

(k) *Special needs*. The facility must ensure that residents receive proper treatment and care for the following special services:

(1) Injections;

(2) Parenteral and enteral fluids;

(3) Colostomy, ureterostomy, or ileostomy care;

(4) Tracheostomy care;

(5) Tracheal suctioning;

(6) Respiratory care;

(7) Foot care; and

(8) Prostheses.

(l) *Unnecessary drug* – (1) *General*. Each resident's drug regimen must be free from unnecessary drugs. An unnecessary drug is any drug when used:

(i) In excessive dose (including duplicate drug therapy); or

(ii) For excessive duration; or

(iii) Without adequate monitoring; or

(iv) Without adequate indications for its use; or

(v) In the presence of adverse consequences which indicate the dose should be reduced or discontinued; or

(vi) Any combinations of the reasons above.

(2) *Antipsychotic Drugs*. Based on a comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility must ensure that –

(i) Residents who have not used antipsychotic drugs are not given these drugs unless antipsychotic drug therapy is necessary to treat a specific condition as diagnosed and documented in the clinical record; and

(ii) Residents who use antipsychotic drugs receive gradual dose reductions, and behavioral interventions, unless clinically contraindicated, in an effort to discontinue these drugs.

(m) *Medication Errors* – The facility must ensure that –

(1) It is free of medication error rates of five percent or greater; and

(2) Resident are free of any significant medication errors.

§ 483.28 and 483.29 [Removed]

4. Sections 483.28 and 483.29 are removed.

5. In Subpart B, §§ 483.30, 483.35, 483.40, 483.45, 483.55, 483.60, 483.65, 483.70 and 483.75 are revised as follows:

§ 483.30 Nursing services

The facility must have sufficient nursing staff to provide nursing and related services to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident, as determined by resident assessments and individual plans of care.

(1) *Sufficient staff*. (1) The facility must provide services by sufficient numbers of each of the following types of personnel on a 24-hour basis to provide nursing care to all resident in accordance with resident care plans;

(i) Except when waived under paragraph © of this section, licensed nurses; and

(ii) Other nursing personnel.

(2) Except when waived under paragraph © of this section, the facility must designate a licensed nurse to serve as a charge nurse on each tour of duty.

(b) *Registered nurse*. (1) Except when waived under paragraph © or (d) of this section, the facility must use the services of a registered nurse for at least 8 consecutive hours a day, 7 days a week.

(2) Except when waived under paragraph © or (d) of this section, the facility must designate a registered nurse to serve as the director of nursing on a full time basis.

(3) The director of nursing may serve as a charge nurse only when the facility has an average daily occupancy of 60 or fewer residents.

(c) *Nursing facilities: Waiver of requirement to provide licensed nurses on a 24-hour basis*. To the extent that a facility is unable to meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(2) and (b)(1) of this section, a State may waive such requirements with respect to the facility if –

(1) The facility demonstrates to the satisfaction of the State that the facility has been unable, despite diligent efforts (including offering wages at the community prevailing rate for nursing facilities), to recruit appropriate personnel;

(2) The State determines that a waiver of the requirement will not endanger the health or safety of individuals staying in the facility;

(3) The State finds that, for any periods in which licensed nursing services are not available, a registered nurse or a physician is obligated to respond immediately to telephone calls from the facility;

(4) A waiver granted under the conditions listed in paragraph © of this section is subject to annual State review;

(5) In granting or renewing a waiver, a facility may be required by the State to use other qualified, licensed personnel;

(6) The State agency granting a waiver of such requirements provides notice of the waiver to the State long term care ombudsman (established under section 307(a)(12) of the Older Americans Act of 1965) and the protection and advocacy system in the State for the mentally ill and mentally retarded; and

(7) The nursing facility that is granted such a waiver by a State notifies residents of the facility (or, where appropriate, the guardians or legal representatives of such residents) and members of their immediate families of the waiver.

(d) *SNFs: Waiver of the requirement to provide services of a registered nurse for more than 40 hours a week*.

(1) The Secretary may waive the requirement that a SNF provide the services of a registered nurse for more than 40 hours a week, including a director of nursing specified in paragraph (b) of this section, if the Secretary finds that –

(i) The facility is located in a rural area and the supply of skilled nursing facility services in the area is not sufficient to meet the needs of individuals residing in the area;

(ii) The facility has one full-time registered nurse who is regularly on duty at the facility 40 hours a week; and

(iii) The facility either –

(A) Has only patients whose physicians have indicated (through physicians' orders or admission notes) that they do not require the services of a registered nurse or a physician for a 48-hour period, or

(B) Has made arrangements for a registered nurse or a physician to spend time at the facility, as determined necessary by the physician, to provide necessary skilled nursing services on days when the regular full-time registered nurse is not on duty;

(iv) The Secretary provides notice of the waiver to the State long term care ombudsman (established under section 307(a)(12) of the Older American Act of 1965) and the protection and advocacy system in the State for the mentally ill and mentally retarded; and

(v) The facility that is granted such a waiver notifies residents of the facility (or, where appropriate, the guardians or legal representatives of such residents) and members of their immediate families of the waiver.

(2) A waiver of the registered nurse requirement under paragraph (d)(1) of this section is subject to annual renewal by the Secretary.

§ 483.35 Dietary services.

The facility must provide each resident with a nourishing, palatable, well-balanced diet that meets the daily nutritional and special dietary needs of each resident.

(a) *Staffing.* The facility must employ a qualified dietitian either full-time, part-time, or on a consultant basis.

(1) If a qualified dietitian is not employed full-time, the facility must designate a person to serve as the director of food service who receives frequently scheduled consultation from a qualified dietitian.

(2) A qualified dietitian is one who is qualified based upon either registration by the Commission on Dietetic Registration of the American Dietetic Association, or on the basis of education, training, or experience in identification of dietary needs, planning, and implementation of dietary programs.

(b) *Sufficient staff.* The facility must employ sufficient support personnel competent to carry out the functions of the dietary service.

(c) *Menus and nutritional adequacy.* Menus must –

(1) Meet the nutritional needs of residents in accordance with the recommended dietary allowances of the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences;

(2) Be prepared in advance; and

(3) Be followed.

(d) *Food.* Each resident receives and the facility provides –

(1) Food prepared by methods that conserve nutritive value, flavor, and appearance;

(2) Food that is palatable, attractive, and at the proper temperature;

(3) Food prepared in a form designed to meet individual needs; and

(4) Substitutes offered of similar nutritive value to residents who refuse food served.

(e) *Therapeutic diets.* Therapeutic diets must be prescribed by the attending physician.

(f) *Frequency of meals.* (1) Each resident receives and the facility provides at least three meals daily, at regular times comparable to normal mealtimes in the community.

(2) There must be no more than 14 hours between a substantial evening meal and breakfast the following day, except as provided in (4) below.

(3) The facility must offer snacks at bedtime daily.

(4) When a nourishing snack is provided at bedtime, up to 16 hours may elapse between a substantial evening meal and breakfast the following day if a resident group agrees to this meal span, and a nourishing snack is served.

(g) *Assistive devices.* The facility must provide special eating equipment and utensils for residents who need them.

(h) *Sanitary conditions.* The facility must –

(1) Procure food from sources approved or considered satisfactory by Federal, State, or local authorities;

(2) Store, prepare, distribute, and serve food under sanitary conditions; and

(3) Dispose of garbage and refuse properly.

§ 483.40 Physician services.

A physician must personally approve in writing a recommendation that an individual be admitted to a facility. Each resident must remain under the care of a physician.

(a) *Physician supervision.* The facility must ensure that –

(1) The medical care of each resident is supervised by a physician; and

(2) Another physician supervises the medical care of residents when their attending physician is unavailable.

(b) *Physician visits.* The physician must –

(1) review the resident's total program of care, including medications and treatments, at each visit required by paragraph © of this section;

(2) Write, sign, and date progress notes at each visit; and

(3) Sign and date all orders.

(c) *Frequency of physician visits.*

(1) The resident must be seen by a physician at least once every 30 days for the first 90 days after admission, and at least once every 60 days thereafter.

(2) A physician visit is considered timely if it occurs not later than 10 days after the date the visit was required.

(3) Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(4) and (f) of this section, all required physician visits must be made by the physician personally.

(4) At the option of the physician, required visits in SNFs after the initial visit may alternate between personal visits by the physician and visits by a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.

(d) *Availability of physicians for emergency care.* The facility must provide or arrange for the provision of physician services 24 hours a day, in case of an emergency.

(e) *Physician delegation of tasks in SNFs.* (1) Except as specified in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, a physician may delegate tasks to a physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist who –

(i) Meets the applicable definition in § 491.2 of this chapter or, in the case of a clinical nurse specialist, is licensed as such by the State;

(ii) Is acting within the scope of practice as defined by State law; and

(iii) Is under the supervision of the physician.

(2) A physician may not delegate a task when the regulations specify that the physician must perform it personally, or when the delegation is prohibited under State law or by the facility's own policies.

(f) *Performance of physician tasks in NFs.* At the option of the State, any required physician task in a NF (including tasks which the regulations specify must be performed personally by the physician) may also be satisfied when performed by a nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant who is not an employee of the facility but who is working in collaboration with a physician.

§ 483.45 Specialized rehabilitative services.

(a) *Provision of services.* If specialized rehabilitative services such as but not limited to physical therapy, speech-language pathology, occupational therapy, and health rehabilitative services for mental illness and mental retardation, are required in the resident's comprehensive plan of care, the facility must –

(1) Provide the required services; or

(2) Obtain the required services from an outside resource (in accordance with § 483.75(j) of this part) from a provider or specialized rehabilitative services.

(b) *Qualifications.* Specialized rehabilitative services must be provided under the written order of a physician by qualified personnel.

§ 483.55 Dental services.

The facility must assist residents in obtaining routine and 24-hour emergency dental care.

(a) *Skilled nursing facilities.* A facility

(1) Must provide or obtain from an outside resource, in accordance with § 483.75(h) of this part, routine and emergency dental services to meet the needs of each resident;

(2) May charge a Medicare resident an additional amount for routine and emergency dental services;

(3) Must if necessary, assist the resident –

(i) In making appointments; and

(ii) By arranging for transportation to and from the dentist's office; and

(4) Promptly refer residents with lost or damaged dentures to a dentist.

(b) *Nursing facilities.* The facility (1) Must provide or obtain from an outside resource, in accordance with § 483.75(h) of this part, the following dental services to meet the needs of each resident:

(i) Routine dental services (to the extent covered under the State plan);

- (ii) Emergency dental services;
- (2) Must, if necessary, assist the resident –
 - (i) In making appointments; and
 - (ii) By arranging for transportation to and from the dentist's office; and
- (3) Must promptly refer residents with lost or damaged dentures to a dentist.

§ 483.60 Pharmacy services.

The facility must provide routine and emergency drugs and biologicals to its residents, or obtain them under an agreement described in § 483.75(h) of this part. The facility may permit unlicensed personnel to administer drugs if State law permits, but only under the general supervision of a licensed nurse.

(a) *Procedures.* A facility must provide pharmaceutical services (including procedures that assure the accurate acquiring, receiving, dispensing, and administering of all drugs and biologicals) to meet the needs of each resident.

(b) *Service consultation.* The facility must employ or obtain the services of a licensed pharmacist who –

- (1) Provides consultation on all aspects of the provision of pharmacy services in the facility;
- (2) Establishes a system of records of receipt and disposition of all controlled drugs in sufficient detail to enable an accurate reconciliation; and
- (3) Determines that drug records are in order and that an account of all controlled drugs is maintained and periodically reconciled.

(c) *Drug regimen review.* (1) The drug regimen of each resident must be reviewed at least once a month by a licensed pharmacist.

(2) The pharmacist must report any irregularities to the attending physician and the director of nursing, and these reports must be acted upon.

(d) *Labeling of drugs and biologicals.* Drugs and biologicals used in the facility must be labeled in accordance with currently accepted professional principles, and including the appropriate accessory and cautionary instructions, and the expiration date when applicable.

(e) *Storage of drugs and biologicals.*

(1) In accordance with State and Federal laws, the facility must store all drugs and biologicals in locked compartments under proper temperature controls, and permit only authorized personnel to have access to the keys.

(2) The facility must provide separately locked, permanently affixed compartments for storage of controlled drugs listed in Schedule II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1976 and other drugs subject to abuse, except when the facility uses single unit package drug

distribution systems in which the quantity stores is minimal and a missing dose can be readily detected.

§ 483.65 Infection control.

The facility must establish and maintain an infection control program designed to provide a safe, sanitary, and comfortable environment and to help prevent the development and transmission of disease and infection.

(a) *Infection control program.* The facility must establish an infection control program under which it –

- (1) Investigates, controls, and prevents infections in the facility;
- (2) Decides what procedures, such as isolation, should be applied to an individual resident; and
- (3) Maintains a record of incidents and corrective actions related to infections.

(b) *Preventing spread of infection.*

(1) When the infection control program determines that a resident needs isolation to prevent the spread of infection, the facility must isolate the resident.

(2) The facility must prohibit employees with a communicable disease or infected skin lesions from direct contact with residents or their food, if direct contact will transmit the disease.

(3) The facility must require staff to wash their hands after each direct resident contact for which handwashing is indicated by accepted professional practice.

(c) *Linens.* Personnel must handle, store, process, and transport linens so as to prevent the spread of infection.

§ 483.70 Physical environment.

The facility must be designed, constructed, equipped, and maintained to protect the health and safety of residents, personnel and the public.

(a) Life safety from fire. Except as provided in paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(3) of this section, the facility must meet the applicable provisions of the 1985 edition of the Life Safety Code of the National Fire Protection Association (which is incorporated by reference). Incorporation of the 1985 edition of the National Fire Protection Association's Life Safety Code (published February 7, 1985; ANSI/NFPA) was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51 that govern the use of incorporations by reference.¹

¹The Code is available for inspection at the office of the Federal Register Information Center, room 8301, 1110 L Street NW., Washington, DC. Copies may be obtained from the National Fire

(1) A facility is considered to be in compliance with this requirement as long as the facility –

- (i) On November 26, 1982, complied with or without waivers, with the

requirements of the 1967 or 1973 editions of the Life Safety Code and continues to remain in compliance with those editions of the Code; or

(ii) On May 9, 1988, complied, with or without waivers, with the 1981 edition of the Life Safety Code and continues to remain in compliance with that edition of the Code.

(2) After consideration of State survey agency findings, HCFA, or in the case of a nursing facility (including a dually participating facility), the State survey agency may waive specific provisions of the Life Safety Code which, if rigidly applied would result in unreasonable hardship upon the facility, but only if the waiver does not adversely affect the health and safety of residents or personnel.

(3) The provisions of the Life Safety Code do not apply in a State where HCFA finds, in accordance with applicable provisions of sections 1819(d)(2)(B)(ii) and 1919(d)(2)(B)(ii) of the Act, that a fire and safety code imposed by State law adequately protects patients, residents and personnel in long term care facilities.

(b) *Emergency power.*

(1) An emergency electrical power system must supply power adequate at least for lighting all entrances and exits; equipment to maintain the fire detection, alarm, and extinguishing systems; and life support systems in the event the normal electrical supply is interrupted.

(2) When life support systems are used, the facility must provide emergency electrical power with an emergency generator (as defined in NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities) that is located on the premises.

(c) *Space and equipment.* The facility must –

(1) Provide sufficient space and equipment in dining, health services, recreation, and program areas to enable staff to provide residents with needed services as required by these standards and as identified in each resident's plan of care; and

(2) Maintain all essential mechanical, electrical, and patient care equipment in safe operating condition.

(d) Resident rooms. Resident rooms must be designed and equipped for adequate nursing care, comfort, and privacy of residents.

Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02200. If any changes in this code are also to be incorporated by reference, a notice to that effect will be published in the **Federal Register**.

(1) Bedrooms must –

(i) Accommodate no more than four resident;

(ii) Measure at least 80 square feet per resident in multiple resident bedrooms,

and at least 100 square feet in single resident rooms;

(iii) Have direct access to an exit corridor;

(iv) Be designed or equipped to assure full visual privacy for each resident;

(v) In facilities initially certified after September 30, 1990, except in private rooms, each bed must have ceiling suspended curtains, which extend around the bed to provide total visual privacy in combination with adjacent walls and curtains.

(vi) Have at least one window to the outside; and

(vii) Have a floor at or above grade level.

(2) The facility must provide each resident with –

(i) A separate bed of proper size and height for the convenience of the resident;

(ii) A clean, comfortable mattress;

(iii) Bedding appropriate to the weather and climate; and

(iv) Functional furniture appropriate to the resident's needs, and individual closet space in the resident's bedroom with clothes racks and shelves accessible to the resident.

(3) HCFA, or in the case of a nursing facility the survey agency, may permit variations in requirements specified in paragraphs (d)(1) (i) and (ii) of this section relating to rooms in individual cases when the facility demonstrates in writing that the variations –

(i) Are in accordance with the special needs of the residents; and

(ii) Will not adversely affect residents' health and safety.

(e) *Toilet facilities.* Each resident room must be equipped with or located near toilet and bathing facilities.

(f) *Resident call system.* The nurse's station must be equipped to receive resident calls through a communication system from –

(1) Resident rooms; and

(2) Toilet and bathing facilities.

(g) Dining and resident activities. The facility must provide one or more rooms designated for resident dining and activities. These rooms must –

(1) Be well lighted;

(2) Be well ventilated, with nonsmoking areas identified;

(3) Be adequately furnished; and

(4) Have sufficient space to accommodate all activities.

(h) Other environmental conditions. The facility must provide a safe, functional, sanitary, and comfortable environment for the resident, staff and the public. The facility must –

(1) Establish procedures to ensure that water is available to essential areas when there is a loss of normal water supply;

(2) Have adequate outside ventilation by means of windows, or mechanical ventilation, or a combination of the two;

(3) Equip corridors with firmly secured handrails on each side; and

(4) Maintain an effective pest control program so that the facility is free of pests and rodents.

§ 483.75 Administration.

A facility must be administered in a manner that enables it to use its resources effectively and efficiently to attain or maintain the highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being of each resident.

(a) *Licensure.* A facility must be licensed under applicable State and local law.

(b) *Compliance with Federal, State, and local laws and professional standards.* The facility must operate and provide services in compliance with all applicable, Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and codes, and with accepted professional standards and principles that apply to professionals providing services in such a facility.

(c) *Relationship to other HHS regulations.* In addition to compliance with the regulations set forth in this subpart, facilities are obliged to meet the applicable provisions of other HHS regulation, including but not limited to those pertaining to nondiscrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin (45 CFR part 80); nondiscrimination on the basis of handicap (45 CFR part 84); nondiscrimination on the basis of age (45 CFR part 91); protection of human subjects of research (45 CFR part 46); and fraud and abuse (42 CFR part 455). Although these regulations are not in themselves considered requirements under this part, their violation may result in the termination or suspension of, or the refusal to grant or continue payment with Federal funds.

(d) *Governing body.* (1) The facility must have a governing body, or designated persons functioning as a governing body, that is legally responsible for establishing and implementing policies regarding the management and operation of the facility; and

(2) The governing body appoints the Administrator who is –

(i) Licensed by the State where licensing is required; and

(ii) Responsible for management of the facility.

(e) *Required training of nurse aides* – (1) *General rule.* Effective October 1, 1990, a facility must not use any individual working in the facility as a nurse aide for more than 4 months, on a full-time, temporary, per diem, or other basis, unless:

(i) That individual has completed a training and competency evaluation program, or a competency evaluation program approved by the State, and

(ii) That individual is competent to provide nursing and nursing related services.

(2) *Rule for non-full-time employees.* A facility may not use an individual as a nurse aide on a temporary, per diem, leased, or any basis other than a permanent employee after January 1, 1991 unless the individual meets the requirements in paragraph (e)(1) (i) and (ii) of this section.

(3) *Competency evaluation programs for current employees.* A facility must provide, for individuals used as nurse aides as of January 1, 1990, a competency evaluation program approved by the State, and preparation necessary for the individual to complete the program by October 1, 1990.

(4) *Competency.* Effective October 1, 1990, a facility may permit an individual to serve as a nurse aide or provide services of a type for which the individual has not demonstrated competence only when –

(i) The individual is in a training or competency evaluation program approved by the State; and

(ii) The facility has asked and not yet evaluated a reply from the State registry for information concerning the individual.

(5) *State nurse aide registries checks.* A facility must check with all State nurse aide registries it has reason to believe contain information on an individual before using that individual as a nurse aide.

(6) *Required retraining.* When an individual has not performed paid nursing or nursing-related services for a continuous period of 24 consecutive months since the most recent completion of a training and competency evaluation program, the facility must require the individual to complete a new training and competency evaluation program.

(7) *Regular in-service education.* The facility must provide regular performance review and regular in-service education to ensure that individuals used as nurse aides are competent to perform services as nurse aides. In-service education must include training for individuals providing nursing and nursing-related services to resident with cognitive impairments.

(8) *Definition of nurse aide.* For purposes of this section, the term, *nurse aide*, means any individual providing nursing or nursing-related services to residents in a facility. This definition does not include an individual who volunteers to provide such services without pay, who is a registered dietician, or who is a licensed health professional.

(9) *Definition of licensed health professional.* For purposes of this section, the term “licensed health professional” means a physician; physician assistant; nurse practitioner; physical, speech, or occupational therapy assistant; registered professional nurse; licensed practical nurse; or licensed or certified social worker.

(f) *Proficiency of Nurse aides.* The facility must ensure that nurse aides are able to demonstrate competency in skills and techniques necessary to care for residents’ needs, as identified through resident assessments, and described in the plan of care.

(g) *Staff qualifications.* (1) The facility must employ on a full-time, part-time or consultant basis those professionals necessary to carry out the provisions of these requirements.

(2) Professional staff must be licensed, certified, or registered in accordance with applicable State laws.

(h) *Use of outside resources.* (1) If the facility does not employ a qualified professional person to furnish a specific service to be provided by the facility, the facility must have that service furnished to residents by a person or agency outside the facility under an arrangement described in section 1861(w) of the Act or an agreement described in paragraph (h)(2) of this section.

(2) Arrangements as described in section 1861(w) of the Act or agreements pertaining to services furnished by outside resources must specify in writing that the facility assumes responsibility for –

(i) Obtaining services that meet professional standards and principles that apply to professionals providing services in such a facility; and

(ii) The timeliness of the services.

(i) *Medical director.* (1) The facility must designate a physician to serve as medical director.

(2) The medical director is responsible for –

(i) Implementation of resident care policies; and

(ii) The coordination of medical care in the facility.

(j) *Laboratory services.* (1) The facility must provide or obtain clinical laboratory services to meet the needs of its residents. The facility is responsible for the quality and timeliness of the services.

(i) If the facility provides its own laboratory services, the services must meet the applicable conditions for coverage of the services furnished by laboratories specified in part 493 of this chapter;

(ii) If the facility provides blood bank and transfusion services, it must meet the requirements for laboratories specified in part 493 of this chapter.

(iii) If the laboratory chooses to refer specimens for testing to another laboratory, the referral laboratory must be approved or licensed to test specimens in the appropriate specialties and/or subspecialties of service in accordance with part 493 of this chapter;

(iv) If the facility does not provide laboratory services on site, it must have an agreement to obtain these services only from a laboratory that meets the requirements of part 493 of this chapter or from a physician’s office.

(2) The facility must –

(i) Provide or obtain laboratory services only when ordered by the attending physicians;

(ii) Promptly notify the attending physician of the findings;

(iii) Assist the resident in making transportation arrangements to and from the source of service, if the resident needs assistance.

(iv) File in the resident’s clinical record laboratory reports that are dated and contain the name and address of the issuing laboratory.

(k) *Radiology and other diagnostic services.* (1) The facility must provide or obtain radiology and other diagnostic services to meet the needs of its residents. The facility is responsible for the quality and timeliness of the services.

(i) If the facility provides its own diagnostic services, the services must meet the applicable conditions of participation for hospitals contained in §482.26 of this subchapter.

(ii) If the facility does not provide its own diagnostic services, it must have an agreement to obtain these services from a provider or supplier that is approved to provide these services under Medicare.

(2) The facility must –

(i) Provide or obtain radiology and other diagnostic services only when ordered by the attending physician;

(ii) Promptly notify the attending physician of the findings;

(iii) Assist the resident in making transportation arrangements to and from the source of service, if the resident needs assistance; and

(iv) File in the resident’s clinical record signed and dated reports of x-ray and other diagnostic services.

(1) *Clinical records.* (1) The facility must maintain clinical records on each resident in accordance with accepted professional standards and practices that are –

(i) Complete;

(ii) Accurately documented;

(iii) Readily accessible; and

(iv) Systematically organized.

(2) Clinical records must be retained for –

(i) The period of time required by State law; or

(ii) Five years from the date of discharge when there is no requirement in State law; or

(iii) For a minor, three years after a resident reaches legal age under State law.

(3) The facility must safeguard clinical record information against loss, destruction, or unauthorized use;

(4) The facility must keep confidential all information contained in the resident’s records, regardless of the form or storage method of the records, except when release is required by –

(i) Transfer to another health care institution;

(ii) Law;

(iii) Third party payment contract; or

(iv) The resident.

(5) The clinical record must contain –

(i) Sufficient information to identify the resident;

(ii) A record of the resident’s assessments;

(iii) The plan of care and services provided;

(iv) The results of any preadmission screening conducted by the State; and

(v) Progress notes.

(m) *Disaster and emergency*

preparedness. (1) the facility must have detailed written plans and procedures to meet all potential emergencies and disasters, such as fire, severe weather, and mission residents.

(2) The facility must train all employees in emergency procedures when they begin to work in the facility, periodically review the procedures with existing staff, and carry out unannounced staff drills using those procedures.

(n) *Transfer agreement.* (1) In accordance with section 1861(1) of the Act, the facility (other than a nursing Facility which is located in a State on an Indian reservation) must have in effect a Written transfer agreement with one or More hospitals approved for Participation under the Medicare and Medicaid programs that reasonably assures that –

(i) Residents will be transferred from the facility to the hospital, and ensured of timely admission to the hospital when transfer is medically appropriate as determined by the attending physician; and

(ii) Medical and other information needed for care and treatment of residents, and, when the transferring facility deems it appropriate, for determining whether such residents can be adequately cared for in a less expensive setting than either the facility or the hospital, will be exchanged between the institutions.

(2) The facility is considered to have a transfer agreement in effect if the facility has attempted in good faith to enter into an agreement with a hospital sufficiently close to the facility to make transfer feasible.

(o) *Quality assessment and assurance.*

(1) A facility must maintain a quality assessment and assurance committee consisting of –

- (i) The director of nursing services;
- (ii) A physician designated by the facility; and
- (iii) At least 3 other members of the facility’s staff.

(2) The quality assessment and assurance committee –

(i) Meets at least quarterly to identify issues with respect to which quality assessment and assurance activities are necessary; and

(ii) Develops and implements appropriate plans of action to correct identified quality deficiencies.

(3) A State or the Secretary may not require disclosure of the records of such committee except in so far as such disclosure is related to the compliance of such committee with the requirements of this section.

(p) Disclosure of ownership.

(1) The facility must comply with the disclosure requirements of §§ 420.206 and 455.104 of this chapter.

(2) The facility must provide written notice to the State agency responsible for licensing the facility at the time of change, if a change occurs in –

(i) Persons with an ownership or control interest, as defined in §§ 420.201 and 455.101 of this chapter;

(ii) The officers, directors, agents, or managing employees;

(iii) The corporation, association, or other company responsible for the management of the facility; or

(iv) The facility’s administrator or director of nursing.

(3) The notice specified in paragraph (p)(2) of this section must include the identity of each new individual or company.

PART 483—REQUIREMENTS FOR STATES AND LONG TERM CARE FACILITIES

1. The authority citation for part 483 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: Sec. 1102, 1819(a)-(f), 1861(j) and (l), 1863, 1871, 1902(a)(28), 1905(a), (c) and (d), and 1919(a)-(f) of the Social Security Act (42) U.S.C. 1302, 1395(i)(3)(a)-(f), 1395x (j) and (l) 1395hh, 1935z, 1396(a)(a)(28), and 1396d (c) and (d), and 1396r(a)-(f), unless otherwise noted.

§ 483.1 [Amended]

2. In § 483.1, paragraph (a)(1), the phrase “Sections 1819 (a), (b), (c), and (d) of the Act” is substituted for “Sections of the Act 1819(a), (b), (c), and (d)”.

§ 483.5 [Amended]

3. In § 483.5, the phrase “sections 1819 or 1919” is substituted for “sections 1819 and 1919”; the phrase “or § 440.150” is removed and “§ 440.150” is substituted for “§ 440.150(c)”.

§ 483.10 [Amended]

4. Section 483.10 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (b)(2)(i), the phrase “including current clinical records within 24 hours (excluding weekends and holidays); and” is substituted for “including clinical records within 24 hours; and”.

(b) In paragraph (c)(4)(ii), the word “and” is added before the phrase “on request” so that this paragraph reads as follows: “The individual financial record must be available through quarterly statements and on request to the resident or his or her legal representative.”

(c) In paragraph (g)(1), the phrase “The facility must make the results available for examination in a place readily accessible to residents, and must post a notice of their availability; and” is substituted for the phrase “The results must be made available for examination by the facility in a place readily accessible to residents; and”.

(d) In paragraph (g)(2), “contract” should read “contact”.

(e) In paragraph (j)(1)(iv), “State” should read “State”.

(f) In paragraph (j)(2), “anytime” should read “any time”.

(g) In paragraph (m), “arrangement” should read “arrangement”.

(h) In paragraph (o)(1), “facility” should be changed to “institution” every place it appears.

(i) In paragraph (o)(1)(ii), “If a resident” should read “A resident”.

(j) In paragraph (o)(2), “Medicaid benefits” should read “Medicare or Medicaid benefits”.

§ 483.12 [Amended]

5. Section 483.12 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (a)(5)(D), “(a)(2)(ii)” should read “(a)(2)(i)”.

(b) In paragraph (a)(6), “For nursing facilities, the written notice” should read “The written notice”.

(c) In paragraph (d)(1)(ii), “Medicare benefits” should read “Medicare or Medicaid benefits”.

§ 483.13 [Amended]

6. Section 483.13 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (c)(1)(ii)(A), “mistreating individuals” should read “mistreating residents”.

(b) In paragraph (c)(1)(iii), “other NF staff” should read “other facility staff”.

§ 483.15 [Amended]

7. Section 483.15 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (a), “individuality” should read “individuality.”.

(b) In paragraph (f)(2)(i), “who is –” should read “who –”.

(c) In paragraph (f)(2)(i)(A), “Licensed” should read “Is licensed”.

(d) In paragraph (f)(2)(i)(B), “Eligible” should read “Is eligible”.

(e) In paragraph (f)(2)(i)(B), “on October 1, 1990” should read “on or after October 1, 1990”.

§ 483.20 [Amended]

8. Section 483.20 is amended by:

(a) Substituting in paragraph (e) the phrase “anticipates discharge,” for “anticipates discharges”.

(b) Substituting in paragraph (f)(1)(i)(B), the phrase “whether the individual requires specialized services; or” for “whether specialized services the individual requires active treatment for mental illness; or”.

(c) Substituting in paragraph (f)(1)(ii)(B), “specialized services” for “active treatment”.

(d) Revising paragraph (d)(1) to read as follows:

§ 483.20 Resident assessment.

* * * * *

(d) Comprehensive care plans. facility must develop a comprehensive care plan for each resident that includes measurable objectives and timetables to meet a resident’s medical, nursing, and mental and psychosocial needs that are identified in the comprehensive assessment. The care plan must describe the following –

(i) The services that are to be furnished to attain or maintain the resident’s highest practicable physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being as required under § 483.25; and

(ii) Any services that would otherwise be required under § 483.25 but are not provided due to the resident’s exercise of rights under § 483.10, including the right to refuse treatment under § 483.10(b)(4).

* * * * *

§ 483.25 [Amended]

9. Section 483.25 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (g)(2), “feeding function.” should read “eating skills.”.

(b) In paragraph (1), “Unnecessary drug.” should read “Unnecessary drugs.”.

§ 483.30 [Amended]

10. In § 483.30 paragraph (d)(1)(iv), “Americans” is substituted for “American”.

§ 483.45 [Amended]

11. Section 483.45 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (a), “and health rehabilitative services” should read “and mental health rehabilitative services”.

(b) In paragraph (a)(2), “§ 483.75(j) of this part” should read “§ 483.75(h) of this part”.

§ 483.60 [Amended]

12. In § 483.60, paragraph (d), “and include” is substituted for “and including”.

§ 483.65 [Amended]

13. In § 483.65, paragraph ©, “infection.” is substituted for “infection”.

§ 483.70 [Amended]

14. Section 483.70 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (a)(1)(ii), “wavers” should read “waivers”.

(b) In paragraph (a)(2), after “HCFA” remove”, or in the case of a nursing facility (including a dually participating facility), the State survey agency”. As corrected, § 483.70(a)(2) reads as follows: “After consideration of State survey agency findings, HCFA may waive specific provisions of the Life Safety Code which, if rigidly applied would result in unreasonable hardship upon the facility, but only if the waiver does not adversely affect the health and safety of residents or personnel.”

(c) In paragraph (d)(1)(v), “March 21, 1992” is substituted for “September 30, 1990”.

§ 483.75 [Amended]

15. Section 483.75 is amended as follows:

(a) In paragraph (j)(2)(i), “attending physicians;” should read “attending physician;”.

(b) In paragraph (j)(2)(iii), “needs assistance.” should read “needs assistance; and”.

(c) In § 483.75, a new paragraph (o)(4) is added to read as follows:

§ 483.75 Administration.

* * * * *

(o) * * *

(4) Good faith attempts by the committee to identify and correct quality deficiencies will not be used as a basis for sanctions.

* * * * *

16. In § 483.410, a new paragraph (e) is added to read as follows:

* * * * *

§ 483.410 Condition of participation:

Governing body and management.

(e) *Standard: Licensure.* The facility must be licensed under applicable State and local law.

E. Part 488 is amended as follows

DEFINITIONS

28-39-228. Definitions.

(a) "Activities director" means a person who meets the following requirements:

(1) Has completed the requirements for certification as a music therapist or has completed the requirements for graduation as a horticultural therapist; and

(2) has one year of experience in a patient activities program in a health care setting.

(b) "Administrator" means a person who is charged with the general administration of the nursing facility for mental health whether or not the individual has an ownership interest in the facility. Each administrator of a nursing facility for mental health shall be licensed in accordance with K.S.A. 65-3501, et seq., and amendments thereto.

(c) "Admission assessment" means that evaluation at facility admission which is used to guide the initial plan of care for the resident until the mental health plan of care is put in place.

(d) "Admitting physician" means the licensed physician who provides the order specifying the rationale for admission of a person to a nursing facility for mental health.

(e) "Behavior management program" means a therapeutic treatment regime identified by an interdisciplinary team to change or maintain a specific behavior in the behavior repertoire of a resident in a nursing facility for mental health.

(f) "Case manager" means a person in a program authorized by the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services assigned to monitor and participate in the treatment program of a resident living in a nursing facility for mental health.

(g) "Community mental health center" means an agency licensed by the state of Kansas pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4001, et seq. and in compliance with K.S.A. 65-211 et seq. and amendments thereto.

(h) "Comprehensive assessment" means:

(1) The minimum data set plus; and

(2) all related evaluations to identify a person's current functioning level and those factors which are barriers to maintaining the current level, or achieving a higher level of functioning.

(i) "Crisis intervention" means the allowable techniques to be utilized by facility staff in situations when:

(1) A resident's inappropriate behavior escalates beyond the definitions in the individualized behavior management program; and

(2) the resident, other residents, or staff are placed in a harmful situation.

(j) "Dietitian" means a person who is licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment as a dietitian.

(k) "Direct care staff" means those persons who assist or supervise residents in meeting the objectives in the mental health plan of care.

(l) "Discharge plan" means that section of each resident's mental health plan of care that identifies what placement opportunities are available to the resident and what necessary resources, skills and behaviors are required to facilitate the placement.

(m) "Guardian" means a person who has been appointed by a court of law to provide the functions and services for a ward as defined in K.S.A. 59-3018 and amendments thereto.

(n) "Informed consent" means receiving permission from the resident, or legal representative after the person has been presented with:

(1) The specific issue;

(2) the recommended treatment or procedure;

(3) the resident's specific mental or physical status with regard to the problem issue;

(4) any attendant risks regarding treating or not treating the problem issue;

(5) acceptable alternatives of treatment to the problem issue;

(6) the right to refuse treatment; and

(7) any consequences of refusal.

(o) "Initial plan of care" means that plan which is put into place for each individual resident following the admission assessment and which is to be used until the mental health plan of care is put in place.

(p) "Interdisciplinary team" means the group of persons, including the resident or the resident's legal representative or both, who formulate, deliver and monitor the individual program plan for each resident.

(q) "Legal representative" means the person who has been appointed by a court of law as a guardian, or has been selected by a resident as a durable power of attorney for health care decisions.

(r) "Licensed mental health technician" means a person licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a licensed mental health technician.

(s) "Licensed nurse" means a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse.

(t) "Licensed practical nurse" means a person who is licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a licensed practical nurse.

(u) "Living unit" means the specific section, wing, or pod where the resident is assigned to engage in the majority of activities of daily living.

(v) "Mental health plan of care" means those documents that describe for each resident:

- (1) The basis for medical or mental health treatment or training;
- (2) specific objectives identified for treatment or training;
- (3) the staff members who formulated the plan; and
- (4) the staff members who are responsible for carrying out the plan.

(w) "Mental health professional" means a physician, psychologist, social worker, or a psychiatric nurse.

(x) "Motivational system" means those procedures and intervention techniques that are applied to a resident or group of residents to enhance and maintain positive behavioral change.

(y) "Nursing facility for mental health" means a facility licensed pursuant to K.S.A. 39-923 et seq. as a nursing facility and identified by the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services as serving mentally ill persons.

(z) "Physician" means a person who is licensed by the Kansas board of healing arts as a medical doctor or a doctor of osteopathy.

(aa) "Psychiatric nurse" means a person who is licensed by the Kansas state board of nursing as a registered nurse and who has at least one year of experience as a registered nurse in the delivery of services to persons with mental illness.

(bb) "Psychiatric services" means those interventions and assessments held out to be exclusively in the practice of a physician who has completed additional training as a psychiatrist.

(cc) "Psychotropic medication" means those drugs that are used with the intent of controlling mood, mental status and behavior.

(dd) "Psychologist" means a person who is licensed or registered as a psychologist with the Kansas board of behavioral sciences.

(ee) "Registered nurse" means a person who is licensed by the Kansas board of nursing as a registered nurse.

(ff) "Resident" means a person who has been admitted to a nursing facility for mental health and who is in need of services provided by the facility.

(gg) "Restraint" means the control and limitation of a resident's movement by:

(1) Physical restraint, which is a technique involving the use of one or more staff person's arms, legs, hands or other body areas to restrict or control the movements of a resident,

(2) mechanical restraint, which is a device applied to a person's limbs, head or body, which restricts a persons movement and access to their body; or

(3) chemical restraint, which is the administration of an appropriate physician prescribed medication for the specific purpose of immediately calming a resident when there has been an assessment that the resident or others in the resident's environment are in danger.

(hh) "Seclusion" means the isolation of a resident in a locked room which cannot be opened by the resident.

(ii) "Social worker" means a person who is a social worker licensed by the Kansas board of behavioral sciences.

(jj) "Tardive dyskinesia" means an extrapyramidal syndrome characterized by rhythmic, repetitive stereotypic movements that can occur following prolonged treatment with neuroleptic medication.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

RESIDENT RIGHTS

28-39-229. Resident rights.

(a) No resident shall be presumed to be incompetent, to forfeit any legal rights, responsibility or obligation, or to suffer any legal disability as a citizen, unless otherwise prescribed by law, as a consequence of receiving care or treatment in a nursing facility for mental health.

(1) Each resident shall have the right to be evaluated, treated and habilitated in the least restrictive environment possible.

(2) Each resident shall have the right to contact a representative at the local community mental health center about their care and treatment.

(3) Each resident shall be given free access to the surrounding local community.

(4) Each resident shall have the right to have daily opportunities for physical exercise and outdoor recreation.

(5) Each resident shall have the right to have access to current newspapers, magazines and radio and television programming.

(6) Each resident shall have, at a minimum, the right at all times to communicate by unopened mail with his or her immediate family, case manager, legal representative, and representatives from the Kansas department of aging, Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services and the Kansas department of health and environment.

(b) Resident work. Services performed by the resident shall be identified within the mental health plan of care.

(1) A resident engaged in work of benefit to the facility shall be paid wages according to U.S. department of labor requirements.

(2) Residents performing work for the facility shall not be used to replace paid employees to fulfill staffing requirements.

(3) Residents shall not be denied the opportunity to volunteer for work.

(4) Residents working outside the facility shall be protected by the facility from exploitation.

(c) Choice. Activities shall allow maximum flexibility for residents to exercise choice regarding what they will do and when they will do it. Residents' individual preferences regarding such things as menus, clothing, religious activities, friendships, activity programs, entertainment, sleeping, eating and times to retire at night and arise in the morning shall be elicited and considered by the facility.

(d) Communications. Each resident may communicate, associate, and meet privately with persons of the resident's choice, unless to do so would infringe upon the rights of other residents.

(e) Mail. Arrangements shall be made to provide aid to residents who require assistance in reading or sending mail.

(f) Visitors. Space shall be provided for residents to receive visitors in comfort and privacy.

(g) Activities. Residents who wish to meet with, or participate in, activities of social, religious or community groups in or outside the facility, shall be informed, encouraged, and assisted to do so.

(h) Residents shall be permitted to leave the facility and its surroundings at reasonable times unless there are justifiable reasons established in writing by the attending physician, mental health professional, or facility administrator for denying permission.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

ADMISSION, TRANSFER AND DISCHARGE

28-39-230. Admission, transfer and discharge.

(a) The commitment of a resident to a nursing facility for mental health shall not be permitted.

(b) Persons identified by the admitting physician as being a danger to themselves or others shall not to be admitted to nursing facilities for mental health.

(c) Each resident shall have established at admission an initial plan of care based on the physician's admitting diagnosis.

(d) Each resident's mental health plan of care shall include a discharge plan.

(e) Each resident shall have the right to request a review of progress for discharge at any scheduled regular review.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

RESIDENT BEHAVIOR AND FACILITY PRACTICES

28-39-231. Resident behavior and facility practices.

(a) Psychotropic medication shall only be prescribed and used for a resident's treatment program following:

(1) Receipt of informed consent from the resident, or the resident's legal representative;

(2) documentation in the resident's record of the rationale for the use of the medication; and

(3) implementation of an objective monitoring system to determine the impact of the medication on the resident's behavior.

(b) Seclusion shall not be utilized in nursing facilities for mental health.

(c) Restraints shall not be applied to a resident unless it is determined to be required to prevent substantial body injury to the resident or others, and a physician's order and informed consent for the use of the restraint has been obtained.

(1) The extent of the use of restraints shall be the least restrictive necessary to prevent injury.

(2) Standing or "prn" orders for restraint shall be prohibited.

(d) The record of each resident for whom restraint is used shall contain complete information about restraint use that includes:

(1) The informed consent of the resident or the resident's legal representative for the use of the restraint;

(2) the clinical assessment done before the resident was restrained;

(3) the circumstances that led to the use of the restraint;

(4) an explanation of less restrictive measures used before restraint was applied;

(5) the physician's orders for the restraint;

(6) recordings of consistent observation of the resident at least every 15 minutes, or more frequently if needed, to monitor general well-being including vital signs, respirations, circulation, positioning and alertness as medically indicated;

(7) a description of the resident's activity at the time of observation that includes verbal exchanges and behavior;

(8) a description of safety procedures taken at restraint implementation;

(9) a recording of release from the mechanical restraint and exercise and massage every two hours;

(10) recordings of intake of food and fluid; and

(11) recording of use of the toilet.

(e) A resident shall not be allowed to participate in the restraint of another resident.

(f) There shall be written policies that address the basic assumption and philosophy that govern the use of restraint and who may authorize the use of restraint.

(g) During any period of restraint, the facility shall provide for the emotional and physical needs of the resident.

(h) The resident shall be informed of the reason for the restraint and the conditions for release. The resident's legal representative shall be notified within 24 hours of initiation of the use of restraints.

(i) Only persons who have documented training in restraint theory and techniques shall be authorized to assist with the restraint of a resident.

(j) Behavior management programs shall emphasize positive modification practices utilizing current reinforcement theory standard of practice.

(k) Motivation systems shall be based on the principles of positive reinforcement.

(l) Facility motivational systems shall not implement group punishment for the inappropriate behavior of a resident or more than one resident.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

QUALITY OF LIFE; ACTIVITY PROGRAMS

28-39-232. Quality of life; activity programs.

(a) Each nursing facility for mental health shall have an organized activity program which is managed by an activity director and is directed toward community integration.

(b) The activity program plan for the facility shall be based on the needs identified in the comprehensive assessment of each resident and on interests expressed by individual residents.

(c) Activities shall be offered at least daily.

(d) Activities offered shall be varied and shall be planned for individuals, small groups or large groups with opportunities for involvement in the local community.

(e) Monthly calendars of activities offered shall be prepared in advance and shall be kept for three months.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

RESIDENT ASSESSMENT

28-39-233. Resident assessment.

(a) An assessment upon admission for each resident shall be completed and shall include, but not be limited to a statement of presenting problems.

(b) Prior to the development of the mental health plan of care, a comprehensive assessment shall be completed within 14 days after admission for each resident and shall include but not be limited to:

- (1) The minimum data set plus prepared by a registered nurse;
- (2) psychosocial assessment prepared by a mental health professional to determine strengths and weaknesses in:
 - (A) Living arrangements;
 - (B) financial resources;
 - (C) vocational and educational skills;
 - (D) leisure pursuits;
 - (E) social support structures; and
 - (F) previous compliance with treatment programs; and
- (3) a social history which includes:
 - (A) Family background;
 - (B) educational history, and
 - (C) employment history.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

QUALITY OF CARE

28-39-234. Quality of care.

(a) Each facility shall develop and provide a system of mental health treatment and medical care for all residents including all aspects of care from admission through discharge. The system shall include the following provisions.

(1) Each facility shall conduct for each resident an admission assessment based upon information from available sources and document the findings in the resident's record.

(2) Each facility shall write an initial treatment plan for each resident based on the admission assessments which will be used to guide the treatment provided for the resident with necessary documented revisions until the implementation of the mental health plan of care.

(3) Each facility shall conduct and document in each resident's record comprehensive assessments that will be used to formulate the mental health plan of care.

(4) Each facility shall write and implement the mental health plan of care with necessary revisions through the course of each resident's stay.

(5) Each facility shall identify and document in each resident's record a discharge plan that integrates the wishes of the resident or legal representative.

(b) A mental health plan of care for each resident shall be developed by an interdisciplinary team including the resident or the resident's legal representative, or both, within 21 days after admission. The resident, or the resident's legal representative has the ultimate authority to accept or reject the plan. The mental health plan of care shall be approved and have its progress monitored by a mental health professional.

(1) The mental health plan of care shall be based on the comprehensive assessments and directed toward objective resident outcome.

(2) Each facility shall assist each resident in obtaining access to academic services, community living skills training, legal services, self-care training, support services, transportation, treatment and vocational education as needed. These services may be provided by the facility or obtained from other providers.

(3) Services to each resident shall be provided in the least restrictive environment and shall incorporate the use of community experiences when relevant.

(4) If needed services are not available and accessible, the facility shall document the actions taken to locate and obtain those services. The documentation shall identify needs which will not be met because of the lack of available services and why they cannot be met.

(5) The mental health plan of care shall be written, dated, signed by the interdisciplinary team members, including the resident, and maintained in the resident's record.

(6) The mental health plan of care shall include:

(A) Medical directives;

(B) behavioral directives;

(C) specific services to be provided;

(D) persons or agency responsible for providing services;

(E) beginning dates for services;

(F) anticipated duration of services; and

(G) a discharge plan.

(7) The mental health plan of care shall identify the procedure to be used to determine whether the objectives were achieved. This procedure shall incorporate a process for ongoing review and revision.

(8) The interdisciplinary team shall review the mental health plan of care for each resident at least quarterly and at the time a resident's condition changes. The interdisciplinary team review shall include a written report in the resident's record which addresses:

(A) the resident's progress toward objectives;

(B) the need for continued services;

(C) recommendations concerning alternative services or living arrangements; and

(D) those persons involved in the review and the date of the review.

(9) Each facility shall develop procedures for recording implementation and progress of the activities of the mental health plan of care and the resident's response. These procedures shall include the following provisions.

(A) A written progress note shall be placed in the resident's record following the delivery of each single service required by the mental health plan of care.

(B) A weekly summary shall be written by the staff and placed in the resident's record for services provided more than once a week.

(C) All progress and summary notes shall be signed and dated by the person who provides the service.

(D) Additional entries shall be provided in the resident's record when significant incidents occur.

(E) Notes shall be written in specific terms based on behavioral observations and activity responses of the resident. Entries that involve subjective interpretations of a resident's behavior or progress shall be clearly identified and shall be supplemented with descriptions of behavior upon which the interpretation was based.

(c) There shall be written policies and procedures concerning crisis intervention. These policies and procedures shall be:

(1) Directed to maximizing the growth and development of the resident by listing a hierarchy of available alternative methods that emphasize positive approaches;

(2) available in each program area and living unit;

(3) available to residents and their families; and

(4) developed with the participation, as appropriate, of residents served.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

NURSING SERVICES

28-39-235. Nursing services.

(a) Each nursing facility for mental health shall employ or have on contract a psychiatric nurse who shall perform a monthly written evaluation of each resident's response to the mental health plan of care.

(b) A registered nurse shall perform for each resident receiving psychotropic medication an annual evaluation for tardive dyskinesia based on an industry-wide accepted test.

(c) Each nursing facility for mental health shall have a licensed nurse on duty at all times.

(d) Each facility shall have a registered nurse on duty at least eight hours a day, seven days a week.

(e) Each facility with 41 or more beds shall have an additional licensed nurse on duty during the working shift of the director of nursing.

(f) Each facility shall provide sufficient direct care staff to manage and supervise residents in accordance with each resident's mental health plan of care.

(g) Each facility shall provide sufficient support staff so that direct care staff are not required to perform cleaning, dietary and maintenance tasks to the extent that those duties interfere with the exercise of their primary direct care duties.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

DIETARY SERVICES

28-39-236. Dietary services.

(a) Residents shall be encouraged to participate in meal planning, food purchasing, food preparation, table setting, serving, dishwashing and cleanup.

(b) The facility shall be responsible for assisting residents in learning what constitutes good nutritional practices.

(c) Menus shall be developed with input on food preferences from residents.

(d) Menus shall include a variety of foods prepared in various ways.

(e) Menus shall be written for a minimum of a three week cycle in which meals are not repeated.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

PHYSICIAN SERVICES

28-39-237. Physician services.

For each resident having a psychiatric diagnosis, a written agreement for the provision of psychiatric services or consultation shall be entered into if primary services are provided by a physician other than a psychiatrist.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

INFECTION CONTROL

28-39-238. Infection control.

(a) Each facility shall provide a sanitary environment and shall follow proper techniques of asepsis, sterilization, and isolation.

(b) Each facility shall have written policies and procedures for aseptic and isolation techniques. Those policies and procedures shall be followed by all employees. If the facility does not have the capability of caring for a resident with an infectious disease, the written policies shall include provisions for handling the case until arrangements can be made to transfer the resident to an appropriate facility.

(c) Each facility shall have, and follow, written procedures to insure safe disposal of infectious waste and materials.

(d) Each facility shall have, and follow, written procedures to monitor the health status of all employees.

(e) Each ice storage container shall be kept clean, and ice and ice scoops shall be handled in a sanitary manner to prevent contamination.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

ADMINISTRATION

28-39-239. Administration.

(a) Each licensed nursing facility for mental health shall have an administrator, duly approved by the Kansas department of health and environment who acts in a professional capacity in accordance with regulations governing the operation of a nursing facility for mental health.

(b) Each nursing facility for mental health shall adopt and enforce written policies relative to:

- (1) The health care, safety, psychosocial, and self-esteem needs of the residents;
- (2) the protection of personal and property rights of residents; and
- (3) emergency medical procedures.

(c) Each nursing facility for mental health shall maintain an affiliation agreement with the community mental health center within its service area. Such affiliation agreement shall, at a minimum, address the following:

(1) Provisions for any services to be provided to the nursing facility for mental health or its residents by the community mental health center; and

(2) mechanisms which insure coordination and planning with the community mental health center for any resident being discharged from the nursing facility for mental health to the community, or to any other institution or hospital.

(Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 39-932, effective May 16, 1994.)

DEFINITIONS

28-39-164. Definitions.

(a) “Adult care home” means any facility that meets the definition specified in K.A.R. 28-39-144.

(b) “Clinical instruction” means training in which the trainee demonstrates knowledge and skills while performing tasks on an individual under the direct supervision of the course instructor. Clinical instruction may be performed in any of the following settings:

- (1) An adult care home;
- (2) a long-term care unit of a hospital; or
- (3) a simulated laboratory.

(c) “Department” means Kansas department of health and environment.

(d) “Direct care” means assistance provided in activities of daily living. These activities shall include grooming, eating, toileting, transferring, and ambulation.

(e) “Direct supervision” means that the supervisor is on the facility premises and is readily accessible for one-on-one consultation, instruction, and assistance, as needed.

(f) “Eligible for employment”, when describing a certified nurse aide, means that the certified nurse aide meets the following criteria:

(1) Has been employed to perform nursing or nursing-related services for at least eight hours in the preceding 24 months;

(2) has no record of abuse, neglect, and exploitation; and

(3) is not prohibited from employment based upon criminal convictions pursuant to K.S.A. 39-970, and amendments thereto.

(g) “Instructor” means an individual who has been approved by the secretary to teach nurse aide, home health aide, or medication aide training courses.

(h) “Licensed nursing experience” means experience as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

(i) “Nurse aide trainee I” means an individual in the process of completing part I of a 90-hour nurse aide course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165.

(j) “Nurse aide trainee II” means an individual who has successfully completed part I of a 90-hour nurse aide course specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 or whose training has been endorsed as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-167.

(k) “Secretary” means secretary of the Kansas department of health and environment.

(l) “Simulated laboratory” means an enclosed area that is in a school, institution, adult care home, or other facility and that is similar to an adult care home residential room. In a simulated laboratory, trainees practice and demonstrate basic nurse aide skills while an instructor observes and evaluates the trainees.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

NURSE AIDE TRAINING PROGRAM

28-39-165. Nurse aide training program.

(a) Requirements. Unlicensed employees who provide direct individual care to residents shall be required to perform the following:

(1) Successfully complete at least a 90-hour nurse aide course that has been approved by the secretary; and

(2) pass a state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168.

(b) Certification. Each person shall be issued a nurse aide certificate by the secretary and shall be listed on a public registry upon completion of the requirements specified in subsection (a).

(c) Employment as a trainee.

(1) Each nurse aide trainee I in an approved 90-hour course shall be required to successfully complete part I of the course to demonstrate initial competency before being employed or used as a nurse aide trainee II. A nurse aide trainee II may provide direct care to residents only under the direct supervision of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse.

(2) Each nurse aide trainee II in an approved 90-hour course shall be issued a nurse aide certificate by the secretary, upon completion of the requirements specified in subsection (a), within four months from the beginning date of the initial course in order to continue employment providing direct care. Nurse aide trainee II status for employment shall be for one four-month period only.

(d) 90-hour nurse aide course.

(1) Each nurse aide course shall be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines established by the department in the “Kansas certified nurse aide curriculum guidelines (90 hours),” including the appendices, dated May 2008, and the “Kansas 90-hour certified nurse aide sponsor and instructor manual,” pages 1 through 20 and the appendices, dated May 2008, which are hereby adopted by reference.

(2) Each nurse aide course shall consist of a combination of didactic and clinical instruction. At least 50 percent of part I and part II of the course curriculum shall be provided as clinical instruction.

(3) Each nurse aide course shall be sponsored by one of the following:

- (A) An adult care home;
- (B) a long-term care unit of a hospital; or
- (C) a postsecondary school under the jurisdiction of the state board of regents.

(4) Clinical instruction shall be conducted in one or a combination of the following locations:

- (A) An adult care home;
- (B) a long-term care unit of a hospital; or
- (C) a simulated laboratory.

(5) An adult care home shall not sponsor or provide clinical instruction for a 90-hour nurse aide course if that adult care home has been subject to any of the sanctions under the medicare certification regulations listed in 42 C.F.R. 483.151(b)(2), as in effect on October 1, 2007.

(e) Correspondence courses. No correspondence course shall be approved as a nurse aide course.

(f) Other offerings. Distance-learning offerings and computer-based educational offerings shall meet the standards specified in subsection (d).

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

NURSE AIDE COURSE INSTRUCTOR

28-39-166. Nurse aide course instructor.

(a) Approval and qualifications.

(1) Each person who intends to be a course instructor shall submit a completed instructor approval application form to the department at least three weeks before offering an initial course and shall receive approval as an instructor before the first day of an initial course.

(2) Each course instructor shall be a registered nurse with a minimum of two years of licensed nursing experience, with at least 1,750 hours of experience in either or a combination of an adult care home or long-term care unit of a hospital. Each course instructor shall have completed a course in teaching adults, shall have completed a professional continuing education offering on supervision or adult education, or shall have experience in teaching adults or supervising nurse aides.

(b) Course instructor and course sponsor responsibilities.

(1) Each course instructor and course sponsor shall be responsible for ensuring that the following requirements are met:

(A) A completed course approval application form shall be submitted to the department at least three weeks before offering a course. Approval shall be obtained from the secretary at the beginning of each course whether the course is being offered initially or after a previous approval. Each change in course location, schedule, or instructor shall require approval by the secretary.

(B) All course objectives shall be accomplished.

(C) Only persons in health professions having the appropriate skills and knowledge shall be selected to conduct any part of the training. Each person shall have at least one year of experience in the subject area in which that person is providing training.

(D) Each person providing a part of the training shall do so only under the direct supervision of the course instructor.

(E) The provision of direct care to residents by a nurse aide trainee II during clinical instruction shall be limited to clinical experiences that are for the purpose of learning nursing skills under the direct supervision of the course instructor.

(F) When providing clinical instruction, the course instructor shall perform no other duties but the direct supervision of the nurse aide trainees.

(G) Each nurse aide trainee in the 90-hour nurse aide course shall demonstrate competency in all skills identified on the part I task checklist before the checklist is signed and dated by the course instructor as evidence of successful completion of part I of the course.

(H) The course shall be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines in the “Kansas certified nurse aide curriculum guidelines (90 hours)” and the “Kansas 90-hour certified nurse aide sponsor and instructor manual,” as adopted in K.A.R. 28-39-165.

(2) Any course instructor or course sponsor who does not meet the requirements of this regulation may be subject to withdrawal of approval to serve as a course instructor or a course sponsor.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

**OUT OF STATE AND ALLIED HEALTH TRAINING
ENDORSEMENT FOR NURSE AIDE**

28-39-167. Out-of-state and allied health training endorsement for nurse aide.

(a) Each person whom the secretary has determined to have successfully completed training or passed a test, or both, that is equivalent to the training or test required by this state may be employed without taking this state's test.

(b) Each person whom the secretary has determined not to be exempt from examination pursuant to subsection (a) but who meets any one of the following requirements shall be deemed to have met the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 if that person passes a state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168:

(1) Each person who has received nurse aide training in another state, is listed on another state's registry as a nurse aide, and is eligible for employment as a nurse aide shall be deemed eligible to take the state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168. Each person whose training in another state is endorsed and who has passed the state test shall be issued a nurse aide certificate.

(2) Each person who meets any of the following criteria shall be deemed eligible to take the state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168:

(A) Has completed training deemed equivalent to the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165;

(B) is currently licensed in Kansas or another state to practice as a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed mental health technician, with a license that has not been suspended or revoked; or

(C) has a license to practice as a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed mental health technician that has expired within the 24-month period before applying for equivalency, but has not been suspended or revoked.

(3) Each person who has received training from an accredited nursing or mental health technician training program within the 24-month period before applying for equivalency and whose training included a basic skills component comprised of personal hygiene, nutrition and feeding, safe transfer and ambulation techniques, normal range of motion and positioning, and a supervised clinical experience in geriatrics shall be deemed eligible to take the state test as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-168.

(c) Each person qualified under subsection (a) shall receive written notification from the department of exemption from the requirement to take this state's test and the fact that the person is eligible for employment.

(d) Each person qualified under subsection (b) shall receive written approval from the department or its designated agent to take the state test. Upon receiving written approval from the department or its designated agent to take the state test, that person may be employed by an adult care home as a nurse aide trainee II to provide direct care under the direct supervision of a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse. Each person employed as a nurse aide trainee II shall be issued a nurse aide certificate by the secretary, upon completion of the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165, within one four-month period starting from the date of approval, in order to continue employment providing direct care.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2); implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

STATE NURSE AIDE TEST

28-39-168. State nurse aide test.

(a) Composition of state nurse aide test. The state test shall be comprised of 100 multiple-choice questions. A score of 75 percent or higher shall constitute a passing score.

(b) State nurse aide test eligibility.

(1) Only persons who have successfully completed an approved 90-hour nurse aide course or completed education or training that has been endorsed or deemed equivalent as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-167 shall be allowed to take the state test.

(2) Each person shall have a maximum of three attempts within 12 months from the beginning date of the course to pass the state test after completing an approved 90-hour course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165.

(3) If the person does not pass the state test within 12 months after the starting date of taking an approved 90-hour course, the person shall retake the entire course.

(4) If a person whose education or training has been endorsed or deemed equivalent as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-167 and the person does not pass the state test on the first attempt, the person shall successfully complete an approved 90-hour nurse aide course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-165 to retake the state test. Each person whose training was endorsed or deemed equivalent, who failed the state test, and who has successfully completed an approved nurse aide course shall be eligible to take the test three times within a year after the beginning date of the course.

(c) Application fee.

(1) Each nurse aide trainee shall pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$20.00 before taking the state test. A nonrefundable application fee shall be required each time the test is scheduled to be taken. Each person who is scheduled to take the state test, but fails to take the state test, shall submit another fee before being scheduled for another opportunity to take the test.

(2) Each course instructor shall collect the application fee for each nurse aide candidate eligible to take the state test and shall submit the fees, class roster, application forms, and accommodation request forms to the department or its designated agent.

(d) Each person who is eligible to take the state test and who has submitted the application fee and application form shall be issued written approval, which shall be proof of eligibility to sit for the test.

(e) Test accommodation.

(1) Any reasonable test accommodation or auxiliary aid to address a disability may be requested by any person who is eligible to take the state test. Each request for reasonable accommodation or auxiliary aid shall be submitted each time a candidate is scheduled to take the test.

(2) Each person requesting a test accommodation shall submit an accommodation request form along with an application form to the instructor. The instructor shall forward these forms to the department or its designated agent at least three weeks before the desired test date. Each instructor shall verify the need for the accommodation by signing the accommodation request form.

(3) Each person whose second language is English shall be allowed to use a bilingual dictionary while taking the state test. Limited English proficiency shall not constitute a disability with regard to accommodations. An extended testing period of up to two additional hours may be offered to persons with limited English proficiency.

(f) This regulation shall not apply to any person who meets the requirement of K.A.R. 28-39-167(a).

(Authorized by K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-925(d)(2) and 39-936; implementing K.S.A. 2008 Supp. 39-936; effective Feb. 28, 1994; amended Dec. 29, 2003; amended June 12, 2009.)

MEDICATION AIDE

28-39-169a. Medication aide.

(a) Each medication aide candidate shall be either a nurse aide who has been issued a certificate by the secretary or a qualified mental retardation professional as defined in 42 C.F.R. 483.430(a), revised October 1, 2010 and hereby adopted by reference, and shall meet the following requirements:

- (1) Has completed a course in medication administration approved by the secretary; and
- (2) has passed a state test as approved by the secretary.

(b) Each person who has met one of the following requirements shall be eligible to enroll in a medication aide course:

- (1) Is a nurse aide who has a Kansas nurse aide certificate and who has been screened and tested for reading comprehension at an eighth-grade level; or
- (2) is a qualified mental retardation professional employed by an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded.

(c) A qualified mental retardation professional who is not a nurse aide, who has completed a course in medication administration as approved by the secretary, and who has passed the state test shall be allowed to administer medications only to residents in an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded.

(d)(1) Each medication aide course shall meet the following requirements:

(A) Consist of a minimum of 75 total hours, which shall include a minimum of 25 hours of clinical instruction;

(B) be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the secretary and follow the content outlined in the “Kansas certified medication aide curriculum” and appendices, dated February 2011, and the “Kansas certified medication aide sponsor and instructor manual,” pages 2 through 21, dated February 2011, which are hereby adopted by reference; and

(C) be sponsored by one of the following:

- (i) A postsecondary school under the jurisdiction of the state board of regents;
- (ii) a state-operated institution for the mentally retarded; or

- (iii) a professional health care association approved by the secretary.
- (2) No correspondence course shall be approved as a medication aide course.
- (3) Distance-learning and computer-based educational offerings shall be required to meet the requirements specified in this subsection.
- (e) Each medication aide course instructor shall meet the following requirements:
 - (1) Each person who intends to be a course instructor shall submit an instructor approval application form to the secretary at least three weeks before offering an initial course and shall be required to receive approval as an instructor before the first day of an initial course.
 - (2) Each instructor shall be a registered nurse with a current Kansas license and two years of clinical experience as a registered nurse. Any Kansas-licensed pharmacist actively working in the pharmacy field may conduct part of the training under the supervision of an approved instructor.
- (f) Each course sponsor and course instructor shall be responsible for ensuring that the following requirements are met:
 - (1) Only persons who meet the qualifications specified in subsection (b) shall be eligible to take the course.
 - (2) Each trainee shall be screened and tested for comprehension of the written English language at an eighth-grade reading level before enrolling in the course.
 - (3) The course shall be prepared and administered in accordance with the guidelines and follow the content in the “Kansas certified medication aide curriculum,” and the “Kansas certified medication aide sponsor and instructor manual,” as adopted in subsection (d).
 - (4) The clinical instruction and skills performance involving the administering of medications shall be under the direct supervision of the course instructor.
 - (5) During the clinical instruction and skills performance, the course instructor shall perform no other duties than the provision of direct supervision to the trainees.
- (g) Any course instructor or course sponsor who does not fulfill the requirements of this regulation may be subject to withdrawal of approval to serve as a course instructor or a course sponsor.
- (h) Any person whose education or training has been deemed equivalent to the medication aide course by an approved sponsor as specified in paragraph (d)(1)(C) may apply to take the state test to become certified as a medication aide. Before requesting a determination of

equivalency for a person's education or training, that person shall be a Kansas-certified nurse aide and shall meet one of the following conditions:

(1) The person is currently credentialed to administer medications in another state. The secretary or the designated agent shall evaluate that state's credentialed training for equivalency in content and skills level to the requirements for certification as a medication aide in Kansas.

(2) The person is currently enrolled in an accredited practical nursing or professional nursing program and has completed a course of study in pharmacology with a grade of C or better.

(3) The person is currently licensed in Kansas or another state, or has been licensed within 24 months from the date of application, as a licensed mental health technician, and there are no pending or current disciplinary actions against the individual's license.

(4) The person has been licensed in Kansas or another state, within 24 months from the date of application, as a licensed practical nurse whose license is inactive or a registered nurse whose license is inactive, and there are no pending or current disciplinary actions against the individual's license.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 75-5625; implementing K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-1124 and K.S.A 65-1,120; effective Dec. 29, 2003; amended October 14, 2011.)

STATE MEDICATION AIDE TEST

28-39-169b. State medication aide test.

(a) The state test shall be administered by the secretary or the designated agent and in accordance with guidelines prescribed by the secretary as outlined in the “certified medication aide test manual” on pages 24 through 31 of the “Kansas certified medication aide sponsor and instructor manual,” dated February 2011. These pages are hereby adopted by reference.

(1) Each person who has completed the medication aide course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a shall have a maximum of two attempts to pass the state test within 12 months after the first day of the course. If the person does not pass the test within this 12-month period, the course shall be retaken. Each time the person successfully completes the course, the person shall have two attempts to pass the state test within 12 months after the first day of the course. The number of times a person may retake the course shall be unlimited.

(2) Each person who is a Kansas-certified nurse aide and whose training has been deemed equivalent to the Kansas medication aide course shall have a maximum of one attempt to pass the test within 12 months after the date the equivalency is approved. If the person does not pass the test within this 12-month period, the person shall be required to take the medication aide course.

(3) There shall be three different forms of the state test. The different forms of the test shall be used on an alternating basis. Each of the three forms shall be comprised of 85 multiple-choice questions. The passing score for each of the three forms of the test shall be 65 or higher.

(4) Only persons who have met the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a(a)(1) and (h) shall be eligible to take the state test.

(5) Each person whose second language is English shall be allowed to use a bilingual dictionary while taking the state test. Limited English proficiency shall not constitute a disability with regard to accommodation. An extended testing period of up to two additional hours may be offered to persons with limited English proficiency.

(b) Each person shall be issued a medication aide certificate by the secretary and shall be listed on a public nurse aide registry upon successful completion of the requirements specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a(a) and (h).

(c) The course instructor shall submit to the secretary a course roster of names, an application form, and a nonrefundable application fee of \$20.00 for each medication aide who has completed the course and passed the state test.

(d) A replacement medication aide certificate for a medication aide whose certification is current shall be issued by the secretary upon the receipt and processing of a certificate replacement form and a nonrefundable fee of \$20.00.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 75-5625; implementing K.S.A. 65-1,120 and 65-1,124 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-1124; effective Dec. 29, 2003; amended October 14, 2011.)

MEDICATION AIDE CONTINUING EDUCATION

28-39-169c. Medication aide continuing education.

(a) Each person who has a certificate of completion for a medication aide training course as specified in K.A.R. 28-39-169a and who wishes to maintain the certificate shall complete, every two years, a program of 10 hours of continuing education approved by the secretary.

(b) The continuing education requirement shall include one or more of the following topics:

- (1) Classes of drugs and new drugs;
- (2) new uses of drugs;
- (3) methods of administering medications;

(4) alternative treatments, including herbal drugs and their potential interaction with traditional drugs;

- (5) safety in the administration of medications; or
- (6) documentation.

(c) Each program of continuing education shall be sponsored by one of the following:

- (1) A postsecondary school under the jurisdiction of the state board of regents;
- (2) an adult care home;
- (3) a long-term care unit of a hospital;
- (4) a state-operated institution for the mentally retarded; or
- (5) a professional health care association approved by the secretary.

(d) Each course instructor shall be a registered nurse with a current Kansas license and two years of clinical experience as a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse. Any Kansas-licensed pharmacist actively working in the pharmacy field may be selected to conduct part of the training under the supervision of the instructor.

(e) Each person who intends to be a course instructor shall submit an instructor approval application form to the secretary at least three weeks before offering an initial course and shall be required to receive approval as an instructor before the first day of an initial course.

(f) Each sponsor and course instructor of continuing education shall be responsible for ensuring that the following requirements are met:

(1) The course shall be prepared and administered as prescribed by regulation and the “Kansas certified medication aide sponsor and instructor manual,” as adopted in K.A.R. 28-39-169a.

(2) A course approval application form shall be submitted to the secretary at least three weeks before offering a course, and course approval shall be required to be received before beginning the course.

(3) A course roster of names, a renewal application form, and a nonrefundable renewal application fee of \$20.00 for each medication aide who has completed the course shall be submitted to the secretary.

(4) If clinical instruction in administering medications is included in the program, each student administering medications shall be under the direct supervision of the registered nurse instructor.

(g) Any sponsor or instructor who does not fulfill the requirements specified in subsections (d), (e), and (f) may be subject to withdrawal of approval to serve as a course instructor or a course sponsor.

(h) College credits or vocational training may be approved by the secretary as substantially equivalent to medication aide continuing education. The instructor or nursing program coordinator shall submit a department-approved form attesting that the course content is substantially equivalent to the topics listed in paragraphs (b)(1) through (6).

(i) Each certified medication aide shall be responsible for notifying the secretary of any change in the aide’s address or name.

(j) No correspondence course shall be approved for a medication aide continuing education course.

(k) Distance-learning educational offerings and computer-based educational offerings shall meet the requirements specified in subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g).

(l) Each medication aide certificate shall be renewed upon the department's receipt from the course instructor of the following:

(1) Verification of the applicant's completion of 10 hours of approved continuing education;

(2) a renewal application form; and

(3) a nonrefundable renewal application fee of \$20.00.

(m) Each medication aide certificate or renewed certificate shall be valid for two years from the date of issue.

(n) Each applicant for renewal of certification shall have completed the required number of hours of documented and approved continuing education during each certification period immediately preceding renewal of the certificate. Approved continuing education hours completed in excess of the requirement shall not be carried over to a subsequent renewal period.

(o) Each medication aide certificate that has been expired for three or fewer years shall be reinstated upon the department's receipt of the following:

(1) Verification of the applicant's completion of 10 hours of approved continuing education. This continuing education shall have been completed within the three-year period following expiration of the certification;

(2) a renewal application form; and

(3) a nonrefundable renewal application fee of \$20.00.

(p) Each lapsed certificate renewed within the three-year period specified in subsection (o) shall be valid for two years from the date of issuance.

(q) Each person whose medication aide certification has been expired for more than three years shall be required to retake the 75-hour medication aide course.

(Authorized by K.S.A. 65-1,121 and 75-5625; implementing K.S.A. 65-1,121 and K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 65-1124; effective Dec. 29, 2003; amended October 14, 2011.)

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